The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

VOL. III. NO. 69. BOMBAY: MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

Date of Sailing About.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
27th March	Salsette	6000	Medina (a)	12500
3rd April	Arabia	8000	....	..
10th "	Salsette (a)	6000	Mongolia (a)	10000
17th "	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	....	..
24th "	Salsette	6000	Malwa (a)	11000
1st May	Persia	8000	....	..

(a) Will not carry passengers from Bombay.

TENDERS leave BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAYS. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders	Ton.	Arrival.	Departure.
Ikoma Maru	B. Fukuya	2987	18th March	28th March
Kanagawa Maru	E. Tazawa	6238	29th March	10th April
Rangoon Maru	H. Nomura	5348	13th April	25th April

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1868.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from November 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S

CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

SPRING SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
City of Paris	9239	20th March	22nd March
City of Cairo	7700	10th April	12th April
City of Calcutta	7636	....	5th May
City of Poona	7474	12th May	....
City of Birmingham	7497	5th June	....

Fares.	1st class Single.	1st class Returns.	2nd class Single	2nd class Returns.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
Londonvia Marseilles	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	695	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	999	..	737

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concession granted to families, Railway Employees, Hospitals Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK.
BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA,
OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital £22,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,099,980
Reserve Fund £1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENCY DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Costomers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

Post Box 151.

Free! *Free!* *Free!*

Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Dass's

HEALTH LITERATURE.

The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—

THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY
30/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels	Tons	Sailing date.	Time.	Routes.
"DWARKA,"	1,695,	Thursday, 25th	March	§C., M.
"LHASA,"	2,184,	Friday	26th March	Direct
"LINGA,"	2,185,	Monday,	29th March	¶ P. B., D. & C. M.

§Cutch Mandvi.

¶ Porebunder, Dwarka, and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 25th March via Cutch Mandvi, calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "BARPETA," 3,283 tons on 25th Mar. calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Charbar Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "CHAKDINA," 3,035 tons, about 1st April calling at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier
Bombay.

22nd March, 1915.

EASTER 1915

AT

CORNAGLIA'S

Chocolate Easter Eggs well decorated and filled with the Choicest Confectionery and Chocolates from Annas 4 to Rs. 8.

Empty Cardboard and Satin Eggs in various colours and hand painted, which can be filled with any kind of Sweets and Chocolates from Annas 4 to Rs. 10. Also a large selection of Easter Novelties.

EASTER PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION

F. CORNAGLIA.

Meadows Street and Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

and

Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams, CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42.

ICO

When buying GHEE or BUTTER, you are not sure what you are paying for in this age of adulteration and frauds. Those, however, who buy our:—

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL have the satisfaction of knowing that they get not only cent per cent. value of their money but more.

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is not a substitute for Ghee or Butter but a substance par excellence suitable for cooking, frying, rendering, baking and salad dressing.

I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is now used by leading families hotels, restaurants and cafes. It is highly spoken of by Surgeon and Mrs. Walness (Miraj) Dr. F. G. H. Anderson, I.C.S., (Collector of Surat), Dr. Patwardhan (Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur), Prof. Dhakmarwala (*Vice* Principal of Bombay Veterinary College) and Dr. Harold Mann.

THE INDIAN COTTON OIL CO. LTD.,

HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED

(Incorporated in England.)

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

One thing is sure.—Kasagra, the ideal tonic laxative, cures constipation. It is mild in action and pleasant to take, but it does the work and produces permanent effects. D 6

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers	Tonnage.	Captain	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Scindia"	5106	Alex. Andrew	28th March 1915
S.S. "Elysia"	6368	J. Kinnaird	9th April 1915
S.S. "Circassia"	6722	C.F. Osborne	R.N.R. 10th May 1915
S.S. "Castalia"	6388	.....	23rd May 1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.	Single Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	...

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor, Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital	Authorised	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital	Issued	Rs. 30,00,000
Capital	Subscribed	Rs. 26,81,500
Capital	Paid Up	Rs. 13,14,272
Reserve	Fund	Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of quotations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd

(SCOTLAND.

B. O C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B O. C. LAMP OILS. B. O C. PITCH.

B. O. C. PETROL B. O. C. CANDLES.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS

B. O. C. GREASES B. O. C WAX.

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street

P. O. Box 2031 *Telephone Nos.* 102 & 1439

ELECTRO-MAGNETISM

or magnetism developed by a current of electricity is of the most common occurrence. The extensive use of electricity at the present time necessitates the accommodation of electrical generators and motors with which we are in daily contact—in the house, office workshop or on Motor Cars and from which radiate waves of magnetism apt to affect any article of steel which may be brought within the magnetic field.

It is well known that an article of steel when brought near the poles of a magnet becomes itself charged with magnetism and although apparata for demagnetising are in use, it has been found that a small amount of residual magnetism is invariably retained.

No more delicate piece of workmanship than the mechanism of a watch can be imagined, and as the steel of which these parts are usually made is particularly susceptible to magnetic influence, watches are frequently rendered useless as reliable timekeepers through the finely balanced parts becoming charged with magnetism and exerting consequently an attracting influence on each other. It has been our experience as watchmakers that a considerable number of watches brought to us for repair have been electro-magnetised and it is with the purpose of obviating the inconvenience caused by magnetised watches that we have introduced our

NON-MAGNETIC WATCH

in which all parts likely to be affected are made of a special palladium alloy.

As a test, we recently placed one of our Non-Magnetic watches on a bi-pole dynamo generating 200 amperes at 80 volts for five hours. The watch was in no way affected and although one month has elapsed since the test was made, the watch has shown a variation of 25 seconds only:

PRICES:

Nickel Silver Crystal Face	Rs. 15-0	Silver Hunting	.. Rs. 28-0
Silver Crystal Face ..	„ 25-0	„ Half Hunting ..	.. „ 30-0

Each watch is supplied in the usual watch case and a written guarantee for 2 years.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, &c.
BOMBAY & POONA.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	„	30,000,000
RESERVE FUND	„	19,600,000

HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Dairen (Dalney)	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fengtien	Tiehling
Hong Kong	(Mukden)	Tientain
Honolulu	Nagasaki	Tokyo
Kobe	Newchwang	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.)	New York	
	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January, to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three percent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secrtary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
82, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid up Capital £562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £562,500
Reserve Fund £465,000

Head Office: Grace Church Street, London E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS.

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah, (Calcutta), Delhi Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur, Kota-Bharu, (Kolantan), Penang, Singapur, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 278, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADAN...
Secretary.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m., and 5 p. m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

D. C. BOTTLEWALA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
46, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 5478.

FREE, FREE.—2-3 feet Calendars for 1915, are sent to any address on receipt of one anna Postage Stamps. Apply to—
THE NATIONAL STORES TRADING CO.,
5784 228/2 Strand Road, Calcutta.

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results 80, Esplanade Road. 832

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connection with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

WANTED.

S. JOHN'S SCHOOL, AGRA—Wanted from July next B.A., L.T., or M.A., in Mathematics. Salary Rupees 75-10-95.—Apply with certificates to PRINCIPAL. 3213

WANTED.—BOOT FACTORY MANAGER, good knowledge of machine work absolutely necessary.
The CHROME LEATHER COMPANY,
Box 100, Madras. 5809

WANTED—For a small family from 1st April. Two rooms with bath-room and a kitchen attached. Locality near about Medows Street. Apply to Box No. 513, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3390

WANTED—SECOND-HAND ONE FULL COTTON PRESS in working order with finishers Engine, and other machinery referring the press. Apply to the down mentioned address.
SETH MISRIMAL MUTHRALALL,
5806 Bankers, Rutlam.

WANTED a GRADUATE with Physics, Chemistry or a B.Sc., for an up-country High School, Board, lodging free to a Parsee. Apply sharp with terms to Box No. 101, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5808

WANTED— CHILDREN'S TRAINED NURSE to take charge of child 18 months old. Previous experience and good references necessary. Reasonable salary—comfortable home. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 210, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5788

WANTED—AGENTS and dealers on good commission and salary for the sale of Electric and Acetyline lamps, novelties, watches, clocks and stationery, etc.
Apply to—
THE MANAGER,
National Stores Trading Co.,
5784 228/2, Strand Road, Calcutta.

WANTED immediately to share temporary charge of Anglo-Indian Girls' Orphanage a capable English lady, Church of England No technical qualifications. Board and lodging and Rs. 50 per mensem with fare to Rangoon. Apply LADY SUPERINTENDENT, Bishop's Home, Rangoon. Send references. 3212

WANTED—Two fully qualified Veterinary Graduates to fill the posts of Overseers of Government Cattle Farms. A previous experience of farm management is essential. Pay Rs. 75-120.
E. W. OLIVER, M.R., C.V.S., F.Z.S., Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department,
United Provinces, Lucknow. 3211

WANTED.—A EUROPEAN LADY as GOVERNESS for 3 little boys. (Trained nurse kept). Lady required to educate and take over entire charge of children, and separate establishment Liberal salary according to qualifications. Good references and experience essential. Must be of cheerful disposition, and fond of children. Only Europeans need apply. Apply to—
THE NAWAB OF SACHIN,
5788 Dumas (Via Surat).

REQUIRED immediately at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, a ...EMAN INSTRUCTOR with general ...shop experience especially in Black... work.
...pay Rs. 200 in Subordinate Educa...vice, free European quarters pro...
...March 31st to—
B. HEATON,
...the Governing Body,
...ing College, Sibpur.
...rch, 1915. 3210

WANTED.

WANTED a TUTOR to coach up children. Apply with details to VELCHAND BANKER, Ambala, Punjab. 5778

WANTED by a young man who is honest Position as COLLECTOR of RENTS, etc. Apply to "A" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3219

SITUATION wanted. Good correspondent, wide office experience, knowledge of typewriting. Apply to Box No. 217, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5820

WANTED.—SHORTHAND TYPIST with knowledge of card indexing. Pay Rs. 75 per mensem. Apply stating speed in each and send copies of testimonials to:—
E. M. DUGGAN.,
B. Sc., A. M. I. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Poona District.
Ex. Engr's. Office,
Poona, 15 March, 1915.
5770

FOR SALE.

MEHTA AUCTIONEER, reputed for profitable sales of landed properties. 5685

FINEST TEA of Emerald Valley (Nilgiris) just unpacked. MANECKJI AND Co., Church Gate St. 5812

FOR SALE—A DAWSON'S BILLIARD TABLE and accessories in good condition. Apply to Box No. 209 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5786

FOR SALE.—FOUR ANCIENT MUZZLE LOADING GUNS. Match and Flint locks. Make good curios. Accept Rs. 100 the lot. Apply to Box No. 218, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5821

FOR SALE.—Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to dispose off their furniture in lot will find it to their advantage to apply to Box No. 2, Advt. Dept., Bombay Chronicle." 5612

FOR SALE—A nice looking Roan C. B. PONY (gelding) about 13 hands, 7½ years, complete with saddle and bridle, very useful for district work. Price Rs. 200 or near offer. Sold for no fault. Apply to Box No. 216, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5818

TO BE LET.

MAHABLESHWAR.—Well furnished and well situated bungalow to let. Apply to ADARJEE & BROS. 5653

TO LET—STALLS for horse and carriage Rs. 12, stall only for horse Rs. 6, stall for Motor Rs. 12, in Goa Street and Frere Road. Apply CARSINATH'S OFFICE Oak Lane, Fort. 5659.

TO LET—Stable accommodation with syces quarters near GRAHAM & Company Apply to J. B. MISTRY, care of Central Bank, Alice Building, Fort, Bombay. 3310

TO LET—From 16th March. A terrace Room with Bathroom E. L. & F. Apply to Box No. 512 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3049

MAHABLESHWAR by First Class Motor Cars from POONA in three hours. Lowest Charges. Apply MODY'S MOTOR MART, Poona. 5691

TO BE LET—On Pedder Road, NAROTAMDAS MANSION, belonging to the estate of the late Sir Hurkisondas Narotamdas, Kt. For Rent etc. apply to NAGINDAS P. MEHTA, 18, Church Gate Street, Fort. 5598

TO BE LET.—An entire bungalow right on the sea on the West side in Middle Colaba, with a large compound and stabling accommodation. Electric lights and fans. For rent and other particulars Apply to:—
E. W. FLOWER, & SON,
House Agents.
Dalal Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458.
5792

TO BE LET.—Several large and small OFFICES in Esplanade Road, Hornby Road, and Hummum Street. For rent and other particulars apply to:—
E. W. FLOWER, & SON.,
House Agents.
Dalal Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458.
5792

TO BE LET.—A FLAT in THOBURN HOUSE, Apollo Bunder, Rs. 120. Two flats in Linden House. Rs. 75 and 85. Apply to:—
E. W. FLOWER, & SON.,
House Agents
Dalal Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458.
5792

TO BE LET.—The GROUND FLOOR of "SCARSDALE" on the Colaba Reclamation, three bed rooms, three bath rooms, drawing and dining room and an office room. Electric lights and fans and tiled flooring. Rent moderate.
Also the first floor south side of "Sea Croft," two bed rooms etec. Rent Rs. 130 Apply to:—
E. W. FLOWER, & SON.,
House Agents.
Dalal Street,
Office Telephone No. 2611.
House Telephone No. 458.
5792

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—Two FURNISHED BUNGALOWS. Ideal situation outside the woods, Lanoulie. For rent and particulars apply to Mrs. BREWIN, 5, Cross Road, Wanourie, Poona. 3310

TO LET.— Single and Double Rooms at extremely reasonable rents airy, commodious and healthy. Good opportunity for those with small incomes. Apply sharp—NOBEL BUILDING, Fort St., opposite Alexandra Dock.

GARAGE.—Splendid Garage for Motors. Separate Space for each Car, absolute safety. system of working thoroughly changed rent Rs. 15, cleaning Rs. 5 per month. Inspection of premises solicited. Apply WELLINGTON MEWS, Wodehouse Road, Bombay. 5788

NOTICES.

COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN FUND, BOMBAY BRANCH

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the COUNTESS of DUFFERIN FUND, Bombay Branch, will be held at the COUNCIL HALL, Secretariat, Bombay, on TUESDAY, 30th March, 1915, at 12-30 noon.
Her Excellency Lady Willingdon, will preside.
JEHANGEER DOSABHOY FRAMJEE,
C. M. RIGBY, Captain, R.A.M.C.,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.
Bombay, 20th March, 1915. 5822

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES of the estate of TARACHAND CHELLARAM have declared a first dividend of annas four (4) in the rupee.
KIMATRAI BHOJRAJ.
For Himself and other trustees.
5814.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881. 5779.

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of March, 1915, sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort the following:—

A consignment of English 18 ct. gold cased jewellery consisting of lockets, brooches, watch charms, bangles, alberts, rings, also a lot of fountain pens, binoculars and compass.

A lot of Japanese flowers vases, flower pots, flower holders, bowls, teapots, jugs porcelain figures, panels, Indian brass vases, candle sticks, bamboo ornaments, Parian figures and similar other decorative articles.

Balance of the consignment of English safes, bent corners, thick door plate, ire and thief resisting sizes 24in., 26in., 28in. and 30in.

Miscellaneous articles consisting of L's bicycles, sewing machines, second-hand safes, etc.

A lot of slightly ullaged Moselle Champagne and Beaun.

SORABJI COWASJI & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 22nd March, 1915.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Auction Sale of very valuable and handsome Household and office furniture, Table ornaments, glassware crockeryware etc.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on SUNDAY, the 28th March, 1915, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at the Janjira Chambers opposite the Hotel Majestic Wodehouse Road, very valuable and handsome household and office furniture comprising of dining table, dining chairs, handsome hall side and corner cabinets, spring cushioned drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, single and double door almiras, dressing chest of drawers, mirror back side-boards, hanging cloths and gown presses, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, reclining sofas long arm easy chairs, drawing room screens, writing and dressing tables, office chairs, dinner waggons, dumo-waiters, meat-safes, clothes,basket, iron and brass bedsteads, carpets, glassware, crockery, table ornaments and cooking utensils etc.

The property of D. A. Fenton Esq., Superintendant Loco Department, G. I. P. Railway.

The above will be on view threedays before sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 22nd March, 1915.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 21, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

SALE POSITIVELY ON THURSDAY, THE 25TH MARCH, AT 4 P.M.

URGENT NOTICE.

Auction Sale of "Saboo Palace" which was to take place on SUNDAY, the 21st March, is further adjourned to THURSDAY, the 25th March, 1915, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) when it will now positively be sold and if on that day the reserved price for the whole lot is not obtained then the bungalow will be sold separately immediately thereafter and the sale of the furniture and moveables will commence on SUNDAY, the 28th March, 1915, and the following days at 2 p.m. (S.T.) each day.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

A very rare and unique opportunity for Princes, Noblemen and Gentlemen who want a very grand and comfortable palace very richly and tastefully decorated and furnished and situated right near the sea with a charming outlook.

By order of the executors of the late Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo Seedick. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the premises on THURSDAY, the 25th March, 1915, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), when it will be positively sold in one lot and altogether the very handsome and unique architectural and ornamental building formerly known as "Miramar" but at present known as "Saboo Palace" situate at Narayen Dabulkar Road or Landsend Road, Malabar Hill, without the Fort of Bombay together with its rich ornamental and rare furniture, billiard table, platedware, pictures, porcelain China and glassware, clocks, carpets, marble and other statues, etc., consisting of: some very fine and handsomely carved mahogany and satinwood cabinets, side boards, dining table, wardrobes, beds, sofas, chairs, all made to especially selected English designs, built by Roberts and Wimbridge and the rest imported from England.

Platedware and cutlery of the very best quality and especially ordered from the well-known makers Messrs. Reid and Barton.

Porcelain ware and ornaments from Doulton's Royal Crown Derby and Co., Coalport. Royal Worcester Mintons, Dresdens and Royal Hungarian.

Best Carara marble, plaster and bronze statues and figures.

English and Indian silver ware and carved ivory pieces. Indian carpets from A. Wyland at Agra made to order; and Axminister stair carpets and rugs of best English makes.

Oil paintings by some well-known painters.

Grandfather and other clocks, imported by Marcks and Co., and others.

Chinese and Japanese furniture inlaid with Mother O'Pearl.

Finest crystal glass and porcelain dinner and dessert services.

The whole of this splendid collection has been carefully selected by a gentleman, who has made it a special study in this particular branch, and cannot be equalled anywhere in India. Should at such sale in one whole lot of the property and furniture, etc., the reserved price which shall be fixed therefor shall not be obtained, then and in that case the bungalow with its lands, gardens, outhouses, and appurtenances and with all the fixtures shall be sold separately and the furniture immediately thereafter on the same day, viz., th 25th day of March, 1915; and the furniture and all other moveables will positively be sold separately on SUNDAY the 28th March, 1915, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), and on the following days.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained from the undersigned or of Messrs. Payne and Co., or of Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the said executors at their office No. 90 and No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, respectively.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT ANDHERI.

Under the instructions of the owners Messrs. Vinayek Dwarkanath, Gajanan Dwarkanath and Ganpatrao Dwarkanath, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises at Andheri on SUNDAY, the 28th day of March, 1915, at 4 p.m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land with the bungalow, outhouses and well, thereon situate at Andheri in the Thana District near the B. B. and C. I. Rly. station, and, fronting on the Andheri Marol Main Road, containing by admeasurement 6,896 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey Nos. 34, 35, 36, 122 and City Survey No. 48 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by the said Andheri-Marole Main Road, on or towards the South by fields belonging to Dorabji Gazder, on or towards the East by a common passage and beyond that by the property of Shapoor Adarji Mistry, and on or towards the West by fields and police quarters and which premises are at present in the occupation and possession of the said owners.

Copies of particulars and conditions of sale can be had on application to the Auctioneers or Messrs. Little and Co., on and after Tuesday next the 23rd instant.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT KARELWADI, WALKESHWAR AND MODIKHANA, FORT.

Suit No. 936 of 1914.
Hooseinbhoy Ahmedbhoy
v/s.
Khan Md. Cassumbhoy and others.

Under instructions from Messrs. Hooseinbhoy Ahmedbhoy and Khan Mahomed Cassambhoy the Receivers appointed in the above suit, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on the days and time mentioned below, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties on the premises.

ON SATURDAY, THE 10TH APRIL, 1915, AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.) ON THE PREMISES.

LOT No. I.

All that piece or parcel of land containing

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & Co., (*Contd.*)

by admeasurement three thousand and thirty-four square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 123 together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under No. 46, 47, 48 & 49. all which premises are situate at and on the North side of Churney Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the property formerly of Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed and now in the hands of the heirs of the said Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed, on or towards the West by the Ateshbheram or Fire temple of Framji Cowasjee, on or towards the North partly by the Burial ground of Sullamanee Bohras and partly by the property formerly of Haji Joosub Balladina and now of the heirs of the said Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed and on or towards the South by the Churney Road aforesaid.

ON MONDAY, THE 12TH APRIL, 1915, AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.). ON THE PREMISES.

LOT No. II.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground now of freehold tenure together with the bungalow, messuage or tenement and outhouses standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 24,600 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 31 and 87, New Nos. 16372 and 759, Old Survey Nos. 5 29 and 30. New Survey Nos. 1/7169 and 2, 7169 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property belonging to the estate of the late Sir Dinshaw Petit, Bart., and partly by the property of Fazal Peroo Mahomed, on or towards the West partly by the Nepean Sea Road and partly by the said Mount Pleasant Road, on or towards the North by the water-course, and on or towards the South by the said Mount Pleasant Road, and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward, No. 3265, Street No. 33, Mount Pleasant Road.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH APRIL, 1914, AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES.

LOT No. III.

All that piece or parcel of Government ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house or premises standing thereon, situate lying and being within the Fort walls of Bombay on the Eastern side of Mody Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 682, New No. 5871, Old Survey No. 1074, New Survey No. 8593 and assessed by the Municipality under A. Ward No. Street No. and containing by admeasurement 208 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Mody Street aforesaid, on or towards the West partly by the house of Parpia Pradhan and partly by the house of Ramji Chatoor, on or towards the North by the house of Ramji Chatoor, and on or towards the South by the house of Moosa Mapla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Receiver or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 22nd March, 1915.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMATOGRAPH
Charni Road.
To-Night.

We have the pleasure of announcing the greatest of all the great Films ever shown by us

A QUEEN'S LOVE

FEATURING

MLLE. ROBINNE AND M. ALEXANDRE

MAGNIFICENT COLOURED DRAMA

IN 3 REELS

TIMES AND PRICES AS USUAL.

AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-NIGHT At 10 P. M. ONLY

"SHERLOCK HOLMES"

on the Cinema.

We have secured the exclusive rights for a series of three well-known Detective stories which have been produced under the personal supervision of Sir A. Conan Doyle. This week:—

"THE REYGATE SQUIRES".

PRODUCTS OF THE KULTUR SCHOOL

Topical Cartoons By Lancelot Speedy showing the developments of

"Big Willie and Little Willie." A scream—and so true to life.

LOVE LUCK AND GASOLINE

A two part comedy—One of the Excelsior specials.

HANSFORD AND READ

Positively and for certain Last Week here.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS

AND

ROYAL MENAGERIE.

LOCATION NEAR CHARNI ROAD STATION.

NEXT MATINEES

SATURDAY 27th. & SUNDAY 28th.

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !

HIGH JUMPING CONTEST

FOR LOCAL HORSES AND PONIES

A Handsome Trophy for the Winner.

The Tent will be available for practice this Evening between 6-30 and 7-30 p.m. in order to accustom the horses to the Lights.

AGAIN TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 P.M.

CONTINUED SUCCESS OF

OUR GREAT PROGRAMME

DON'T MISS IT.

TWO PERFORMANCES ON SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.

One at 4 p.m. and Other at 9-30 p.m.

at 4 p.m. Children Will be admitted Half price to all parts of the Circus.

Booking at the Circus Tent daily from 9 to 12 a.m. and 4 to 6 p.m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Full Box, 6 Seats..	Rs 20
Single Seat Box	„ 4
First Chairs	„ 3
Second Chairs	„ 2
Stalls	„ 1
Gallery (Indians only)	As. 8

Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, Half price to Rs. 2 and Re. 1 Seats only.

Our Menagerie is opened daily for a small charge

W. HARMSTON, Proprietor — R. ALTON & W. SYMONS, Agents.

THE ALEXANDRA GIRLS' INSTITUTION PERFORMANCE.

Under the distinguished Patronage of
Their Excellencies Lord & Lady WILLINGDON
The Pupils of the Alexandra Girls' Institution will give
A GRAND VARIETY PERFORMANCE
In aid of the WOMEN'S BRANCH BOMBAY WAR RELIEF FUND
AT THE

EMPIRE THEATRE

Bastion Road, Fort,
On Friday, the 26th March 1915
at 5-15 p. m. (S. T.)

The Programme will consist of National Anthems of the Allies, a cantata in costumes, Action Songs, Musical Drill, Guzarati Play, Recitations, Garbe, Tableaux

&c. &c.

Plan and Reserved Tickets at Messrs S. ROSE & Co.

Stalls, Reserved Seats at Rs	4 & Rs. 3
Dress Circle do .. .,	3 & Rs. 2
Rest of the House at Re,	1 & 8 annas

No Half Prices.

ELYSIUM SKATING RINK.

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL

Thursday, 25th March
(BANK HOLIDAY)
Morning Session 9 to 11
Friday, 26th March.
The Rink Hall to be used for the
BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES DANCE
There will be no Night Session from 9-30 to 11-30

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. *TO-NIGHT!* Tel. No. 1271.

A Remarkable Detective Feature.

Full of Sensations and Thrills that will hold all Spellbound.

THE CLUE OF THE BROKEN FINGER.

4000 Feet—In Three Parts.

The most thrilling and exciting detective drama imaginable. One that will keep the eyes of the audience rivetted on the screen from start to finish.

NOT A SUCCESSION OF THRILLS,

BUT ONE LONG THRILL.

The mystery is not unravelled till the last few feet appear on the screen.

Our Special War Picture

WITH A SKIRMI HING PARTY IN FLANDERS.

A most sensational picture depicting actual fighting scenes.

3 Shows Nightly—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, 10 to 11-15.

PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY AND SUNDAY—5-30 to 6-45.

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BANKING.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Do Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yloilo

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 1 half yearly.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Bombay	Medan	Manila
Calcutta	(Sumatra)	Cebu
Madras	Singapore	Hoilo
Rangoon	Malacca	Hongkong
Colombo	Kwala-Lumpur	Canton
Karachi	(F.M.S.)	Foochow
Amritsar	Klang (F.M.S.)	Shanghai
Delhi	Seremban (F.M.S.	Tientsin
Penang	Bangkok	Tsingtau
Puket	Batavia	(North China
Taiping F.M.S.)	Sourabaya	Hankow
Ipoh (F.M.S.)	Saigon	Yokohama
	Haiphong	Kobe

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER.
Agent.

Post Box No. 34.

THE IDEAL EASTERN DIARY FOR 1915.

Printed on fine paper in Foolscap, Quarto and Octavo sizes, giving English and corresponding Hindu, Parsi and Mahomedan dates and replete with valuable up-to-date information dealing with a variety of subjects, useful tables ready reckoners, absolutely necessary for every-day reference, on sale at "The BOMBAY STATIONERY MART," Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay."

WANTED.

WANTED—ACTIVE AGENTS for the AMRITSAR NATIONAL INSURANCE (AND BKG.) CO., LD., throughout the island and presidency of Bombay. Good prospects and other emoluments. For particulars apply to the undermentioned:—

Note—The Company's schemes are best to suit the purse and convenience of all class of people. Persons intending to get their lives insured or to make provision for the education and marriage of their children need apply sharp to:—

K. ANANT RAM & BROS.,
Chief Agents,
17-19, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' referee sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved security.

Life and Fire Insurance effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address:—31, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address:—"SURETY." Bombay.

Children make faces when you suggest castor oil or pills. No wonder. So would you. Why not give them Kasagra, the palatable laxative? So good, they'll want more. D 7

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

March 20

Hidalgo	Harbood	Hull Feb. 10
Bahrein	Bonnet	Aden March 11
Linga	Cutbush	Karachi March 18
Ormara	McLean	Bassein March 10

March 21.

Cooeyanna	Shillinghaw	Calcutta, March 9.
Barpeta	Mionett	Busreh " 9.

DEPARTURES.

March 20

Kashgar	Phillips	London

March 21.

Baron Dalmeny	Will	Calcutta
Tenpaisan Maru	Harkoswa	Kobe
Chakdara	Sparrow	Durban
Buyo Maru	Kametaka	Kobe
Steinturm	Wilson	Liverpool

The following vessels entered the Docks for loading :—
Steamer B hrein for Red Sea Parts

The following vessels received their Port clearance Saturday.

Steamer	Kashgar	for	London
"	Baron Dalmeny	for	Calcutta
"	Tenpaisan Maru	for	Kobe
"	Chakdara	for	Durban
"	Buyo Maru	for	Kobe etc.
"	Steinturm	for	Liverpool

S. S. Hidalgo:—The steamer Hidalgo, 2,761 tons, Captain R. H. Harbord, arrived here on Saturday from Hull, which port she left on the 10th ultimo with a general cargo on board.

S.. S.. Bahrein:—The steamer Bahrein 1,402 tons, Captain P. Bounet, arrived here on Saturday from Aden, having left that port on the 11th instant with general goods and passengers on board.

S. S. Linga:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Linga, 951 tons, Captain H. M. Cutbush, arrived here on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Ormara:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Ormara, 2,978 tons, Captain J. McLean, arrived here on Saturday from Bassein, which port she left on the 10th instant, with a cargo of rice and passengers.

S. S. Kashgar:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Kashgar, 5,538 tons, Captain G. Phillips, sailed on Saturday afternoon for London via Aden and intermediate ports, with the English mails a general cargo and a large number of passengers.

S. S. Baron Dalmeny:—The steamer Baron Dalmeny, 2,503 tons, Captain P. Will, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in water ballast.

S. S. Tenpaisan Maru:—The steamer Tenpaisan Maru, 3,558 tons, Captain S. Harkoawa, sailed yesterday for Kobe via Singapore, with a general cargo on board.

S.. S. Buyo Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Buyo Maru, 3,247 tons, Captain Kametaka, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S. S. Steinturm:—The steamer Steinturm, 3,314 tons, Captain J. K. Wilson, sailed yesterday for Liverpool via Port Said, Algiers and Havre with a general cargo.

S. S. Chakdara:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chakdara, 1,581 tons, Captain W. R. Sparrow, sailed yesterday for Porbunder, Durban and other ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. City of Paris:—The steamer City of Paris, 5,919 tons, Captain J. Campbell, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general and the same bottom cargo and a number of passengers on board.

S. S. Olympia:—The Anchor Line steamer Olympia homeward bound arrived at Suez on the 19th instant.

S. S. Elysia:—The Anchor Line steamer Elysia outward bound passed Perim on the afternoon of the 19th instant, and is expected here on the 25th instant.

S. S. Cooeyanna:—The steamer Cooeyanna, 2,496 tons, Captain D. M. Shillinghaw, arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, which port she left on the 9th instant, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Barpeta:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Barpeta, 1,877 tons, Captain H. F. Minnett, arrived here yesterday from Busreh, which port she left on the 9th instant and called at intermediae ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Bombay Maru:—The N. Y.K. steamer Bombay Maru, (Homeward bound) arrived at Hongkong on the 20th instant.

S. S. Saigon Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Saigon Maru left Singapore for Colombo on the 18th instant.

S. S. Assyria:—The steamer Assyria left Suez on the 18th instant.

S. S. City of Marseilles:—The steamer City of Marseilles, left Liverpool for Calcutta on the 19th instant.

PRINCE'S DOCK

Saturday, March 20th, 1915.

B Candia	Paul	P. & O. S. N. Co
D & E Ikoma Maru	Fakuuga	N. Y. Kaisha
M Salsette	Armitage	P. & O. S. N. Co
P. Talyabi	H. Kase	A. M. Jeewanjee

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahaduri	Ahmed	B. S. N. & Co
Courland	Mahomed	
Indravati	Cosman N. F.	

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Dalsai Maru	Pama	T. M. & Co
5 Zayani	Weeks	P. Gulf S. N. Co
7 Hakai Maru	Suzaks	N. Y. Kaisha
8 Humayun	Courtenay	T. M. & Co
10 & 11 Scindia	Andrew	W. & A. G. & Co.
12 Blesmoor	Blaky	M. M. & Co.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Caboto	Pellegrini	Venice S. N. Co
4 Malta	Cockman	P. & O. S. N. Co
Arabia	Palmer	P. & O. Co

HARBOUR WHARF.

20 Hejaz	Gray	T. M. & Co
21 Jeddah	Terriel	T. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baron Fairlie	Macdonald	
Bahrein	Bonnet	
Barpeta	Minnett	B. I. S. & Co
Cooeyanna	Shillinghaw	B. I. S. N. Co
Dumra	Mcintyre	J. M. & Co
Gaika	Harbord	
Hidalgo	McLean	B. I. S. N. Co
Ormara	Wilson	T. M. & Co
Koweit	Cutbush	B. I. S. N. & Co
Linga	Heath	B. I. S. N. & Co
Samsset	Abbot	M. & Co
Ujina		

EXPORTS.

March 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia, (s) 18 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 214 bales wool, F. F. Campbell and Co.; 7,779 cwts. linseed cake, Breul and Co.; 2 cwt. dry white paint, Universal Traffic Company.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia, (s) 132 bundles shooks of empty casks, 33 cwts. old iron hoops, Cutler Palmer and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia, (s) 150 cwts. gum olibanum, 590 cwts. gum arabic, M. Jafferbhoy; 135 cwts. teeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia, (s) 100 bales, 30 casks goat skins, G. J. Mathews and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Scindia, (s) 330 cwts. casein, K. D. Banker.

FOR NAPLES.

Zayani, (s) 200 tons manganese ore, K. Nixon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ikoma Maru, (s) 300 bales cotton, G. Dossa and Co.; 200 bales cotton, J. Finlay and Co.

Tempaisen Maru, (s) 200 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.; 100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

Hokkai Maru, (s) 100 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.; 100 bales cotton, T. Yuasa; 1,000 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.; 400 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, D. D. Currani and Co.; 600 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ikoma Maru, (s) 300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Hokkai Maru, (s) 1,100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Malta, (s) 75 bales cotton yarn, David Sassoon and Co.; 24 cwts. sandalwood logs, Sorabji Nowroji and Co.; 16 cases chutney, Manockji Poonjiaji and Sons; 1 bale country cotton, coloured piece goods, 2 cwts. coriander-seed, A. Rahmitoola; 1 case saffron, 26 cwts. buffalo pickers, 33 cwts. sarsiseed. 1 cwt. variariseed, 1 cwt. dry dates, L. Harjeevan; 1 cwt. sharkfins, Cheungtai.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Malta, (s) 10 cwts. khismiss, H. Abdulally; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.; 800 bales cotton yarn, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Hokkai Maru, (s) 400 bales cotton, T. Yuasa; 640 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Hokkai Maru, (s) 1,120 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Hakkai Maru, (s) 300 bales cotton, T. Nishimatsu and Co.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Bleamoor, from Rangoon, Agents M. M. and Co., 80,229 bags rice, 100 bags millet, 159 bundles shooks, 5 bundles tarpaulins, 12 cases fish maws, 3 cases cigars, 11 pieces ivory, 3 packages empty gas cylinders, 1 bundle carpets.

S. S. Hokkai Maru from Kobe, Agents N. Y. Kaisha, 38 bales and 12 cases cotton goods, 17 cases silk goods, 78 cases silk yarn, 195 cases glass bottles, 157 cases glass globes, 87 cases glass chimneys, 25 cases glass phials, 178 cases canned salmon, 73 cases canned fruits, 205 cases canned goods, 496 cases lubricating oil, 13 cases umbrella materials, 58 cases refined camphor, 7 cases mace, 1,352 bags betelnuts, 600 bags white rice, 300 bags tapioca flour, 125 bags sago, 584 bags sago flour, 750 bags sugar, 50 bags sugarcandy, 500 cases and 10 bundles cassia, 5 cases cassia oil, 20 cases peppermint crystals, 9 cases peppermint oil, 500 casks cement, 50 packages coppersheets 5 packages China roots, 1 case paper, 17 cases and 25 bundles gum benjamine.

S. S. Baron Fairlie from Calcutta, Agents W. and A. Graham and Co., 5,760 tons coal.

S. S. Samoset from San Francisco, Agents Standard Oil Co., of New York, 9,50,000 Imperial gallons refined oil in bulk.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

The Ellerman S. S. "City of Paris," Commander J. Campbell, will sail to-day. The medical inspection of passengers takes place at the Ballard Pitr at 11-45 a.m., sharp. All hand baggage should be sent to the Ballard Pier before 11 a.m. The disinfection of ayahs and native servants takes place also at the Ballard Pier at 8 a.m. sharp on the 22nd instant.

The following is a list of passengers:—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.—Mrs. F. Chambers; Mrs. C. C. D. Peters, Child Inft. and Nurse; Mr. and Mrs. G. Sugdery, Inft. and Nurse; Mr. C. Sarafoglon; Mr. T. N. Thalassinos.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.—Col. G. G. Adams, R.A.M.C.; Mrs. Adolph and Child; Mr. J. Borrett; Mr. R. Beveridge; Miss Barlow; Mrs. R. F. Browster, Child and Nurse; Miss E. Berken; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Burkhill and Inft.; Mrs. A. Berg; Mrs. St. Clan Briscoe; Mrs. A. E. Clutterbuck; Mr. Cunliffe; Mrs. E. B. Cook, Child and Inft.; Rev. and Mrs. H. H. Cox; Mrs. and Miss H. A. Cameron; Col. H. E. Cree, R.A.M.C.; Rev. and Mrs. O. Dinham, and 2 Children; Miss Ellwood; Miss E. Eberhard; Mrs. Ebrington and Inft.; Mrs. Rice Edwards; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Farquharson and Child; Mrs. W. F. O. Faviell, Inft. and Nurse; Mrs. Griffin and Child; Mrs. Graham, Child Inft and Nurse; Mrs. F. J. Graham, Nurse and Inft.; Mr. T. A. Gray; Miss A. Glover; Col. W. L. Gray, R. A. M. C.; Mrs. Gray; Miss Harper; Mrs. J. C. Hathornthwaite and Inft.; Miss E. Hoffman; Col. C. H. Hale, R. A. M. C.; Miss Avery Jones; Miss M. C. Cadman Jones; Mrs. and Miss Jowit and 2 Children; Mr. G. D. Knyvett; Mrs. S. C. Knight, Child and Inft.; Mr. E. F. Lawson; Mrs. C. Lawton and Child; Mrs. Dick Lawder; Rev. and Mrs. H. Martin and 2 Infts.; Mrs. Melville; Lt.-Col. and Mrs. MacLeod; Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Moore; 2 Masters Moore and 2 Misses Moore; Mrs. T. Mosley; Miss Mills; Mrs. J. North and Child; Col. Pocock, R.A.M.C.; Mrs. C. Blois Pooley and Child; Mr. and Mrs. L. Parker, Child, Inft. and Ayah; Mr. & Mrs. J. W. Pringle & Child; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Robinson; Mr. J. Ramwell; Mr. and Mrs. M. Radford; Mr. and Mrs. Sokhey; Miss M. W. Shephard; Mr. Fred. Schelander; Mrs. G. S. K. Showdon; Rev. and Mrs. C. W.. Schelander. 2 Chidren and Inft.; Mr. J. H. Saunders; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Stubbs; Mrs. M. J. Smyth; Col. J. M. F. Shine, R.A.M.C.; Mrs. and Miss Shine; Mrs. St. John Wright; Col. Windle, R.A.M.C.; Miss Stella Wood; Mr. and Mrs. Williams; Dr. and Mrs. H. R. L. Worrall, 2 Children and Inft.; Mrs. Wouterez.

BOMBAY TO LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Brown, Inft. and Nurse (Miss Newble); Miss Bailey; Mrs. G. E. Chanham; Mr. and Mrs. Fallon, and Child; Mrs. H. A. Lomas and Inft.; Mrs. C. F. Fox Male; Rev. and Mrs. N. MacNicol and Inft.; Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Milne; Mrs. H. T. Reilly and Inft.; Dr. (Miss) A. Rankin; Miss R. Williams.

KARACHI TO PORT SAID.—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Murat, Child Inft. and Ayah.

KARACHI TO MARSEILLES.—Mrs. H. J. Barton; Mrs. and Miss L. G. F. Gordon; Mrs. A. C. Campbell and Child; Mr. T. F. Merchant; Rev. A. H. Selwyn.

KARACHI TO LIVERPOOL.—Mrs. Bott and Child; Mr. J. S. Cooper; Rev. Allen Cant; Mr. J. H. Cardew; Mrs. L. Coates and Child; Lt. and Mrs. R. Clark; Mr. W. A. Chapman; Col. and Mrs. C. R. Elliott; Mrs. Finnis, Child and Nurse; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Galloway; Mr. P. J. Gaffney; Mrs. H. K. Hesketh, 2 Children and Nurse; Mrs. Lankester and 2 Children; Mrs. Lear; Mrs. Percy H. Lee; Mrs. A. S. Montgomerry, Inft. & Nurse; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Miller, Child Inft. and Nurse; Mrs. Mutimer; Mrs. M. W. MacGregor; Miss F. E. Moore; Mrs. Powell, 2 Children and Nurse (Miss A. Smith); Mrs. Hannie Ross Mrs. J. C. Shirer, Nurse and Inft; Mrs. F. C H. Strickand and Child; Miss Singh; Mrs. R Saunders and Inft.; Mrs. H. Taylor and 2 Children; Capt.. R. Woodham; Mr. T. Gilbert Walker; Miss O. H. Wyatt, Miss E. H. Wytt; Mrs. M. de P. Webb, Nurse and Child; Mrs. D. M. Woodward, Inft. and Nurse; Mr. A. Williams; Mrs. Yule.

KARACHI TO LONDON VIA MARSEILLES.—Mr. C. H. Ashworth; Mrs. R. C. Abbott, 2 Children, Inft. and Nurse; Mrs. C. P. Egerton; Lt.-Col. and Mrs. Lowis; Mrs. A. Langley, Child and Nurse; Mrs. V. Stow; Lt.-Col. C. Powney Thompson.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 20th March, 1915, was 30.183 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all anerold readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correctign the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Mar. 21.

The weather has been dry over practically the whole country; a shallow depression appeared this morning over West Punjab and cloudy appearance over north-west India.

Forecast:—No rainfall of importance.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 20th March 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Both day and night temperatures are in excess in the south-west Punjab. Day temperature is above normal in the extreme north.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in Sind and clear in Rajputana. Humidity is in defect in lower Sind and normal or in excess elsewhere. Day temperature is in excess in upper Sind and west Rajputana; night temperature is also above normal in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in defect at Veraval but in excess elsewhere in Kathiawar and in north Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature continues in defect in the south-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Day temperature is in excess at Ratnagiri and Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in excess at a few stations.

General Remarks.—No rainfall has occurred in the reporting area in India.

A few thunderstorms are possible in Malabar.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 20th of March, 1915.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. R. A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Nov. to date.	Rainfall. Variation 1st Nov. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	81.9	71.5	83	..	0.40	—3.43
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (18th)	82.4	74.9	82	..	3.17	—0.14
PUNJAB—						
Multan	92.9	67.6	47	..	0.86	—0.60
Rawalpindi	82.7	60.0	66	..	9.67	2.21
Lahore	87.8	59.4	76	..	4.94	1.84
Hissar	89.6	53.6	58	..	3.87	..
Ambala	85.9	56.3	69	..	4.72	—0.45
Delhi	85.4	62.3	69	..	10.53	7.83
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	88.0	63.1	58	..	7.73	6.19
Mainpuri	87.5	61.1	70	..	4.55	2.47
Jhansi	91.0	65.8	38	..	3.32	1.63
Cawnpore	89.6	61.9	50	..	2.98	1.00
Allahabad	88.8	60.5	46	..	4.85	2.25
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	98.7	65.6	64	..	0.91	—0.16
Karachi	82.0	67.9	49	..	1.09	—0.33
Ajmer	89.8	61.4	51	..	3.62	2.34
Jaipore	90.5	62.9	56	..	3.20	1.77
Kotah	93.6	68.0	43	..	5.93	5.07
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	97.8	66.2	40	..	1.34	0.89
Dwarka	93.2	71.0	52	..	1.46	0.78
Veraval	79.9	67.3	64	..	1.25	0.79
Rajkot	100.4	68.1	36	..	0.43	—0.06
Bhavnagar Para	98.4	69.2	56	..	0.18	—0.37
Surat	97.7	68.1	69	..	0.79	0.45
Ahmedabad	101.7	72.1	29	..	0.33	—0.06
Deesa	102.1	65.9	28	..	0.96	0.45
Neemuch	92.6	60.3	37	..	4.33	3.53
Indore	95.1	63.9	38	..	2.18	1.28
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	90.5	60.5	59	..	3.52	1.07
Saugor	90.2	67.2	26	..	3.44	1.28
Hoshangabad	93.1	66.4	36	..	4.89	3.21
Khandwa	98.3	64.7	37	..	3.11	2.09
Akola	98.5	69.1	37	..	4.67	3.73
Amraoti	95.8	72.8	40	..	4.11	3.16
Nagpur	91.0	66.8	56	..	5.48	3.11
Chanda	96.8	64.0	63	..	5.44	3.95
Raipur	92.2	67.6	52	..	2.51	0.53
KONKAN—						
Bombay	87.0	74.4	83	..	1.17	0.59
Ratnagiri	91.5	75.1	64	..	0.54	—0.17
Mormugao	92.5	75.9	76	..	1.58	0.89
Karwar	88.9	74.0	75	..	5.70	3.77
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	102.2	69.1	32	..	4.62	3.75
Ahmednagar	95.3	68.4	22	..	2.81	1.44
Poona	92.2	65.3	54	..	0.65	—0.48
Sholapur	96.8	73.4	41	..	6.67	5.00
Bijapur	95.8	68.4	41	..	5.76	4.34
Belgaum	94.1	65.0	38	..	4.98	2.95
Ahmedabad	96.3	69.7	33	..	4.27	2.99
Nizamabad (Indur)	94.7	74.9	51	..	4.32	2.58
Hyderabad	93.5	71.2	63	..	4.31	2.24
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	91.9	76.2	71	..	3.61	0.22
Calicut	90.8	76.5	85	..	9.34	2.57
Cochin	90.8	77.7	83	..	20.61	10.12
Colombo	92.5	73.4	99	0.09	26.77	—0.31
DRAS (EXCLUDING MALAR AR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	92.7	72.1	79	..	5.66	—1.16
Bellary	100.3	74.1	44	..	4.21	1.79
Cuddapah	98.2	74.3	56	..	0.37	—4.54
Madras	90.4	71.4	86	..	24.94	4.58
Bangalore	90.7	65.9	39	..	3.53	—0.55
Coimbatore	95.0	69.8	73	..	7.52	1.95
Trichinopoly	96.3	73.0	73	..	7.08	—0.69
Negapatam	88.3	79.6	75	..	23.07	—7.31

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	HIGH WATER. Depth on Still. ft. in.	LOW WATER. Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time h. m.	LOW WATER. Depth on Still. ft. in.
	Mar.			Mar.		
S.	20	m 1 17	26 10	20	m 7 24	16 4
		2 1a	26 9		7 35a	19 5
Su.	21	m 1 39	26 2	21	m 7 50	16 10
		2 34a	25 11		8 0a	20 8
M.	22	m 2 2	25 5	22	m 8 18	17 6
		3 13a	25 2		8 29a	21 2
Tu	23	m 2 29	24 8	23	m 8 52	18 2
		4 6a	24 6		9 18a	22 1
W.	24	m 3 8	23 10	24	m 9 47	18 11
		5 28a	24 1			
Th.	25	m 4 31	23 1	25	m 0 42	22 6
		7 25a	24 5		11 28	19 5
F.	26	m 6 37	23 0	26	m 2 15	21 7
		8 40a	25 3		1 31a	18 3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Mar.	Sunrise	Sunset
" 20 (Saturday)	6h. 43m.	6h. 50m
" 21 (Sunday)	6h. 42m.	6h. 50m
" 22 (Monday)	6h. 41m.	6h. 50m
" 23 (Tuesday)	6h. 40m.	6h. 51m
" 24 (Wednesday)	6h. 39m.	6h. 51m
" 25 (Thursday)	6h 39m.	6h. 51m
" 26 (Friday)	6h. 39m.	6h. 51m

PHASES OF THE MOON:—New Moon 1915, March 16th 1h. 12·3m. a.m.; First quarter 24th, 4h. 18.0 a.m.; Last quarter 1915 April 7th, 1h. 4.24m. a.m.; New Moon 14th, 5h. 5.7m. p.m.

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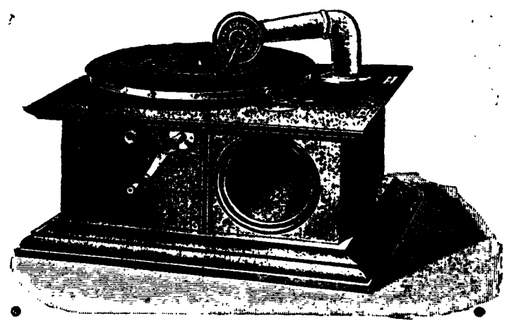

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THE RINK CARNIVAL,
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NORAH MOORE,
The popular Dick Whittington.
LITTLE MONA,
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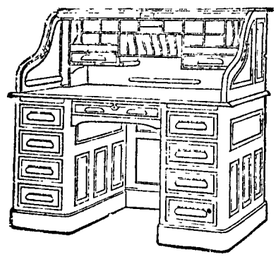
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Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	10,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	2,500
" " Sales of East Indian	300
" " Imports	39,000
Mid. Americans	5.27
Egyptian F.G.F.	7.55
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time) .. .. May	8.86
July	9.14
New York Official noon call .. May	8.87
July	9.15
New Orleans 10 a.m. .. .. May	8.61
July	8.83

"Manchester Steady and inactive."

Prices.

Twist	American	32's	8½d.
"	"	40's	9¼
"	"	60's	12¼
Weft	"	40's	8¼
"	"	52's	9⅛
Twist	Egyptian	60's	13½
Weft	"	80's	13¾

Liverpool, March 20th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	4,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	1,000
" Imports	21,000
Mid Americans	5.25
Egyptian F. G. F.	7.55

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, March 20th.

Estimated Sales..	5,000
Total Imports	21,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
May-June.	5.18	5.17
June-July.	5.23	5.22
July-Aug.	5.29	5.28
Aug.-Sept.	....	....
Sept.-Oct.	....	....
Oct.-Nov.	5.42	5.41
Nov.-Dec.	....	....
Dec.-Jan.	....	....
Jan.-Feb.	5.51	5.50

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, March 19th.

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
May-June.	5.18	5.18
June-July.	5.23	5.23
July-Aug.	5.30	5.29
Aug.-Sept.	....	....
Sept.-Oct.	....	....
Oct.-Nov.	5.45	5.42
Nov. Dec.	....	....
Dec.-Jan.	....	....
Jan.-Feb.	5.54	5.51

Liverpool, March 20th.

Months.	Previous closing price.	To-day's price.
May-June	5.18	5.15
June-July	5.23	5.20
July-Aug.	5.29	5.26
Aug.-Sept.	....	....
Sept.-Oct.	....	....
Oct.-Nov.	5.42	5.40
Nov.-Dec.	....	....
Dec.-Jan.	....	....
Jan.-Feb.	5.51	5.49

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

LIVERPOOL.

	M.J.	J.A.	O.N.	J.F.16
18th March. Close ..	5.18½	5.30	5.46	5.54½
19th March. Open..	5.16	5.28	5.44	5.52½
19th March. Close..	5.18	5.29	5.44	5.54½
	— ½	— 1	— 2	— 3

EGYPTIAN.

	May.	July.	Nov.	Jan.
18th March. Close ..	7.65	7.83	8.22	8 34
19th March. Open ..	..	..	..	..
19th March. Close ..	7 78	7.95	8.33	8.45
	pl. 13	pl 12	pl. 11	pl. 11

NEW YORK.

	May.	July.	Oct.	Jan.
17th March. Close ..	8.92	..	9.54	9.80
18th March. " ..	8.88	9.17	9.48	..
19th March 11 a.m. ..	8.86	..	9.44	9.71
19th March 11 a.m. ..	8.87	9.15	9.46	..

NEW ORLEANS.

	May.	July
17th March Close	8.70	8 91
18th Mch. "	8.66	8.87
19th March. 11 a.m.	..	..
19th March 11 a. m.	8.63	8.85

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London, March 19th.

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	14,000
" Forwarded	97,000
" Imports	168,000
" Stock	1,426,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, March 20th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	12,720,000
American Visible Supply	2,494,000
Other " "	3,462,000
Total Sales	53,000
East Indian Sales	1,100
Total Speculation	12,000
Total Export	3,000
East Indian Stock	63,000
East Indian Forwarded	3,000
East Indian Actual Export	1,500
East Indian Imports	7,000
East Indian Speculation	100
American Afloat	390,000
East Indian Afloat	12,000
Total Afloat	417,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, March 19th

Good Bengal M. G.	3.90
F.G. " "	4.02
Fine " "	4.14
Fine M. G. Bhownuggur.	4.47
Good Oomra M. G.	4.30
F.G. " "	4.42
Fine " "	4.54
Good M. G. Oomra	4.30
Fine M.G. Oomra.	4.54
Good Broach	4.75
F.G. "	4.90
Fine "	4.95

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, March 19.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	45,000
" Exports to Great Britain ..	35,000
Futures at New York May	8.87
Previous closing price	8.88
Futures at New York July	9.15
Previous closing price	9.17
Spot Cotton at New York	8.85
Previous price	8.95
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	8.25
Previous price	8.37
Futures at New Orleans May	8.63
Previous price	8.65
Futures at New Orleans July	8.85
Previous price	8.87
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	7 7/8
Demand Bills	4.79.75
Silver Commercial Bars	50 1/3

	Bales.
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports ..	1,489,000
" " " at Interior Ports ..	1,004,000

New York, March 20th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	45,000
" Exports to Great Britain ..	58,000
Futures at New York May	8.98
Previous closing price	8.87
Futures at New York July	9.27
Previous closing price	9.15
Spot Cotton at New York	9.05
Previous price	8.85
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	8.25
Previous price	8.25
Futures at New Orleans May	8.74
Previous price	8.63
Futures at New Orleans July	8.97
Previous price	8.85
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ..	7⅞
Demand Bills	4.79.35
Silver Commercial Bars	50⅛

MONEY MARKET.

London, March 19th.

Bar Silver Spot	23 13/16
Closing Tone of silver :—Indian buying.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	2¼
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. ..	2 11/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4⅛
" " " " 6 " ..	4⅜
Interest day to day loans	1½
" 7 day market loans	1½
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about	£700,000

The sum of £62,000 has been earmarked for Argentina £900,000 previously earmarked for Egypt has been released.

New York, March 20th.

Bar Silver Spot	23 3/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	2¼
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. ..	2 9/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4⅛
" " " " 6 " ..	4⅜
Interest day to day loans	1½
" 7 day market loans	1½

BY MAIL.

Bombay, March 19th.

On the 24th February, The Bank of England gave notice :—

"£1,000,000 set aside on account of H. M Treasury Currency Notes Redemption account."

EXCHANGE.

London, March 19th.

The Stock Exchange revised fixed minimum prices to-day as under :—

Consols 2½%	66½
Indian Stock 3½%	80¾
" " 3 %	69¼
" " 2½%	57

Reduction in other home and colonial funds ranges from one to four per cent.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, March 19th.

WHEAT.

White Delhi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. May-June. No sellers	58/9
Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. May-June. No sellers	58/6
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. Nominal. No sellers.	

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. Buyers	62/6
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. nominal	

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian Nominal.

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship sellers	55
Calcutta Linseed April-May paid	53/9

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) May-June sellers	50/3

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) March; Hull	£7-16-3

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£67
Copper Braziers	£83½
Yellow Metal	8¾
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool	14/5 to 14/10

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal nominally.	30
Selected Copper	74½

SUGAR.

Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta and Bombay spot	22/3 to 22/9

According to quality duty paid—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, June	15/7½
July-September	14/7½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay & Karachi, June	15/9
July-September	14/9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta, June	17/9
July-September	16/7½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, June	17/10½
July-September	16/9

Tone Firm.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber	2/5
Ceylon Rubber	2/3

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Mar. 20.

As interest at present is mainly confined to the Broach settlement on the 25th, the market it not at all susceptible to any outside influences. Rates remain steady and in spite of the fluctuations which are in evidence in Americans, there is very little variation in the prices quoted locally.

A small enquiry exists for ready cotton, while further transactions are reported in Broach by Japanese houses for April and May, but in other descriptions business is practically at a standstill.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

ARRIVALS.

19th March 1915.

	Bales.
Khandeish	771
Central India	2,185
Barsi & Nagpur	1,067
Berar	2,310
Central Provinces	538
Dhollera	937
Broach	4,822
Compta & Dharwar	844
Westerns	277
Bengal & N. W. Provinces	1,996
Rajputana	1,103
Sind	409
Total....	17,289
Total for 1 day	17,289
" to date since 1st Sept. 1914..	1,315,642
" same time last season.....	2,235,097

ARRIVALS OF COTTON PRODUCE AND PRINCIPAL FOOD GRAINS IN BOMBAY.

	2 Day's Total.	1 day.	Since 1st Jan. 1915	Same period last year
	Bls.	Bls.	Bls.	Bls
Cotton	17,289 Cwts.	17,289 Cwts.	1,076,016 Cwts.	1344,616 Cwts.
Wheat	2,850	2,850	523,705	573,377
Linseed	6,398	6,398	124,836	499,082
Rape, Eal, Mustard Seeds	1,640	1,640	78,409	105,822
Gingellyseed	771	771	178,862	712,322
Poppyseed	591	591	1,618	4,415
Groundnuts	5,593	5,593	316,354	556,599
Castorseed	5,030	5,030	294,607	502,717
Rice	25,845	25,845	1185,284	1170,333
Myrabollams	3,818	3,818	165,853	243,192
Cottonseed	1,048	1,048	882,991	1950,305
Mowraseed	107	107	13,342	9,306
Gram	1,535	1,535	82,751	135,442
Jowari	11,566	11,566	387,484	415,744
Barley	..	..	7,147	11,530
Maize	163	163	2,351	475

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates :—
T. T. Ready ..... 1s. 3 15-16d.
D. D. Mail ..... 1s. 3 31-32d.
T. T. Forward ..... 1s. 3 31-32d. April.
Banks' Buying Rates :—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready ... 1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do. Forward ..... 1s. 4 7-32d. May.
Do. 4 m-s. do. ..... 1s. 4¼d.
Francs 3 m-s. do. ..... 172½ nominal.
60 d-s. Hongkong ..... 133½.
Do. Shanghai ..... 170½.
60 d-s. Yokohama ..... 148.

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, March 20.

The Cotton Mill Share Market presented a firm tone at the opening but later on at the close a slight depression in the quotations was noticed and as the April settlement is drawing nigh a check in the upward course of prices is probable.

In Mill shares Davids opened at Rs. 535 but closed at Rs. 532½.

Fazulbhai improved to Rs. 402½ but at the close declined to Rs. 396½.

Standards declined to Rs. 902½ and Madhavji to Rs. 1,095.

Centrals were quoted at Rs. 1,760, Swadeshi at Rs. 1,410, Colabas at Rs. 1,357½ and New City of Bombay Mill shares to Rs. 1,110.

Luxmi Cotton moved up to Rs. 1,245.

Vishnu Cotton Preference shares were in demand at Rs. 660.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares stood steady at Rs. 91 and Deferred at Rs. 172.

Bombay Electric Tram Ordinary shares kept firm at Rs. 209 and Preference at Rs. 171.

Bombay Burma Trading shares were firm at Rs. 852½.

Bombay Steam Navigation Ordinary shares were in demand at Rs. 181½.

Mandra Bhon. Ry. shares were placed at Rs. 50-8, Sialkot at Rs. 28, Upper Sind Light Ry. shares at Rs. 118 and Central Provinces at Rs. 116½.

There was no doing reported in Press shares.

Oriental Life Insurance Company shares were placed at Rs. 625.

Bank of Bombay shares changed hands at Rs. 1,575, Bank of India at Rs. 55 and Eastern Bank shares (Old Issue) at Rs. 63½.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

3½ per cent. G. P. Notes stood unchanged at Rs. 92.

4 per cent. City Improvement Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 96¼.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.
White Pessi 85 per cent. ... Rs. 6-10, R. D. per cwt.
White Delhi ..... Rs. 6-5, R. D. per cwt.
Red Hard 50 per cent. ..... Rs. 6-6, R. D. per cwt.
Yellow Hard 50 per cent. ..... Rs. 6-14, R. D. per cwt.
Linseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 6-8, B. T. per cwt.
Rapeseed.
Brown Cawnpore ..... Rs. 6-6, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Etawah ..... Rs. 6-8, R. D. per cwt.
Brown Katni ..... Rs. 7, B. T. per cwt.
Yellow Gujerat ..... Rs. 6-11, B. T. per cwt.
Poppyseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 7-8, B. T. per cwt.
Groundnuts.
Sholapur ..... Rs. 28-8, B. T. per candy.
Madras ..... Rs. 29-8, B. T. per candy.
Mowraseed. Tone quiet.
Rs. 4-2, B. T. per cwt.
Castorseed.
Ready ..... Rs. 5-10, R. D. per cwt.
Forward ..... Rs. 5-9, R. D. per cwt.
Cottonseed.
Rs. 2-12, R. D. per cwt.
Teelseed.
Bold White 85 per cent. ..... Rs. 41, B. T. per candy.
White sm. gr. 15 per cent. ..... Rs. 40, B. T. per candy.
Black Katni ..... Rs. 37-8, B. T. per candy.
Mughi ..... Rs. 40-8, B. T. per candy.
Yellow Hingunghat Kathiawar... Rs. 42-8, B.T. per candy.
Red Jubbulpore ..... Rs. 38-8, B. T. per candy.

THE CHARTERED BANK.

The local branch of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, have received a telegram from their London Office intimating that at the approaching annual general meeting of shareholders, the Directors will recommend, after paying a bonus of 10 per cent. on the salaries of the staff, that a dividend be declared for the past half-year at the rate of 16 per cen. per annum, free of income tax, that £25,000 be carried forward. In addition £150,000 meet contingencies.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 19.

The Calcutta Share Market on Friday ruled dull and inactive, the improvement in jute mill shares which was a feature of yesterday's market not having been maintained, the lower prices, being in many instances accepted by the sellers. Coal shares were quiet and unchanged attracting little or no attention. Tea shares ruled fully steady and proved as difficult to secure as ever. The following were among the reported :—

Tea :—Central Cachar 94, Rajabarris 89.

Miscellaneous :—Anglo-Oriental Steam 4-2, Arrah Sasaram Light Railway 99, Bowreah B (pref) 79, S. L., Dalbhoom Gold 19-12, Dunbar Cotton (debs) 72-12, Great Eastern Hotel 138.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted Rs. 92.

CALCUTTA, March 20.

The Calcutta Share Market was quiet today, an extensive business for a Saturday, took place to-day. Jute mills prices stood at yesterday evening's closing quotations without moving upwards or in the contrary direction. There was next to nothing doing in coal shares which ruled extremely quiet and dull. Tea shares were again in strong demand.

Government paper, three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 92 to 92/2.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Mar. 19.

Pending Government's decision regarding the new crop there is no enquiry for tonnage.

In the absence of wheat there is not sufficient other cargo offering to attract steamers to the port and all exports (cotton especially) are consequently restricted. There are no berths bookings or charters to report.

FALL IN WHEAT PRICES.

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA FALLS CONTINUOUS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 20.

It was shown in a recent Note that wheat prices in India had risen steadily from the declaration of war until the 15th of February. A definite and it may be hoped permanent fall has since commenced which seems to be in sympathy with the more cheerful wheat prospects throughout the world. Reports received by the Director of Statistics to the Government of India show that between the 15th of February and the 11th of March current this fall amounted to no less than twenty-one per cent. in Calcutta, twelve per cent. in Karachi, and ten per cent. in Bombay. It seems that in the case of Karachi the price of wheat went on rising untill the 28th of February when the rate was Rs. 6-4-4. This fell to Rs. 5-9-4 on 4th March and to Rs. 5-6-4 on 11th March. In Calcutta and Bombay the fall has been continuous since 15th February.

DUTY ON PUNJAB OPIUM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, March 20.

A Commerce and Industry Department notification states that duty at the rate of Rs. 7 per seer will be levied upon all opium, except poppy seeds, produced in any State subject to the political control of the Punjab Government and imported into the Punjab.

Zymole Trokeys are just the thing for hoarsenses. They clear the throat and soothe the irritated membrane. Absolutely harmless. 180—2

LACTOMALTINE
The "par-excellence" of all food products, consisting of the richest cream and milk in a concentrated form combined with the finest extract of malt.
LACTOMALTINE
is an Ideal Flesh-former, surpassing all preparations of Cod Liver Oil in that it is not only more palatable and eagerly taken, but more nutritious and strengthening.
LACTOMALTINE
is not only a perfect food in itself but acts as a digestive of other foods. It is taken in all ages and at all seasons of the year. Of all Chemists, and at
MADON SONS & Co.,
(THE ORIGINAL MADON'S)
Crawford Market, Bombay.
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Why?
—Overheat the body and burden the digestion with wines and 'cups' when Horlick's is equally palatable and far more beneficial.
—You will like this clean, satisfying drink because it is 'quite different' from all others, gives no trouble to make, and is wonderfully re-vivifying.
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By appointment to H. H. THE MAHARAJA

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SERVICES OF A RESIDENT OPHTHALMIC SURGEON FREE.
PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST
Has 25 Years' Practical Experience in sight-testing retinoscopically, and holds Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia; Sir J. L. Jenkins Chief Justice of Bengal; The Hon'ble Justices of the High Court; Members of the Legal and Medical Profession, and other high ersonages (ones of which we append below.) :—
Gowalia Tank Road.
Bombay, 17th November, 1905.
Mr. Phirose M. Dastoor has on various occasions, examined my eyes with the Ophthalmoscope, and supplied me with glasses for the correction of mixed astigmatism; they suit me so well that I find great comfort in using them, and I have much pleasure in testifying to his skill and ability.
(Sd.) E. PETERS, M.B.,
Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.
Prices : Extremely Moderate,
Pocket Manual "The Human Eye and its Scientific Correction."
FREE ON APPLICATI

WE WANT MONEY
YOU WANT GOODS
LET US TRADE !
We are expecting a big consignment of goods in a week or two, and want money. Therefore we are making great sacrifices and are selling off EVERYTHING in stock at rock-bottom prices—We have
EVERYTHING TO EAT AND TO WEAR
Other Articles Equally as Cheap !
FOR LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
COME TO US.
PROVISIONS a speciality
PRICES TO SUIT EVERY POCKET !
A. H. JOOSUB & Co.,
No. 12, SITARAM BUILDINGS No. 12.
Near Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

FOR PRINCES & R[illegible] MEN ONLY.
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ROYAL YAKUTI
(ANANG VILAS.)
This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength, and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 48 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PAREZ necessary.
DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Palace of Varieties "Dick Whittington" at 6-30. Edwardes Theatre, Kalbadevi "Koochperwanee" and Varieties at 10 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana Lawn Tennis, Handicap Singles, A and B Classes, commence.
J. N. Petit Institute Annual General Meeting 6 p.m.
Bombay Light Horse Camp, closes.
Dastur M. N. Dhalla's illustrated lantern lecture on "Parsi Civilization in Ancient Persia," Excelsior Theatre, 6-15 p.m.
Aga Khan Hockey Tournament Drawings Bombay Gymkhana, 6-30 p.m.
Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Extraordinary General Meeting, Forbes Buildings, 12-30 p.m.
Professor Geddes' lecture on "Garden City Movements and its Economics," Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23.

Bombay Tract and Book Society, 87th Annual Meeting, Bowen Memorial Hall, Lamington Road, 9 p.m.
Bombay Improvement, Trust Board Meeting.
Prof. Geddes' Lecture on Town-Planning in Indian Cities, Historic and Recent, Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.
Prize Distribution of Madrasa-i-Anjuman-i-Islam at Anjuman Hall, at 5 p.m.
B. V. R. Annual Inspection, Maidan 7 a.m.
Century Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Ordinary General Meeting, Pedder Road, 10-30 a.m.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24.

Prof. Geddes' Lecture on Indian Cities' Congested and Insanitary Quarters, Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.
Bombay Municipal Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.
Bombay Municipal Corporation Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 25.

Benefit Performance of "Sathi ne Buddhi Nathi" by Bombay United Club, in aid of War Relief Fund, Baliwala's Grand Theatre, Falkland Road, 8 p.m.
Dr. Harold H. Mann's lecture on "Bye-paths in Science," Sassoon Mechanics' Institute, 6 p.m.
Ram Navmi, Hindu Holiday.
Professor Geddes' lecture on "Indian Cities (continued). Suburban Expansions," Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26.

Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps Annual Ball, Elysium Skating Rink, Cruickshank Road, 9-30 p.m.
Bombay High Court Sessions, 10-30 a.m.
Alexandra Girls' Institution, Performance in aid of the Women's Branch of the War Fund, Empire Theatre, 5-15 p.m.
Professor Geddes' lecture on "Problem of Bombay" Town Hall, 6-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties 6-30 and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15 and 10 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-30, 8-45, and 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road 7,8-45, and 10-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Skating Rink, 8 to 9, 9-30 to 10-30 a.m., and 6 to 8, 9-30 to 11-30 p.m.
Paladium, Kalbadevi, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Harmston's Circus near Charni Road Station, 9-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

ANTHONY—On 13th March, at Ranchi, the wife of A. C. Anthony, Indian Finance Dept., of a son.
BELL—On Tuesday, the 16th March, at 34, McLeod St., Calcutta, to Mr. & Mrs. John Bell, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

MONK—DE BURGH—On the 9th February, 1915, at Holy Trinity, Lyonsdown, New Barnet, by the Rev. C. E. C. Lefroy (uncle of the bride), George Lewin (Colonial Service, Nigeria), eldest son of Hugh L. Monk (late of Government of India Rlys.), Marling Place, Wadhurst and Mrs. Monk, to Fanny third daughter of Henry A. de Burgh, of Cowalla, Moore River.

DEATHS.

GIFFORD—On the 8th March 1915, at Woolwich, after a short illness. Hugh Gerald, the dearly loved son of Lily Gifford. (By wire.)
GILL—On the 13th March, 1915, Clifford Girdlestone Gill, younger son of the late F. N. G Gill drowned while bathing in the main casnal, Nidadavolu, aged 27.
MACKENZIE—On the 3rd March, 1915, killed in action in Mesopotamia. Captain Frederic Obre MacKenzie, 7th D. C. O. Rajputs, son of Colonel W. J. MacKenzie, late Royal Engineers, and Mrs. MacKenzie, of Kuldunnah, Camberley, Surrey.
HAMILTON—At the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, on the 16th March, 1915, Walter Knight Drummond Hamilton, Circle Inspector Calcutta Police, aged 50 years two months and 17 days. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing widow and children and a large circle of relatives and friends. R. I. P.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding

Mar. 22.

Annual inspection by General Officer Commanding, Bombay Brigade.—The Adult and Cadet Battalions will parade as strong as possible at B. V. R. Head-quarters at 7 a.m., on Tuesday March 23rd for inspection by General Officer Commanding, Bombay Brigade. Reservists and A2 (Port Trust) Company will parade on Maidan in front of Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a.m. All ranks including Reservists, who are not on leave, are required by Regulations to be present, or to furnish a medical certificate. Leave will only be granted for good cause shown. Dress.—Drill Order with helmets. Arms and accoutrements will be returned to Head-quarter armoury after this parade. Special care must be taken that all oil bottles, and pull throughs are returned with Rifles. Any deficiencies will be charged for.

Mobilization Guards.—The Officer Commanding "B" Company will detail 2 N.-C. Officers and 6 men to parade daily at Head-quarters at 6-15 p.m., on and from 17th instant. Dress Drill Order with helmets, Haversacks and Water-bottles.

Next for duty.—"C" Company commencing Wednesday night, March 24th. On and from the 24th instant 3-N.-C. Officers and 9 men will be detailed to parade daily at Head-quarters at 6-15 p.m.

Cadets Competition.—The Annual Competition for the prizes offered for the best turned out and best drilled squad of 8 Cadets under a cadet N.-C. Officer from any one Company will be held at Head-quarters at 7-30 a.m. on Thursday, March 25. For conditions of competition see B. V. R. 37th Annual Report, page 20.

Promotions. The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions with effect from this date:—

No. 8299 Vol. C. Jeffery, A 2 Coy. to be Colour Sergeant.
No. 5529 L/Sergt. C. Lee Smith "E" Coy. Promoted Sergeant.
No. 8144 L/Sergt. E.Behr, "B" Coy. Promoted Sergeant.
No. 6450 Corpl. T. M. Murray, "F" Coy. Promoted Sergeant.
No. 6632 Corpl. A. M. Reith, "G" Coy. Promoted Sergeant.
No. 6256 Corpl. V. Windsor, "F" Coy. Promoted Sergeant.

(Signed) C. N. Moberly, Captain, Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

NOTICE.

The Corps Annual Ball will be held in the Elysium Skating Rink, Cruckshank Road at 9-30 p.m., (S.T.), Friday March 26th. Members of the B. V. R. will be admitted free, and will be entitled to receive free one invitation for a friend. Further invitations can only be obtained on payment of Rupee one each. Applications to be made to the Sergt.-Major at Head-Quarters after the 18th instant. Dress Officers.—Mess Dress, White..

N. C. Officers and Volunteers.—Mess Dress, Uniform with Caps, or Mufti (evening dress).

STRING BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry., Volunteers will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh. B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m., to-morrow.

BAND AT CHOWPATTY.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. C. B. Baldock and officers the Band of the 108th Infantry will play to-morrow at the Chowpatty Band Stand the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. E. Colonna, Band Master 108th Infantry, commencing at 6 p.m., (S.T.)

March	Willington	W. Zehle.
Overture	Peet and Peasant	Suppé.
Valse	At Baeis	Arditi.
Selection	The Goudoliers	Sullevans.
Kashmiri Love Story	On Jhelum River	Linden
Cha: Piece	The Mill in the Black Forest	Ebnbery.
Selection	Les Choches de Corneville	Plauguettes.
Two Step	Sand Mac.	

NOTABLE DEPARTURES.

Viscount Molesworth, Lady Molesworth and the Hon. Irene Molesworth, the Hon. Mr. Justice Coxe and Brigadier-General A. W. Money, left Bombay, on Saturday, for Europe by the P. and O. Company's English Mail steamer Kashgar.

THE AGA KHAN AT BANDRA.

H. H. the Aga Khan on Thursday, presided at the opening ceremony of the new Aga Khani Jamat Khana near the market at Bandra. At the conclusion of the opening ceremony the Aga Khan was, photographed along with the two head-men of the Khoja community, Mukhi Megji, Mulji and Mukhi Mahomed Babul and Messrs. Cassum Sullemar Kamadia and Goolam Hoosein Mahomed.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

During the 24 hours ended at 6 a.m. on Saturday, 4 attacks and 2 deaths from plague and one attack of small-pox were recorded in Bombay. There were no cases of cholera. The plague attacks were reported from Middle a Lower Colaba, Mandvi, Umarkhadi a Mahim. The total number of deaths reported on Friday was 64, as compared with 100 of the corresponding day of 1914 and 105 of 1913. The total number of rats caught was 2,136, out of which 23 were found to be plague-stricken. Dongri and Mandvi each contributed 4 of these, Chukla 3, Umarkhadi, Khara Talao, and Kamatipura 2 each, and Middle and Lower Colaba, Dhobi Talao, Bhuleshwar, Kumbharwada, Khetwadi and 2nd Nagpada one each.

RAO BAHADUR ENTERTAINED.

Mr. Dahyabhai Surajmal Thatti, Chief Accountant, Customs and Salt Departments, Bombay, who was honoured with the title of Rao Bahasdur on New Year's Day, was entertained by his many friends and admirers at a garden-party at Mangaldas Wadi on Saturday evening. About 200 guests, including Mr. H. O. Quin, Commissioner of Customs, and Mr. Whitty, Customs Collector, were present. Mr. Quin in congratulating Rao Bahadur Dahyabhai, spoke about his twenty-five years' loyal service to Government, and said, that Rao Bahadur Dahyabhai had risen from the post of a twelve rupees clerk to the rank of assistant collector by sheer merit. Several other speeches in praise of the Rao Bahadur, were also delivered and the company parted after light refreshments. Khan Bahadur Bhimardiwala gave a similar party in honour of Rao Bahadur Dahyabhai at Uran on Sunday, the 14th instant.

ASCETICS' FATAL QUARREL.

At the morgue, on Saturday morning, the Coroner, Mr. E. T. Lambert, opened an inquiry touching the death of Nathudass Makandass, an ascetic aged about 38, who, it is alleged, was stabbed to death by another ascetic named Neladass.

The deceased it was stated, was living in a house in 8th Kamatipura with about eight ascetics including Neladass. On Wednesday last he lent a rupee to Neladass and on Friday night he pressed the latter for repayment in the presence of the other ascetics. A quarrel ensued between them, and in the course of this, witnesses allege, Neladass stabbed the deceased in the stomach. Others intervened, and information was given to the police, who promptly arrived on the scene, and had the deceased removed to hopital, where he died two hours later, death being due to an incised wound in the abdomen. Neladass was arrested on the spot.

After hearing the evidence, the jury returned a verdict that death was due to haemorrhage following a wound inflicted by Neladass, whose act amounted to an offence under the Penal Code.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Newby charged Shivram Pandurang Samant, a stamp vendor at the General Post Office, with criminal breach of trust in respect of stamps, worth Rs. 458.

On the 9th February, the accused handed in his stamp-box, sealed as usual, after his day's work, and did not turn up on the subsequent days. The box was then opened, and the stamps were found to be short. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE "GOLDEN GANG"

At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, the Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Sub-Inspector Gole charged Succaram Ambaji and Mukund Ambaji with cheating Bapuji Annaji, a dealer in firewood, in respect Rs. 1,500.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused were members of a "golden gang" which had cheated several persons. In April last they told the complainant that a man was anxious to dispose of firewood worth about Rs. 3,000 for half the amount. One of the gang was introduced to the complainant as the owner of the firewood. On these representations the complainant was induced to part with sums of money amounting to Rs. 1,500. The accused then disappeared, but subsequently the complainant read in the newspapers that some persons had been arrested for sharp practices similar to those he had been a victim to, and he went to the police and identified the accused. Three others who had given their names as Sonia, Deoram and Bhagat could not be found.

The Magistrate convicted the accused of cheating in respect of Rs. 200, saying the other amounts had been taken away by the missing men. In view of the fact that the accused were serving out terms of imprisonment imposed in other cases, the Magistrate sentenced them to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED FRAUDS ON BANKS.

EVIDENCE IN THE STAUNTON CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Saturday the Chief Presidency Magistrate resumed the hearing of the case in which Inspector E. E. Morris of the Criminal Investigation Department, charged H. E. Staunton, manager in Bombay of Messrs. B. S. Lloyd and Co., of London, with cheating the Russo-Asiatic Bank in respect of Rs. 12,000 and Rs. 15,000 and the Comptoir Nationale D' Escompte de Paris in respect of Rs. 18,000. Mr. E. Ferrers Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, while Mr. J. K. Tarachand, barrister, defended the accused.

Mr. J. B. Adamson, examined by Mr. Nicholson, said he was manager of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, and held that post in 1914. He knew the accused, whose firm opened business with the Bank about October, 1911. The accused represented Messrs. B. S. Lloyd and Co., then, and he suggested doing business on the usual terms. The arrangement was that the witness had to give the accused an overdraft as credit. The accused drew cheques on that overdraft, and when the shipping documents came the proceeds were credited to his overdraft. Witness bought his draft, and placed the proceeds to his current account. He made enquiries of bankers in London about the financial position of Messrs. B. S. Lloyd and Co., and got a reply which he considered favourable. He wrote to his Home office, and made enquiries in Bombay as well.

TRUST RECEIPT AND QUESTION OF GOODS.

Messrs. Lloyd and Co. gave him a promissory note and signed a trust receipt. These were signed by the accused *per pro* the firm, who were liable for them. The business continued from that date down to July last year regularly on the same terms. Witness had instructions never to allow an overdraft of more than Rs. 50,000. On the 13th July, 1914, the accused made an agreement for an overdraft of Rs. 12,000 and signed a trust receipt for Messrs. Lloyd and Co., and a promissory note. Witness took the promissory note because it was the usual custom and also because if at any time he wanted to call up the overdraft and it was dishonoured, he could at once sue on the promissory note, which was the mode which offered faculties for ready recovery. The total value of 50 tons of ground-nuts and 25 tons of rapeseed was about Rs. 20,000. No ship was named by which these goods were going to be shipped. Witness believed as absolutely true the words in the trust receipt "the goods are now in course of shipment, &c." Besides taking the accused's word for it, witness did not take any steps to assure himself that that was true. The statement was there in the trust receipt, and Messrs. Lloyd and Co., was a firm of undoubted standing. He did not recollect having asked the accused where the goods were, and in giving the overdrafts he trusted to the credit of the firm and the security of the documents. He expected to get the identical goods of shipment but the accused was entitled to pay off the draft in cash instead if he liked. The accused was not entitled to substitute other goods for those mentioned in the receipt. He was not allowed to substitute goods. In fact such questions were never raised. As a matter of fact, the goods were not substituted. If in course of time the accused produced the draft and shipping documents for some other produce, and made an exchange contract for a certain sum of money that bill and documents would be negotiated and the proceeds credited to his account. If his account was then in fund he would be allowed to take back his security for groundnuts. That would be giving the value and not substitution of goods. In such cases the trust receipt would be handed back. It would be equivalent to paying off in cash. The statement produced to show the approximate result of the method of business apart from the accuracy of the figures was correct in showing that there were cases in which other produce was shipped and the value credited to his current account than the goods he had signed in the trust receipts. Witness did not know how many such cases there were. In 1914, it might have happened that an amount might have been overdrawn to the extent of about a thousand or so, over and above the maximum limit. He could allow that at his discretion and on his responsibility.

WHERE WERE THE GOODS?

On the 23rd July, a similar trust receipt was signed by the accused in respect of Rs. 15,000 against 200 tons of cotton seed and a promissory note passed by Messrs. Lloyd and Co., through the accused. But on neither of these occasions did witness remember seeing the accused himself. According to the previous arrangement and practice, such agreements would be carried out by the accused in the ordinary course of business between him and the Bank. No further inquiry was made by witness in respect of documents on the 23rd July, as to whether the goods were in the accused's possession or not, because the trust receipt showed that they were. Messrs. Lloyd and Co., failed about the 1st December, 1914. He had not received any shipping documents in respect of the trust receipts of the 13th and 23rd July. The accused had told him that he had a muccadum but had not given his name. He did not tell where his godown was. Witness did not think he did. He could not say whether the accused told him in whose name the godown was. He always understood that it was in his name. The trust receipt said the accused had absolute possession of goods. The accused did not say at any time what the financial position was between his "muccadum" and himself. So far as he remembered the accused made no reference to it, nor did witness question him about it, because there was no need to do so. The accused told him he was doing business with the Comptoir National. He mentioned this when he opened business with him in 1911. He (the accused once mentioned that at the instance of his London office he had credit opened in his favour in the National Bank or the Mercantile Bank. He never mentioned the Eastern Bank. Witness did not ask him any questions as to whether he was doing business with other banks on produce. He seldom saw him. If he had known that the accused had passed a trust receipt to the Eastern Bank on all produce in his godown in February, he would not have entered into these transactions on the 13th and 23rd July, unless he was satisfied that the goods hypothecated to him were kept in a different godown to this. He did not know how many godowns the accused had. As a banker he (witness) thought the accused deceived him by concealing the fact of his having passed the receipt to the Eastern Bank. Assuming that the accused had no goods in his godown he had deceived him absolutely by signing the trust receipts of the 13th and 23rd July. When shipping documents were brought to him by the accused, he spoke to him probably in the second week of August, after the outbreak of war, and told him that under the exceptional circumstances created by the war, he would not press for the immediate shipment of goods, but he hoped that he would ship them as soon as he could. He then asked him if in the meantime his stuff was all right, and the accused replied in the affirmative. The amount due by Messrs. Lloyd and Co. to the Bank was Rs. 25,918 on the 30th November, the day before the insolvency. The effect of the two trust receipts was the loss of this amount. He gave credit to the firm, relying on the standing of the firm and on the accuracy of the statements of the accused. He relied on the accused's statement as to what the firm had in their possession. On the 30th November he first learnt that the goods were not there, when the accused came to say that his firm had failed. Witness asked if the stuff was all right. The accused shrugged his shoulders, and said it was not all right.

The hearing was adjourned till to-day.

PRINCESS VICTORIA MARY GYMKHANA.

SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

The sixth annual general meeting of the above Gymkhana was held on Wednesday last when a fairly large number of members attended.

Mrs. Boyagis proposed Lady Jehangir to the chair, seconded by Rani Laxmibai Gaekwar.

The Honorary Secretary Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan then read out the Report for the year 1914.

From the Report it appeared that last year 35 new members were elected against 38 resigned and 3 died. The total number of members on the last day of the year was 449. The total income of the year was Rs. 20,814-0-11 (incluing outstandings amounting to Rs. 2,675-12-7) against which the expenditure amounted to Rs. 17,104-15-10 showing the excess of income over expenditure at Rs. 3,709-1-1 which included Rs. 1,899-2-3 calculated for depreciation. The Gymkhana has now in hand Rs. 3,988-4-6 in cash and Government Paper of the face vaue of Rs. 29,900.

Several enjoyable musical entertainments were held during the year. A very successful concert was arranged by Mrs. Millard and Mrs. Street in aid of the Lady Willingdon War and Relief Fund from which the handsome sum of Rs. 1,167 was realised which was handed over to the War Fund The members of the Gymkhana also raised amongst themselves a subscription of Rs. 1,922 which was sent to the same fund.

The same members of the Managing Committee as last year having been relected, Lady Jehangir addressed the meeting. In the course of her speech Laly Jehangir said that this was the sixth year since the Gymkhana had come into exitence and every new year had proved its increasing popularity. Their finances were in a flourishing condition for every year their expenses had been less than their income, leaving a margin which would be utilized for the promotion of the Gymkhana. More and more ladies were taking part in sports which are proving very successful.

One feature of last year's Report was the most laudable way in which the members had volunteered in contributing handsomely towards the War Relief Fund.

Before concluding her remarks Lady Jehangir referred to the untimely death of Mr. Gokhale. Lady Jehangir said:—"I am expressing the sentiments of all present here when I say how much we mourn the death of a good and great man in Mr. Gokhale. He was a patriot in the true sense of the word, and we all mourn his untimely death."

A hearty vote of thanks to the chair brought the proceedings to an end.

CALCUTTA POLICE MURDER TRIAL.

ALL EIGHT ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 20.

All the eight accused arrested in connection with the murder of sub-Inspector Suresh Chunder Mukerjee in Cornwallis Street were produced to-day before Mr. Keays, Southern Division Presidency Magistrate. They were charged with abetment of murder. The principal accused, Chittapriya Roy, who is charged with murder, is still absconding and a proclamation was ordered to be issued for his arrest. The Acting Public Prosecutor on behalf of the Crown withdrew the charges against the present eight accused as he thought the evidence against them was not sufficient. The Magistrate discharged the accused.

THE SINGAPORE RIOT.

TRIAL PROCEEDING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Mar. 21.

At Singapore on Saturday last in the third police court 45 men of the 5th Light Infantry among them a few non-commissioned officers and the rest all sepoys were being tried in connection with the recent trouble on a charge of joining the mutiny by combining to resist and offer violence to their superior officers and on the sighting of H. M. S. ships lying at the mouth of the Johore river they loaded their rifles with intent to fire upon H. M. S. forces. The hearing was proceeding when the mail left.

BOMBAY HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE.

A prize-distrubution gathering of the Bombay Humanitarian League was held yesterday afternoon in the hall of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad presiding.

The Annual Report, which was read at the meeting, showed that the income during the year under report amounted to Rs. 8,466 against an expenditure of Rs. 11,359, the excess having been met from the balance of the previous year. Immense literature was posted to different cities for distribution and a distinct good had been achieved as in several places the population had decided not to slaughter animals in the name of religion. In order to achieve their object to scientifically preach the advantages of vegetarian diet, the Society have organised a scheme to give away scholarships, medals and prizes to students writing the best essays on the subject.

Mrs. Manglagauri Chunilal Setalvad then distributed prizes to the successful students, after which a number of speakers addressed the meeting in English and Guzerati on the subject of vegetarian diet and humanitarian work.

The Chairman, in bringing the proceedings to a close, spoke on the good work done by the Society so far during the four years of its existence and hoped that it would achieve yet better results in the future.

MARATHA SCHOOLS.

A prize distribution of the schools under the control of the Committee of the Crawford Market Maratha Education Fund and Deshushtha Maratha Shikshan Samaj was held yesterday afternoon in the Mulji Jetha Cloth Market hall, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, presiding.

The Report showed that the Samaj was started last year and in order to impart education in the community forty meetings were held and a night school was opened for giving free education to adult members of the community which was at present attended by 60 Marathas, ten of whom were learning English. The members of the Samaj worked as honorary teachers. The Report concluded with an appeal to the more enlightened members of the community to help this noble cause to turn out men of "character" and useful members of society. It also thanked the Commissioner of Police for the deep and abiding interest he had taken in this movement.

The report of the scholarship fund showed that during the year the "paisa" fund amounted to Rs. 3,116. Eleven scholarships were thrown open, of which only five were availed of which absorbed Rs. 162.

Several speakers then dwelt on the n... of helping this Society in order to e... the backward community.

Mr. Edwardes then distributed th... and addressed the gathering. In... he praised the efforts of the ... wished them great success in ...

A vote of thanks to the ... minated the proceedings.

BOMBAY PRIZE DISTRIBUTIONS.

FIRST AID AND HOME NURSING CLASSES.

A prize-giving of the first aid, home nursing and home hygiene classes organised by Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Panthaki, under the auspices of the St. John Ambulance Association, was held yesterday afternoon in the hall of the Elphinstone High School, the Hon. Mr. W. L. Graham presiding.

The Report showed that since the commencement of the ambulance movement, Mr. Panthaki had started seventy such classes, of which about 2,000 people took advantage. During the year under report five more classes were organised. Out of 145 students attending the first aid courses, 100 obtained certificates, while 59 underwent home-nursing courses, 28 getting certificates. Four past students were awarded medallions and thirteen received labels. No fees were charged for instructions given in the classes.

The report of the work done by Mrs. Panthaki among ladies showed that four first aid and three home nursing classes were organised. 113 ladies attended first aid courses of whom 55 obtained certificates. 19 past students were awarded medallions. With a view to help Lady Willingdon's scheme for the Indian women, arrangements were being made to give lectures on midwifery.

Dr. K. S. Patel then read a paper on "First Aid in the Field", in the course of which he gave an idea of the work done by the Field Ambulance, the Red Cross and the St. John's Ambulance societies in the present war both on land and at sea.

Mr. Graham then distributed the prizes. Addressing the gathering he thanked Mr. and Mrs. Dosabhai Panthaki for the excellent work which they were doing and congratulated those to whom medallions and certificates had been awarded, and said:—

In a big city like Bombay with its 980,000 inhabitants there is a great field of work and I sincerely hope that those who gain medallions and certificates will do all in their power to assist in the organisation of further classes, and so work for the common good, and that they themselves will continue to take an active interest in the work of the Association. The success that attends it is chiefly due to the unselfish efforts of individuals.

Here in Bombay we have many sections amongst our community. Europeans, Parsis, Mahomedans, Hindus and Jews.

I have often heard surprise expressed by others outside this Presidency at the wonderful way in which Bombay pulls together and how all communities work together for the common good.

In no branch of public work is this more clearly shown than in the work of St. Johns Ambulance Association every section of which is proud of the work that is being done by each other.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon, who enter so fully into all that pertains to the life and welfare of the Presidency, take as you are aware, the keenest interest in the work of the Association.

In this connection it may perhaps interest you to know that the late Lady Brassey, the mother of her Excellency Lady Willingdon, was one of the pioneers of this movement. With their Excellencies at the head of our Branch of the Association you may be sure that the work will progress.

I may tell you that we have a big scheme for the provision of motor ambulances throughout the city, and had it not been for the great war, in which the Empire is now engaged, the scheme would probably have been put into effect last August.

However, though the scheme has at present been necessarily delayed, you may be sure that it will eventually materialise.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY STARS AT THE EDWARDES THEATRE.

The Gaiety management have now secured a theatre in which to give shows on the nights on which they are barred from appearing in their own theatre. They have made arrangements to occupy the Edwardes Theatre (late La Scala) on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights, and have hit upon the happy idea of giving there an entirely different show to that being done at the Gaiety, so that theatregoers will be able to see the clever little company of Gaiety Stars in two separate and distinct entertainments each week.

A start was made with the new arrangement at the Edwardes Theatre on Saturday night, and quite a large audience drove out to Kalbadevi to "assist." A very interesting War Gazette was shown, as well as local animated pictures, and Miss Nora Moore, Miss May Sherrard, Little Mona and Mr. Lew Marks each provided variety turns, which were greatly appreciated.

The two-part revue by Mr. Lew Marks and Miss May Sherrard, "Koochperwanee," was revived, and was played to the accompaniment of much laughter. The two artistes kept things going merrily for nearly an hour, and one wonders afresh how they do it.

The programme will be repeated at 10 o'clock to-night at the Edwardes Theatre, while at 6.30 the pantomime "Dick Whittington" will be done at the Gaiety.

A new musical comedy with "A German Spy" is now in course of preparation, and will be staged probably next Thursday night. Mr. Marks states that the show will be found as up-to-date as its title.

THE EXCELSIOR.

Handsford and Read are concluding their engagement at the Excelsior this week, and it is remarkable how fresh and entertaining their bright little programme seems, in view of the fact that this is their fourth week at this theatre. Handsford is giving more of the marionette business, and has some entirely new songs, and there is a very amusing little sketch which if unambitious is certainly very entertaining.

The cinema programme is excellent. A commencement is being made with a Sherlock Homes series of mysteries, and the first of them to be chosen is "The Reygate Squires." The acting is good and the photography beyond reproach.

There are the usual war topical films, and a very clever series of cartoons by Lancelot Speedy which show the development of the "Half-Crown Prince" as the result of his education in the German Kultur School.

Next Saturday Miss Palotta, and Mr. Edward Nable open at the Excelsior in musical comedy, in company with Miss Violet Frampton and Mr. James McGrath.

CONDER TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The results of the games played on Saturday evening in the Conder Tennis Tournament on the Y. M. C. A. courts are as follows:—

H. P. Kapadia and M. P. Cama beat D. D. Umrigar and M. H. Mehta, 9—7, 2—6, 6—2.

H. L. Simms and M. F. Nicholson beat Briscoe and E. Harwood—8—6, 14—12.

The following games are down for decision this evening:—

H. C. Catley and R. Oliver v. Bhagwanji Murarji and G. L. Merchant, C. D. Gunther and R. L. Greene v. N. Ferdoonji Naoroji and A. J. Wadia and S. Aziz Ali and D. M. Mehta v. Karve and S. B. Modi.

INDIAN POLICE SERVICE EXAMINATION

ORAL AND LABORATORY TESTS OMITTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA March 20.

It is notified that there will probably be not less than ten vacancies to be filled in the Indian Police Force by competitive examination in England on 29th June next. The only exception made this year in this syllabus is that the oral and laboratory tests will be omitted.

SECOND BURMA CONTINGENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Mar. 20.

A cable has been received announcing the arrival at Liverpool yesterday of the Second Burma Contingent.

RUN OVER BY TRAIN.

At the morgue, yesterday the Coroner Mr. E. T. Lambert held an inquest touching the death of Lalchand Harchand, a grain merchant residing at Matunga.

The evidence showed that on Saturday evening last, the deceased was trying to cross the railway lines near the Matunga station of the G. I. P. Railway. His dhotar got entangled in the wire of the compound fence and he fell on the rails. As he was getting up, a fast train proceeding towards Dadar came up and the buffer of the engine of this train knocked him down. The train was stopped immediately and the body removed from under it and taken to the morgue.

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO MILL AND FACTORY OWNERS, GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANIES.

We beg to notify that we have been appointed Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency of Messrs. H. V. Low & Coy. of Calcutta, and are in a position to offer Steam Coal, Coke and Rubble of various brands and trust we shall receive your valued enquiries.

A trial order is earnestly solicited.

SMITH'S BAGDIGI COAL: This we are in a position to offer at rates to be ascertained on application.

Prompt despatch is also assured.

CORY BROTHERS & Co., Ltd.

Churchgate Street, Bombay.

Bombay, 8th February 1915.

"INDIAN INK."

Published in aid of the

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TABLE OF LEADING CONTENTS.

Leading Articles.	Page.
The Dardanelles	6
The Indian Currency Problem	6
Notes of the Day	6
Foreign News.	
War Telegrams	7
Indian Telegrams ... 5, 7 & 8	
Bombay and Provincial.	
Princess Mary Gymkhana	5
Bombay Prize Distributions	5
Bombay Amusements	5
Bombay City and Suburbs	5
General News.	
Gazette of India	8
The Modern Steam Wagon	9
Water Turbines	9
Graphite for the Boilor	9
Legal News ... 5 & 10	
Sporting News	8
Commercial	4
Shipping	3
The Weather	3
Illustrations	9

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Monday, March 22, 1915.

THE DARDANELLES.

The operations in the Dardanelles began over a month ago and until the day before yesterday not a single casualty of any importance was sustained by the Allied fleets. The most difficult part of their work is to come. But the results already achieved have been remarkable enough, and sufficiently unexpected in the rapidity of their achievement to justify the anticipation that the task will be accomplished, for after all, the casualties suffered are as nothing in comparison with the work which the fleets have accomplished, and regettable as it is to have to record the loss of two of our battleships, which, if not of a modern type were still capable of much useful work in such operations as they were engaged at the time, the power of the Allies for carrying out these operations has not been impaired. It is patent from the provision made for making good casualties of this character that the Admiralty, with characteristic efficiency, knew perfectly well the extent of the effort required and the sacrifices it might entail. The loss of the Bouvet, the Ocean and the Irresistible is the fortune of war, and apart from the regrettable loss of life entailed, the only serious result likely to ensue is that probably the loss of these three vessels were swept clear of mines in the face of a terrible gun-fire and possible hidden dangers beneath the waves. The squadrons were able to announce the demolition of all the forts up to the point between Tchanak Kalessi and Kilid Bahr, where the Narrows are, and the Queen Elizabeth had even succeeded in bombarding Bulair and Nagarah overland. Now comes the news of the destruction of two British and one French battleships, the former by mines and the latter by an explosion on board, the reasons for which are not given and may perhaps never be known owing to the melancholy fact that almost all the gallant crew of the Bouvet are lost. On our side, happily, the crews were saved in spite of a heavy fire and we can only sympathise profoundly with the French nation in the loss it has suffered. But, apart from this, it would be equally foolish and misleading to attach too much importance to the misfortune which has overtaken the Allied fleets. It was not to be supposed for one moment that operations of the importance and extent of those undertaken in Ottoman waters could be brought to a successful issue without considerable loss on our side; and it is obvious that the Admiralty were perfectly cognisant of the fact, for the same telegram, which described the disaster, stated that the Implacable and the Queen were shortly due at the Straits, having been dispatched thither from England to replace such ships as might have been destroyed in the anticipated action which has now taken place. The paucity of our losses is best guaged by contemplating the enormity and importance of the work which the Fleets have accomplished so far in the Dardanelles. In the hands of a great Power, armed with modern cannon and manned by capable artillerists, these Straits ought to be impregnable. Under existing conditions, however, their strength is far from being negligible and the loss of the three battleships in itself bears witness that every force known to modern war has been employed in their defence. The fact borne out in the telegram that the ships were all hit and in some cases to the extent of doing considerable damage, are in themselves eloquent of the efficiency of the enemy's gunnery. But in spite of this the Allied squadron have silenced dozens of batteries, practically seized the Strait for twelve miles, unmined it and landed troops on the Gallipoli peninsular.

These operations are on a scale and waged under conditions unprecedented in history. In 1808 Admiral Duckworth led a British squadron within eight miles of Constantinople, after having run the gauntlet of the forts in the Straits which then possessed the best and most powerful cannon in the world. But the good Admiral, in spite of the fact that he was of the old fire-eating school, could not finally bombard the Ottoman capital because after three weeks patient waiting in the Marmora he did not get the wind he required to carry him further. To-day, conditions are very different and the Straits once negotiated and a hostile fleet within eight miles of it, Constantinople would be entirely at its mercy. Not that it is to be supposed that the Allied fleets have now an easy task in front of them. The most difficult part of their work is to come. But the results already achieved have been remarkable enough, and sufficiently unexpected in the rapidity of their achieved to justify the anticipation that the task will be accomplished, for after all, the casualties suffered are as nothing in comparison with the work which the fleets have accomplished, and regettable as it is to have to record the loss of two of our battleships, which, if not of a modern type were still capable of much useful work in such operations as they were engaged at the time, the power of the Allies for carrying out these operations has not been impaired. It is patent from the provision made for making good casualties of this character that the Admiralty, with characteristic efficiency, knew perfectly well the extent of the effort required and the sacrifices it might entail. The loss of the Bouvet, the Ocean and the Irresistible is the fortune of war, and apart from the regrettable loss of life entailed, the only serious result likely to ensue is that probably the loss of these three vessels of the Turkish arms when the news reaches Constantinople and give the war party, hitherto somewhat discredited, a new lease of life. However, we may still hope that, as the operations proceed and the danger from the British and French fleets in the south and the Russian Fleet in the north grows nearer,—and the movements of the latter are already causing perturbation,—Enver Bey and his party will be forced by popular feeling into the acceptance of the inevitable, and their unfortunate countrymen, whom they have victimised, may be saved by a timely surrender of the capital from worse humiliation and lamentable sacrifices.

THE INDIAN CURRENCY PROBLEM.

We have already entered a protest against the assumption contained in the Address presented recently to Sir James Begbie by some of his friends among the Indian mercantile community that the views contained therein on the Indian currency question are those of the community as a whole. The incident was an unfortunate one because it enabled the recipient of the Address to enlarge on the assumption and enter into a disquisition of a misleading character which makes it essential to controvert him and his admirers on an occasion where one would have preferred that no controversey should arise. But the blame lies on those who took advantage of the occasion to express views on behalf of the Indian mercantile community on a fiscal matter on which opinions are strongly and widely divided. It may be stated at once that the community is not at one with the opinions on currency of the signatories to the Address. Sir James Begbie, is, of course, entitled to entertain his own opinion on the subject. But it is quite another matter when he is encouraged to dogmatise on the assumption that he holds the only accepted view on a question on which the most distinguished experts are divided. There is an orthodox school and the heterodox, and Sir James Begbie belongs to the latter. These are unable to accept the old dogmas and doctrines long held by the economists of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. We may admit that, however sound these may have been, they cannot remain for ever stereotyped while the movement of the last fifty or sixty years have introduced a variety of new factors undreamt of by the economic thinkers of the past five generations. There have been great revolutions in the world of trade and money during the last half-century which were never anticipated before. Nor can it be forgotten that in all the teachings of the Western economists from the days of Adam Smith the economic condition of India has never been considered. All their doctrines were based on the phenomena, which prevailed in Europe and India was *terra incognita*. Not until the days of John Stuart Mill was there the slightest allusion to the monetary and economic conditions prevailing in India. A separate treatise of a comprehensive and scientifically accurate character ought to be written by an independent and unbiassed expert, not only for India and China, but for all the countries of Asia for the last 2,000 years to deduce the influence which that currency, however primitive and rudimentary, had on the trades of the various people in their respective countries and internationally. Just as the great authorities on Free Trade have never taken into consideration Asia, especially India and China, in matters of provincial and international trade, so the experts in economics and currency have been equally oblivious. But now these currency syllogisms need to be considerably modified by taking into consideration these two great countries, which have such a large international trade.

But the problems of Indian currency are only of yesterday. They took birth at the time Sir James Mackay (now Lord Inchcape) first went up and down the country, agitating for the closure of the mints against private silver and for a gold currency in place of silver. People have such short memories that they seem to have forgotten the burning controversies that followed swiftly at the heels of the Mints Closure Act of 1893,—controversies of which we have not seen the end, although two expert committees, one of which was groping in the dark, and a Royal Commission have sat in the short period, of twenty-one years. The Fowler Committee, it is now universally acknowledged, even by the Chamberlain Commission, had no experience and yet it pontifically laid down certain decrees, the fallacies of which were exposed at the time of their promulgation. The Herschell Committee had some experience to go on but of so limited a character that its pronouncements had to be accepted with conservative caution and tried in a tentative manner. The Chamberlain Commission, on the other hand, had before it the experience to which the India currency was subjected during the last twenty years, twenty years of the greatest vicissitudes, twenty years in which new factors, unanticipated before, had arisen, and the war has added a new factor to the problem. It is well perhaps that it is dict has to be given.

Notes of the Day.

Lady Minto and Wounded Indians.

On February 23 the Countess of Minto visited Brighton in order to inspect the hospitals for Indian wounded there. Lady Minto was accompanied by Col. Sir James Dunlop Smith. She was received by Colonel Neil Campbell, C.B., who, with Colonel Macleod, C.I.E., and Colonel Woolbert, conducted her all over the wards in the Pavilion and the Dome. Several of the wounded with whom she talked remembered her as they had served on guard or escorts for the late Earl Minto when he was Viceroy. Lady Minto's inspection of the hospitals was of the most practical character, and she was much impressed with their administration, with the capacity of the medical staff and the nurses, and with their sympathetic treatment of their patients.

The Official Assigneeship.

It is a curious coincidence that, while in Bombay there is a strong agitation for the separation of the offices of Official Assignee and Official Receiver, in Bengal the question is being discussed of an amalgamation of the Official Trusteeship and Administrator-Generalship with the Official Assigneeship. But then in Bengal they are fixed-salary offices. "This proposal," remarks "The Statesman," "doubtless indicates a further advance along the line of economy which began when first the Administrator-General, and then the Official Assignee, were converted into salaried officials. Previously to that reform these functionaries made vast incomes out of commissions drawn from the estates with which they were called upon to deal. The Bombay people appear to be scandalised because their Official Assignee realises a larger monthly income than their Governor, but it is probable that the Administrator-General and Official Assignee in Bengal, in the old days, enjoyed even greater emoluments. This, of course, is undesirable on principle. The work is of a routine although confidential character, and it has not suffered in the least in Bengal since the incumbents have drawn regular salaries, instead of commission. incomes equal to the salaries of two Chief Justices of Bombay."

A Questionable Appointment.

A question asked by the Hon. Rao Bahadur G. K. Sathe in the Legislative Council the other day obtained an official admission of a remarkable appointment which was recently made in the Educational Department. It was announced by Government in reply to Rao Bahadur Sathe's questions that Mr Maneckji Cowasji Patel was appointed to be an assistant in the Educational Department on the 23rd November, 1914, that he is 50 years old, has no University qualifications and has not previously served in the lower grades of the Department. This gentleman may, for all we know, be doing excellent work, but that does not alter the fact that his appointment is against precedent, does an injustice to the members of the service and is altogether undesirable. The bringing in of a stranger, without any qualifications, in this way and placing him on a grade of Rs. 150 per month means that the claims of many persons in the Department, with many years' service behind them, have been overlooked,—as they think, and as most people will agree, quite unjustifiably. The case is the more notable as Government very rarely allows a person above 30 years of age to join Government service. But in this instance all the rules and customs seem to have been violated.

The Blue Cross Fund.

At the Annual Meeting of the Bombay Humanitarian League, yesterday a strong appeal was made on behalf of the Blue Cross Fund which is doing such excellent work in the field for suffering horses in the war. It was pointed out that the work of the Blue Cross Fund is now recogniseed by the British War Office and was warmly taken up by the French authorities from the beginning. Mr. Roy Horniman, the Chairman of the Committee which first organised the undertaking in London, recently returned from a tour of inspection of the base hospitals in France with most gratifying reports of the work of the Blue Cross Service, which has enabled thousands of animals which would otherwise have died in agony on the field or have been slaughtered, to be successfully treated in these hospitals and in a large number of cases sent back to the Army. Thus apart from the humanitarian aspect of the work, it is of great value to the efficiency of the forces in the field. Appeals are made for subscriptions from India. It is not proposed to form any organisation in this country to collect funds at present, but subscriptions, if sent to the Central Bank of India, Bombay, will be

A Weakness in the Imperial Council.

There is much to be said for the complaint made recently by the Hon. Mr. Dadabhoy in the Imperial Council of the growing tendency of official members to refrain from answering the main criticisms brought forward in the debates. The knowledge that an adverse vote is impossible is an insidious danger in this respect. In an assembly where there is a possibility that the official view may be rejected by the non-official vote there is an obvious incentive to the official speakers to leave no argument aside and to answer in the fullest degree the criticisms offered by non-official members. But where the official element have nothing to fear in the Division Lobby this incentive is absent and the results are not helpful to the efficiency of the discussions. Mr. Dadabhoy instances the case of the debate on his proposal to transfer 50 lakhs from the vote for Railways to Education and Sanitation. The question at issue was in Mr. Dadabhoy's words:—"Are we justified in using the taxpayers' money in the further expansion of the railway programme in a year of deficit?" No attempt was made in response to this, either by the Finance Member or the Member for Commerce, specifically to justify the necessity of spending money this year on the lines in question.

The Teaching of Economics.

Mr. Stanley Jevons, the lecturer on Economics in the University of Allahabad, is demanding a reform in the teaching of economics. He asks for such changes in the conduct of examinations and in teaching at Allahabad as he believes to be necessary "before economics can be taught in the manner which will give it its proper and deserved place in our system of education." As now taught Mr. Jevons regards it as one of the weakest of subjects, having but small educational value, "whereas with totally different objects and methods it might have the very greatest educational value and civic importance." Mr. Jevons is very severe on the method of memorizing volumes or portions of volumes for examination purposes. The difficulty at present is, of course, to reconcile the new educative methods of teaching with the demand for the degree which is supposed to have a commercial value. Mr. Jevons urges that this value is becoming more and more superficial and that even a graduate's future depends much more on the habits of work he forms while at the University and the account of himself which he gives during his first seven or eight years after leaving the University than upon his examination record.

POONA SEDITION CASE.

ACCUSED SENT TO JAIL.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Mar. 21.

Mr. Kincaid, Sessions Judge, yesterday sentenced Sitaram Tukaram, Surwe, a Mahratta, and Hari Ramchandra Desai, a Brahmin, to two years' rigorous imprisonment each, for publishing seditious literature.

The accused had just completed six months' rigorous imprisonment for issuing a pamphlet known as "Liberty" pamphlet No. 4 which they printed at a secret press in Poona City and sent out to some school and college libraries.

The jury brought in an unanimous verdict of guilty in the present case and the Judge sentenced them as stated.

Official and Personal.

Lord Willingdon and party left the Viceregal lodge yesterday evening.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Burma laid the foundation stone of the King Edward Memorial rest house at Heho in Yanghwe, Southern Shan States, on Friday morning.

H. H. the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior arrived at Viceregal Lodge on Friday morning as a guest of the Viceroy and left the same night.

Mrs. Shah Din, wife of Justice Shah Din has been elected to preside over the deliberations of the next Muslim Ladies' Conference to be held at Aligarh during the Easter.

Major C. E. Laurd will shortly be posted as Political Agent, Malwa, vice Colonel Macdonald proceeding on leave.

Raja Sir Ranbir K.C.S.I., of Patiala, uncle of his Highness, the Maharaja has accepted the Presidentship of the eight Sikh Educational Conference to be held at Ferozepur on 2nd, 3rd, and 4th April next.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab accompanied by Lady O'Dwyer, the Hon. Mr. Barron, Lieutenant-Colonel Bayley and Mr. Stuart will leave Lahore by special train to-morrow for Gujrat (Punjab) and will leave Gujrat for Rawalpindi on Thursday.

Messrs. Lutyens and Baker, architects of new Delhi, will leave for England by this week's mail steamer.

The services of C. C. Gorbett, Assistant Commissioner, Attock, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department.

The "C. and M. Gazette" understands that the Hon. Major Robertson, Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, is proceeding on eight months' leave

THE NEW SPIRIT IN NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.

EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE DISCUSSES GENERAL BACKWARDNESS.

(Associated Press.)

SECUNDERABAD, Mar. 20.

The first educational conference of Hyderabad, which has just concluded its sittings, is considered to be a unique event in the history of Hyderabad. It was well attended by educationists from all parts of the Nizam's Dominions and was presided over by Mr. M. A. Hyderi, who, in his presidential address, pointed out in plain terms that Hyderabad intended no longer to remain behind the educational standard which other states could boast of. It was a surprise to the audience to hear from the President quoting actual statistics showing that the average number of people in Hyderabad who could merely read and write was only 2.8 per cent. The backwardness was attributed to the scarcity of towns in the Dominions, unpopularity of the primary schools and other causes, but the greatest cause was the lack of energy and co-operation. It was painful, the president said, to remind them that literate women in the Dominions only numbered four per thousand of the population. He also emphasised the necessity of teaching all subjects up to a certain standard in Urdu and referred to the fine arts of Hyderabad which were dwindling through sheer neglect.

Several speeches by well known educationists were made and a number of resolutions were passed, having for their object a total reform of the educational system now in vogue, in order to bring the Nizam's Dominions on a level with the neighbouring states. It was agreed to request the Nizam's Government to appoint commissions to enquire into the problem of female education, the causes of so many students going outside Hyderabad for training and the urgent necessity of bringing out Urdu translations of literary and scientific works.

REBELLION IN TACHIENLU.

PEACE PROPOSALS REJECTED.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 20.

Traders who have arrived in India from Tibet state that the peace proposals recently made by the Szechuan Government have been rejected by the Lhasa authorities and hostilities have recommenced, the Tibetians losing rather heavily in the opening engagements. Reinforcements are being sent to the province of Kham and recruiting is proceeding briskly in the provinces of Lhasa and Gyantse where disturbances recently arose among the Chinese forces near Tachienlu. The rebels were helped by the Tibetians.

FREE PASSAGE FOR FAMILIES OF BRITISH SOLDIERS.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Mar. 20.

It has been decided that families of British soldiers sent overseas with the expeditionary forces are entitled to a free passage to the United Kingdom or the colonies. The restriction in previous orders confirming the concession to families not domiciled in India has been removed.

HAIL-STORM AT CALCUTTA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 20.

A short but unusually severe hail-storm in Calcutta last night did superficial damage to property over the whole area of the city. In many quarters the streets were flooded for an hour or so and vehicular traffic was stopped.

THE WAR

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

PROGRESS IN THE DARDANELLES.

LOSS OF THREE ALLIED WARSHIPS.

PANIC IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE MEMEL.

The principal war news to-day concerns the bombardment of the Dardanelles, of which the Press Bureau have issued a detailed and comprehensive statement. Sixteen battleships were engaged and after they had bombarded the forts in the Narrows for some time, all the forts ceased firing.

Unfortunately three battleships, two British and one French were sunk by drifting mines. Almost all hands were lost on the French ship,—she carried a complement of 621,—but practically the whole of the crews of the Irresistible and Ocean were saved.

The approach of the Russian Squadron to the northern Bosphorous has caused a panic in Constantinople.

The Admiralty announces that there is reason to believe that the German cruiser Karlsruhe was sunk off the West Indies in November. A despatch from Chili says that the British armed liner Orama fought and sank the German armed liner Navarra in November off the River Plate.

The Germans officially admit that "weak Russian divisions" have forced their way to Memel, which is a fortified Prussian seaport on the Baltic, 70 miles from Danzig. The Russians claim to have captured Memel.

Left of the Niemen the Russians have captured Veysu, and the cavalry is pursuing the Germans who are retiring on Seyne.

The Allies' victories at Neuve Chapelle and in Champagne are important, the latter particularly giving the French positions which dominate the country around.

The comments which have appeared in some Italian papers are considered in political circles as almost a semi-official ultimatum meaning that Austria must give up the territories inhabited by Italians or war is inevitable.

MILLHAND SENTENCED TO DEATH.

KILLS TEN AND SERIOUSLY WOUNDS ELEVEN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 20

Mr. Duval, Additional Sessions Judge, presiding over Alipore criminal sessions, yesterday delivered judgment in the case of Tasmall Hussain, a weaver of the Gouripore Jute Mill, who was charged with having murdered ten mill hands and seriously wounded eleven workers at the same mill and who was found guilty by the jury. The judge accepting the unanimous verdict sentenced the accused to death.

LAHORE MEDICAL COLLEGE STRIKE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Mar. 20.

The military students of the Lahore Medical College, ninety-five in number, whose names have been struck off, have telegraphed to the Viceroy praying for his kind intervention.

FURTHER PROGRESS IN THE DARDANELLES.

SEVERAL NARROWS' FORTS SILENCED.

THE DARDANELLES.

FORTS IN THE NARROWS SILENCED.

BRITISH AND FRENCH BATTLESHIPS SUNK BY MINES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON March 19, 11.35 p.m.

The Press Bureau announces that in the course of a general attack on the forts in the Narrows in the Dardanelles, the French battleship Bouvet struck a floating mine and sank in three minutes. Almost all hands were lost owing to an explosion on board. Floating mines also struck and sank the British battleships Irresistible and Ocean. Practically the whole of their crews were removed despite a hot fire, while the Gaulois was damaged by gunfire.

A GENERAL ATTACK.

LATER.

Mine-sweeping had been in general progress for the last ten days inside the Straits, and a general attack by the British and French fleets was made yesterday on the fortresses in the Narrows.

At 10-45 in the morning, the Queen Elizabeth Agamemnon, Inflexible and Lord Nelson bombarded five forts, while the Triumph and Prince George aimed at three batteries. Howitzers and field-guns replied heavily.

ALL FORTS CEASE FIRING.

At 12/22 the Suffren, Gaulois, Charlemagne and Bouvet advanced and engaged the forts at close range.

Four forts replied strongly, but were silenced by ten battleships inside the Straits. All the ships were hit.

At 1-25 in the afternoon all the forts had ceased firing.

The Vengeance, Irresistible, Ocean, Albion, Swiftsure and Majestic advanced to relieve six old battleships inside the Straits.

FRENCH SHIP GOES DOWN.

As the French squadron, which had engaged the forts most brilliantly, was passing out, the Bouvet was blown up and sank in 36 fathoms, northward of Arenkioi village.

Relief battleships renewed the attack on the forts, which re-opened fire. The attack was maintained, while the mine-sweepers were operating.

BRITISH BATTLESHIPS SUNK.

At four o'clock and six o'clock respectively the Irresistible and Ocean were mined and sank in deep water.

The Inflexible had her forward control position struck by a heavy shell and requires repair.

The bombardment and mine-sweeping terminated with darkness. The floating mine danger will require special treatment.

The British casualties were not heavy, considering the scale of the operations.

OPERATIONS CONTINUING.

A report regarding the damage to forts issued later says that operations are continuing with ample military and naval forces. Vice Admiral Carden was incapacitated by illness on March 16th, and was succeeded by Rear Admiral de Robeck.

SIXTEEN BATTLESHIPS ENGAGED.

Reuter's correspondent at Tenedos watched the bombardment on the 16th from St. Elias Hill. There were sixteen battleships. It began at eleven in the morning and ceased at five in the evening. The battleships in groups of three in the Straits fired at Forts Suandere, Hamidieh, Kilidbahr, Medjidieh and Sjimenlik, which replied vigorously but unsuccessfully. Clouds of black smoke rose at two in the afternoon from a fort near the town of Dardanelles, suggesting that the magazine had exploded.

LOST SHIPS REPLACED.

LONDON, March 20.

The Admiralty's statment adds that the damage to the forts effected by the prolonged direct fire of very powerful forces cannot yet be estimated. The losses of ships were caused by mines drifting with the current in areas hitherto swept clear. The Queen and the Implacable, which were despatched from England to replace ships' casualties in anticipation of this operation are due to arrive immediately, thus bringing the British fleet to its original strength.

The Irresistible and Ocean are both pre-Dreadnought battleships, both having been built in 1898. The former was of 15,000 tons, and the latter 12,950, and both carried a complement of 750.

The Bouvet had a displacement of 12,007 tons, and was built in 1896.

FLEET SUBJECT TO SEVERE FIRE.

FRENCH WARSHIPS DAMAGED.

PARIS, March 20.

It is officially announced that the fleets were subjected to a severe fire in the Dardanelles. The Gaulois was put temporarily out of action. The Henri Quatre, now at Syria, has been ordered to replace the Bouvet.

The Henri Quatre is a smaller ship, displacing 8,807 tons, and was built in 1899.

AMETHYST'S BRILLIANT WORK.

CABLE CUT IN THE DARDANELLES.

RETURN THROUGH A HELL OF FIRE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

MALTA, Mar. 19.

The casualties on the Amethyst were sustained during a brilliant piece of work, namely cutting the cable between Kilid Bahr and Chanak. She actually lifted the cable unobserved, but when she started to return her presence was detected and she had to run the gauntlet of the forts on both sides of the narrows, and pass through a veritable hell. She continued to draw a tremendous fire as she steamed full speed towards the entrance. She was frequently hit, and had the narrowest escape.

FATE OF THE KARLSRUHE.

ADMIRALTY ANNOUNCEMENT.

LONDON, March 20.

The Admiralty announces that there is reason to believe that the German cruiser Karlsruhe was sunk off the West Indies in November.

The Karlsruhe was a German cruiser of 4,832 tons with a speed of 27 knots. Her armament consisted of twelve 4-in. quick-firers and two machine guns.

ARMED GERMAN LINER SUNK.

NEW YORK, March 20.

A despatch from Valparaiso says that the Orama fought and sank the German armed liner Navarra in November off the river Plate, and rescued the crew.

The Navarra was a steamer of 5,794 tons, built in 1905 for the Hamburg-Amerika Line, while the Orama is a bigger ship, her tonnage being 12,927. She was built in 1911 for the Orient Steam Navigation Co., of London.

The Orama's gross tonnage is 12,927. She belongs to the Orient Steam Navigation Co., Ld. She was built in 1911 by J. Brown and Co., Ltd., of Glasgow.

STRAITS RE-ENTERED.

BAD WEATHER IMPEDES OPERATIONS

LONDON, Mar. 20.

A message from Tenedos, dated the 19th, says that six battleships re-entered the Straits but the bad weather prevented them from pursuing operations yesterday with energy.

FRENCH SHIPS' BRILLIANT VIGOUR.

BRITISH SAILORS' APPRECIATION.

PARIS, Mar. 20.

It is officially stated that the honour of attacking the forts in the Narrows at close range was assigned to the French battleships and their brilliant vigour received the appreciation of British sailors.

Rear-Admiral Guepratte says that the honour of the flag was upheld even though it was dearly purchased by the loss of the Bouvet.

The survivors number 64.

The casualties on other ships were very slight.

LOSS OF SHIPS COMPENSATED

GREAT DAMAGE TO THE FORTS.

LONDON, Mar. 20.

A telegram from Athens, dated the 19th, says that the Allies' bombardment inflicted great damage on the forts in the Narrows on the previous day and a violent bombardment was proceeding on the 19th.

It is declared that the Allies on the 18th fired two thousand shells and it is believed that the destruction of the forts compensated the Allies for the loss of their ships.

PANIC IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

PETROGRAD, March 20.

It is officially stated that the approach of the Russian squadron to the northern Bosphorus caused a panic in Constantinople.

MEMEL CAPTURED.

RUSSIANS' IMPETUOUS ADVANCE.

INHABITANTS PARTICIPATE IN STREET FIGHTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PETROGRAD, Mar. 21.

An official statement says:—

The Germans after the fight at Tauroggen have been forced beyond the frontier.

The Russian detachment is impetuously advancing and reached Memel at eight on Thursday evening and captured the place after street fighting in which the inhabitants participated.

The garrison of Przemysl made a determined sortie but was repulsed after nine hours' fighting, losing three thousand prisoners.

Memel is a fortified Russian seaport, lying at the northern extremity of the Kurisches Haf, at its opening into the Baltic, 70 miles N. N. E. of Danzig, Pop 20,748.

GERMANS IN FLIGHT.

RUSSIAN CAVALRY IN PURSUIT.

PETROGRAD, March 20.

A communiqué says:—

Left of the Niemen the Russians have captured Veysu, and the cavalry is pursuing the Germans who are retiring on Seyne. Fighting for villages and isolated heights continues in the directions of Prasnysz and Ostrolenke.

GERMAN ADMISSIONS.

RUSSIAN DIVISIONS ON GERMAN SOIL.

AMSTERDAM, Mar. 19.

A German official announcement says that weak Russian divisions have forced their way into Memel. Counter-measures have been taken.

WARNING TO REFUGEES.

TOLD NOT TO RETURN TO EAST PRUSSIA

LONDON, Mar. 19.

A Berlin communiqué says that the situation near Memel is not yet clear. The Russian attacks on the Orsyc and Prasnysz fronts continue.

Unofficial telegrams announce that von Hindenburg has warned refugees not to return to East Prussia, for military and hygienic reasons.

Captain Persius reminds the Germans that they may build new armies feverishly, but they will probably not be so large as Great Britain's.

TURKS' EGYPTIAN CAMPAIGN

VERY LITTLE ACTIVITY.

LONDON, Mar. 20.

The Press Bureau publishes an official message from Cairo stating that there is very little activity and the enemy's outposts are still four days' march from the Canal.

Locusts are greatly damaging the crops in Southern Palestine.

BLOCKADE OF GERMANY.

HOLLAND'S OBJECTIONS.

HAGUE, Mar 21.

The Netherlands have communicated, to the British and French Governments their objections to the blockade measures against Germany.

INVASION OF GERMAN S.-W. AFRICA.

IMPORTANT POSITION OCCUPIED.

CAPETOWN, Mar. 21.

The Union forces have occupied an important position in the south-eastern corner of German South-west Africa.

"TIME NOW ON OUR SIDE."

GERMAN FLOOD STEMMED.

LONDON, Mar. 21.

Presiding at a war lecture at Queen's Hall, Lord Haldane said:—We are dealing with an enemy who chose his moment and prepared for it but the British and French armies have gradually established a dam stemming the German flood and the time is now on our side.

AUSTRO-ITALIAN RELATIONS.

SEMI-OFFICIAL ULTIMATUM.

AUSTRIA FORTIFYING THE FRONTIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ROME, Mar. 21.

The comments which have appeared in the "Tribuna" and "Giornale di Italia" are considered in political circles as almost a semi-official ultimatum meaning that Austria must give up the territories inhabited by Italians or war is inevitable.

Meanwhile, Austria is endeavouring to the utmost to fortify the frontier.

MEASURES AGAINST ESPIONAGE IN ITALY.

ROME, Mar. 21.

The Senate has adopted by 145 votes to 2 a Bill increasing the powers of the Government for dealing with espionage, etc.

ARMY CLOTHING SCANDAL IN AUSTRIA.

VENICE, Mar. 21.

A gigantic army clothing scandal has been discovered in Austria.

The contractors furnished the War Office with perfect cloth for the uniforms but during its transit to tailors they managed to substitute shoddy which became rags in a couple of hours.

One contractor defrauded the War Office of 10,000 yards by cutting the uniforms half-inch short.

AEROPLANE OFF DEAL.

PURSUED BY BRITISH AIRMEN.

LONDON, Mar. 19.

A German aeroplane appeared at Deal, and attempted to drop bombs on shipping. All the bombs fell into the sea. A British patrol boat fired on the intruder, and British airmen pursued him.

BOMBS ON PARIS.

LONDON, Mar. 21.

A Zeppelin dropped three bombs on Paris, causing fire in the suburb of Neuilly.

PARIS, Mar. 21.

There were apparently two Zeppelins.

They dropped at least fourteen bombs on Paris and the western suburbs, starting unimportant fires.

Seven persons were injured, one severely.

LABOUR TROUBLE SETTLED.

AGREEMENT REACHED BETWEEN TRADE UNIONS AND GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, March. 19.

Complete agreement was reached to-night between the Government and the Trades Union representatives.

Mr. Lloyd George announced that the Government was considering the question of limiting the hours of public houses in certain areas.

CONDITIONS OF SETTLEMENT.

RELAXATION OF TRADE UNION PRACTICES.

LATER.

Consequent on the agreement with the Government, the Labour Leaders recommend that there be no stoppage of work upon munitions, that all differences be settled by conference or arbitration, and that there be a relaxation of Trades Union practices for the duration of the war, thus permitting the employment of semi-skilled male and female labour.

It is understood that ten per cent. only of the working profits will go to the employers, and the balance to the Treasury, thus removing one of the grievances of Labourites, with regard to undue benefits accruing to employers from war conditions.

U. P. EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

LORD CREWE'S INTENTION TO PERSERVE

LONDON, March. 19.

Lord Crewe intends to preservere with the proposal to establish an Executive Council for the United Provinces as recommended by the Viceroy, as soon as the Government is in a position to deal with the question, which for the time being, has been treated as controversial. Lord Crewe will take the earliest opportunity of pressing forward, the measure by all the constitutional means in his power.

BRITISH GALLANTRY AND DASH.

SIR JOHN FRENCH ON NEUVE CHAPELLE FIGHT.

FIGHTING QUALITIES UNIMPAIRED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, Mar. 19.

Field-Marshal French in his bulletin says:—An isolated attack by two-hundred Germans against St. Eloi was easily repulsed and two-thirds of the attackers were killed or wounded.

The enemy expended much artillery ammunition in the region of Neuve Chapelle with insignificant results.

The gallantry and dash of the troops at Neuve Chapelle, under the able and determined leadership of General Sir Douglas Haig, have proved conclusively that sedentary work in the trenches has not impaired their original fighting qualities.

TRENCHES TAKEN.

FRENCH ADVANCE AFTER VIOLENT FIGHTING.

PARIS, Mar. 19.

A communiqué says:—At Notre Dame de Lorette we have taken communication trenches towards the village of Ablain. We killed, drove out or captured the defenders. There has been very violent fighting between Bolante and Four-de-Paris. We advanced 150 metres. We repelled a counter-attack in the Forest of Consenvoye, and maintained all the ground gained. We stormed a salient eastward of the position held by the enemy since last month, and repulsed day and night counter-attacks.

QUIET IN THE WEST.

VIOLENT GERMAN ATTACK REPULSED.

PARIS, March 20.

Last evening's communiqué said:—Quiet has prevailed on most of the front. There was an artillery duel in the valley of the Aisne. A violent German attack on our positions on the ridge north-east of Mesnil was repulsed with heavy loss.

FIVE COUNTER-ATTACKS.

GERMANS LEAVE NUMEROUS DEAD.

PARIS, Mar. 21.

Last evening's communique said:—

The Germans after a heavy bombardment attempted a night attack against Boiselle, north-east of Albert, but were repulsed.

Heavy fighting occurred at Eparges where the French hold greater part of the German position despite five counter-attacks.

The Germans left numerous dead.

GERMAN CORPS COMMANDER SUPERSEDED.

PARIS, Mar. 20.

General von Faldeck, commander of the German Army Corps defeated at Neuve Chapelle, has been superseded.

GENERAL ADVANCES.

ALLIES TAKE MILES OF TRENCHES FROM ENEMY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 20.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent cables:—

The Indian army corps has done excellent work this week, and has won golden opinions for all its work covering the Neuve Chapelle period. Sir James Willcocks has been thanked by Field-Marshal Sir John French. The Scinde Rifles were in the thick of the fighting. Lieutenant Colonel Bliss, Scottish Rifles, and Lieutenant-Colonel Umacke, of the Gordons, were among the killed. The German losses exceed twenty thousand. Their ranks were mowed down by our powerful artillery, when the infantry got them on the run. The Grenadier Guards, Royal Berkshires, Liverpools, Gordons, Seaforths, 3rd London, and Irish Rifles lost many officers. The bravery of all ranks will lead to awards and mention in despatches. The operations were completed this week, and the ground gained is strongly held against counter-attacks.

French successes continue to be made all along the lines. The offensive spirit shown by the French troops after a winter's trench work is admirable. Spirited attacks have gained ground everywhere, although the losses were heavy, especially at Vanquois.

The Belgians are fighting like a army, and have gained a considerable amount of ground.

Thus the Allies have made considerable general advances. Miles of trenches have been taken from the enemy at points formerly gave the Germans advantages imposed restrictions upon the gains at Vanquois, Champagne, Neuve Chapelle and in Flanders represent substantial progress.

The Russian front still General Hindenburg's are yet unproductive failures.

GERMANS GIVING WAY.

LESSONS OF BRITISH AND FRENCH VICTORIES.

PREPARING FOR THE MAIN EFFORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Mar. 20.

The following telegram has been received from the Secretary of State by the Viceroy, dated 18th March:—

The French report officially brilliant successes in Champagne, near Perthes. The report affirms that the enemy, in spite of all efforts, did not succeed anywhere in recovering even a portion of the ground lost, which includes the military crest of the ridge for which they have been striving for a week. The advance gives the French not only a high ground, but above all an outlook on the northern reverse of the great ridge. This success is important, for the French now occupy the summit dominating the surrounding country. The action in the Champagne also is connected with the British action at Neuve Chapelle, for it drew from the front of the British position considerable German forces, and assisted the British to break back the German line.

ENEMY COMPLETELY SURPRISED.

The Eye-witness at British Headquarters furnishes further details of the fighting at Neuve Chapelle and St. Eloi, and from this and other sources it is clear that the enemy were completely surprised. Our airmen have prevented the Germans from observing the concentration, especially of the heavy guns and ammunition which enabled us to deliver the bombardment, which the German prisoners, who had been all through the war, stated was the heaviest they had ever experienced.

The result of the attack has given a great fillip to the spirits of our men, and established the very important fact that in a really well-planned attack under the present circumstances the enemy suffer very heavy.

It is not the case, as hitherto supposed, that when the Allies take the offensive on a large scale their losses must be disproportionately heavy, as compared with the defence. Defence has necessarily no advantage in this trench warfare, provided the attack has a superior and efficient artillery provided, and the latter advantage is becoming steadily more pronounced on our side.

THE POLICY OF ATTRITION.

With the Allies' growing strength, the Germans may begin to feel difficulty in holding such an enormous front in the West, while waging an excellent campaign in the East. These two combined actions at Champagne and Neuve Chapelle are notable examples of the policy of attrition, on which the Allies' efforts have been based since December, and which is intended to wear down the enemy's numbers and qualities until he is no longer able to hold 400 miles of trenches, to which he is now bound, and will be compelled shortly, either to give up the French or Belgian territory or to give way at some point. In either case it has furnished opportunities to the Allies to launch the main effort against him.

IN THE EAST.

In the Eastern front the Russians are still pressing back the Germans from before Prasnysz, capturing a number of prisoners and guns, and on the extreme right wing they have apparently again entered Prussia, for the German communique mentions Russian attacks on Langazorgen, East Prussia, north of Tilsit.

FRENCH PROGRESS IN CHAMPAGNE.

DELHI, Mar. 21.

The following telegram has been received from the Secretary of State by the Viceroy, dated 19th March:—

The French announce appreciable gains in Champagne near Perthes and the British "Observer" with them gives a connected account of the operations there since the middle of February. They extend over a front of about five miles and the French have shown remarkable tenacity and made steady and continuous progress and have not been forced back on any day behind the line held in the morning despite innumerable counter-attacks. The object of this sustained effort to keep constant pressure on the first line of defence is to prevent the use of the railway leading to Rheims a few miles north and wear down the enemy's reserves of men and ammunition. The French not only gained ground but also moral superiority for it is in unsuccessful counter-attacks that losses are heavy and this and the sense of failure must affect the enemy's morale sooner or later.

General Joffre has been sounding and probing the German line till now. He knows its weak and strong points, and the places w'ere it can be broken through and the places where it will be better merely to hold the Germans. The advent of better weather and improved facility for movement are all in favour of greater activity so that the operations are now entering a new phase. In England the British success at Neuve Chapelle and the success in Champagne have increased general confidence but is also recognised that the decisive months approaching and the victory over the y equally assured of success, will only ched by sustained and increasing effort ow onward and at a cost of great es.

weather has interrupted progress in elles, but the waters of the ow clear and vessels can safely to Keghezburu, but some kind is necessary to prevent the apting to repair the inner new guns or howitzers in intervals when bad bombardment.

BOMBAY RACING.

CLOSE OF THE SEASON.

A GREAT SEND-OFF.

SOME EXCITING FINISHES.

(From our Racing Correspondent)

A most successful and capably organised season's racing, was brought to a fitting conclusion at Mahaluxmi on Saturday by a splendid exciting afternoon's sport. And I feel sure that I am voicing the opinion of a large section of the Bombay public, when I say, that we all feel extremely grateful to the Stewards and executive officers of the Western India Turf Club for having provided us with the delightful series of sporting fixtures for our relaxation and entertainment during this memorable period of world-wide depression. And it is also at the same time most comforting to feel, that through the able administration of the Club's affairs and the sympathetic forethought of the Stewards, the sporting public have the supreme satisfaction of knowing that it has on eighteen occasions during the past three months contributed freely and liberally to the Great Cause, in assisting to provide for the relief and comfort of those who are fighting for King and country. In addition to the Rs. 75,000 already given to the various War Funds, further donations amounting to a lakh of rupees have been sanctioned. These amounts, with Rs. 15,000 to be handed to H. E. the Governor for distribution at his discretion among the local charities, make a grand total of Rs. 1,90,000. And as the profits on Saturday, from the two machines in the first enclosure alone, amounted to Rs. 39,747, it is quite possible the round figure of Rs. 2,00,000 will as yet be reached. It has to be remembered that these munificent grants are in addition to the usual donations to local institutions, representing 2 per cent. of the Club's profits.

Owing to the call of duty, Major J. E. Hughes, the Secretary, had to submit to, I hope, only temporary abdication, retiring from the field of his activities early in the proceedings. He has, however, had the satisfaction and pleasure of taking an occasional informal peep at the smooth-running well-fitted bit of racing machinery he so ably devised and put together, and which has been maintained at such a high state of efficiency by his acting successor, Mr. Reynolds, the handicapper. It is impossible to over-estimate the splendid services this latter gentleman has rendered to the Club and to the public. In his careful and judicious allotment of the weights he has attained a hall-mark as near perfection as human ingenuity and painstaking observation can arrive at. And the wholesale appreciation of his work, reflected in the phenomenal number of acceptances right through the season, affords the most convincing proof of the thoroughness of his methods. Captain Kirkpatrick, the popular Club's manager, has also worked wonders in his own particular branch, and that the numerous departmental details and general office routine were never worked more harmoniously and with greater business tact than at present, speaks well for his energy and enterprise. A special word of praise is due to Mr. O'Gorman, the starter, who probably in his long association with the Club has never had a more anxious and trying experience than this Bombay season afforded. The fields ruled unusually large and the skill he displayed over and over again in despatching long lines of 15 to 20 unruly Arabs, was highly creditable to even an officer of his ripe experience and ability.

When everything connected with the Club is at such a high-water state of efficiency, it seems a thousand pities that the racing committee are unable to co-operate more with the Stewards by the introduction and enforcement of a more drastic system for the suppression of pronounced forms of inconsistent running which serve to stultify the splendid work of the handicapper and set all the laws and rules of racing, written and unwritten, at absolute defiance. The Bombay sporting public are generous, big-hearted and indulgent to a degree. They are not exacting: they don't want anything like book-form perfection as an indispensable attribute to their racing pleasures. But when impertinent tactics obtrude themselves, reflecting on the intelligence and powers of discrimination of the public to such a degree, as to place them on a parity with imbeciles or the proverbial mole, immediate steps should be taken to eradicate the evil by a series of salutary warnings, to be followed up if need be by expulsion. Our whole racing organization has become so completely obsessed with the pernicious doctrine of inherent inconsistency in the temperament of the Arab horse itself, which has been successfully fostered and exploited for years, precedents have now been so firmly established, that any individual actions taken to combat the trouble are apt to savour of personal malice, when any particular individual is asked to step on to the carpet to explain away or account for some pronounced irregularity in running.

The question undoubtedly is a difficult one to handle. For, wholesale suspensions and expulsions would be calculated, to a great extent, to seriously disorganize and dislocate existing arrangements, and a new regime of racing would practically have to be introduced. There can be, however, nothing to gain by putting off the evil day. Matters will slowly and surely drift from bad to worse, when Government might be compelled in the public interest to intervene again by abolishing betting altogether, which, in other words, would mean the end of racing. And before this undesirable stage is arrived at, our Turf Club Stewards should make one final effort to remedy the defects which are causing so much grave dissatisfaction to their *clientele*.

Eight interesting events and the run-off of a dead-heat provided an excellent send-off to the departing racing season. I would not care to commit myself by saying the attendance was much larger than usual, but that the crowd was more liberally disposed towards the tote will not admit of contradiction, and the scene at the various windows had to be witnessed to be believed. In one case at least, the congestion was the means of arousing the choler of two sports to such a degree, a lively "scrap" in the clinch took place, though anything of a serious nature was averted by a little well-timed kindly outside intervention. The proceedings were unduly protracted owing to the dead-heat between Ute and Seigneurie being decided after the last race. It was a silly affair, the result of which only tended to produce unnecessary irritation amongst those who had backed Ute in the first instance. For the running of the dead-heat made it as clear as a pike-staff, that at the weights Seigneurie was no class over seven furlongs with Mr. Ainsworth's mare, who should have won the Fareweli Plate by lengths. When the pair went past the press box the first time, it looked a thousand to one on Seigneurie winning by at least half a length, and how Ute succeeded in pulling herself together in the last stride or two to stave off the challenge and make honours easy, borders on the miraculous. Another curious optical delusion as viewed from the press box, was North's third. It seemed to me he was at least a doubtful fourth, if not a probable fifth.

The second Dealers' Plate, with its rich stake of Rs. 5,000, attracted more than the average amount of interest. Black Hussar's unfortunate *contretemps* in the Baghdad Plate on February 27th, when he was badly left, and easily beaten by Ajax, was the cause of Mr. Heath's candidate coming in for a great deal of unjustifiable adulation and strong monetary support. When Grey Master tackled Ajax in the straight, Black Hussar made his bid to win at the same time, and it took Purtoosingh all he knew to shake off Black Hussar's determined challenge by the narrow margin of a neck. Ajax was beaten to sticks by the pair, the result proving what bad luck Mr. S. A. Wahed had in the Baghdad Plate with his promising black. General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan purchased, Full Moon just prior to the race.

The Goodbye Plate created a bit of diversion by the least fancied representative of the General's again winning quite in top-sawyer fashion to the consternation of Mohsel's large body of supporters. Soomsam, the winner, was more or less neglected by the public, returning a comfortable little dividend of Rs. 223/8 to his astute, discriminating followers, whoever they might have been. With the stable's first jockey on Mohsel, the inference was irresistable that he was the better of the two, and the public could not be blamed for the mistake that was made.

The Final Plate was responsible for the display of a superb piece of horsemanship on the part of Templeman, when after a terrific set-to with Hardy on Dhaiden from the distance, he just managed to get Wellington's nose in front at the psychological moment. It was a splendid trial of strength between our two leading jockeys, and I have given the fact prominence, because I am of opinion that in this particular instance, Templeman won the race and not Wellington.

Details:—

THE CYPRUS PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 1¼ miles.

Winner, Rs. 750; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Abdool Baaker's HELIOGRAPH, 8-3, Ferguson 1
Messrs. E. and P. Nazareth's ROYALIST, 8-12, Ebraim 2
Messrs. A. R. Dakeel and A. R. Salim's VICTORY, 9-1, Hardy 3
Mr. G. R. Valimahomed's HURCHAN, 8-10, Templeman 4

Also Ran:—Black Ivory 9-4, Mr. Crawford; Mr. Gussy's Revivor cd. 8-8, Trenoweth; Eldorado 8-5, Kaikhosroo; Shimran 7-13, Hoyt; Abdul 7-13, Japheth; Paradox 7-11, Etul; Safi 7-10, Mujeed; Pepul 7-8, Purtoosingh; Alman 7-6, Harrison.

Won by 3 lengths—½—½.
Time:—2 mins. 26 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 206-8. Places Rs. 60-8, Rs. 61-8 and Rs. 29.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 16,980. Place Rs. 18,730.

The Race:—Revivor led followed by Alman and Pepul. Then Pepul made a run up to the front, but soon subsided. At the half-mile Revivor was leading from Safi and Shimran. At the home turn Heliograph and Royalist improved and in the straight ran up to the leader. At the distance Heliograph came away and won comfortably.

THE MEDINA PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 Furlongs (Straight).

Winner, Rs. 750; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Yussuf Sheriff's TAWDRY, 7-5 ...Hoyt 1
Mr. Pasu Malsee's ARABIAN CONSUL, 8-4, Pratt 2
Mr. Yacoob Zuheir's PHAROAH, 8-6, Hardy 3
Mr. Saleh Tookmachie's 7-0, Dhondy 4

Also Ran:—American Spot, 9-5, Mr. Crawford; Guldasta 8-11, Ebraim; Nassau 8-10, Ferguson; Sweetlips 8-10, Templeman; Ringmaster 8-6; Mujeed; English Spot 8-1, Kamad; Kassum 7-10, Harrison; Jingle 7-8, Abbas; Marigold 7-8, Kaikhoshroo; Vudhin 7-4, Purtoosingh; Crisis 6-7, Native.

Won by 1½ lengths—½—neck.
Time:—1 min. 7 3/5 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 55. Places Rs. 23-8, Rs. 66-8 and Rs. 17-8.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 19,050. Place Rs. 22,920.

The Race:—Run on the "Straight."

THE SECOND DEALERS' PLATE.—Distance about 1 Mile (1 Mile Scale).

Winner, Rs. 5,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500. For Arabs imported into Bombay direct from the country of foaling on or after 1st July, 1914. W. A. reduced 5lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs. (Landing allowance clause in General Conditions does not apply).

Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's GREYMASTER, 7-9, Purtoosingh 1
Mr. S. A. Wahed's BLACK HUSSAR, 8-8, Trenoweth 2
Mr. Heath's AJAX, 8-8, Kaikhosroo 3
Mr. J. Stewart's ARROW, 8-4, Ferguson ... 4

Also Ran:—Socrates 8-12, Hardy; Full Moon 8-8, Templeton; Bruce 8-8, Mujeed; Galloping Lad 7-5, Kamad; Ruby Mine 7-5, Hoyt.

Won by neck—½—head.
Time:—1 min. 54 2/5 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 31-8. Places Rs. 14, Rs. 16 and Rs. 14.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 29,750. Place Rs. 29,550.

The Race:—The field ran well bunched up with Socrates and Ajax slightly in advance. At the 6 furlongs Ajax headed Socrates and at the half-mile Ruby Mine was running third. At the bend Greymaster showed up on the outside with Black Hussar. Down the straight Greymaster went to the front and was challenged by Black Hussar. A splendid race ensued the former just gaining the verdict.

THE CYPRUS PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Nasar Abdoola's WELCOME, 7-7, Kaikhosroo 1
Maharajah Kumar of Rajpipla's MALAYEB, 8-9, Templeman 2
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's RUBY FISH, 8-11, Trenoweth 3
Mr. Abdoola Faras's RAG TIME, Mujeed 4

Also Ran:—Mooltan 9-5, Pratt; Makbul 9-4, Ebraim; Lot 9-3, Hardy; Good Gold 9-1, Native; Partner 8-6, Hoyt; Last Chance 8-3, Kamad; Nasirabad 7-10, Purtoosingh; Sphere 7-7, Ferguson; Rising Dawn 7-7, Harrison.

Won by 3 lengths—1½—½.
Time:—2 mins. 24 2/5 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 199. Places Rs. 54, Rs. 20 and Rs. 26.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 19,690. Place Rs. 22,990.

The Race:—Rising Dawn and Welcome broke the line with Partner and Ruby Fish close up. At the 7 furlongs Partner ran up to the leader and at the 6 furlongs Welcome displaced Rising Dawn. At the five furlongs Welcome went to the front and at the half-mile Rag Time was second. At the bend Malayeb and Ruby Fish improved but could make no impression on Welcome who won in a canter.

THE FAREWELL PLATE.—Distance about 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's UTE, 9-11, Hill 1*
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's SEIGNEURIE, 9-4, Trenoweth 1*

*Dead Heat.

Mr. Gussy's NORTH, cd. 8-4, Hardy 3

Also Ran:—Bachelor's Knot 9-12, Ferguson; Lady Douglas 8-7, Templeman; First Venture 7-7, Hoyt; Partial Eclipse 7-7; Trentwood cd. 7-7, Kaikhosroo; Adelaide 7-5, Mujeed; Speedy Boy.

Dead-heat—1½—no fourth given.
Time:—1 min. 29 2/5 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 23-8 and Rs. 97-8. Places Rs. 21, Rs. 35 and Rs. 15-8.
Total Investments:—Win, Rs. 25,040. Place Rs. 25,620.

The Race:—Speedy Boy and Trentwood were quickest into their stride. At the half-mile Ute was in front, followed by Partial Eclipse, Seigneurie and Lady Douglas. Ute led into the straight and seemed to be winning easily when she was challenged at the distance by Seigneurie who appeared to be wearing her down. At the Stand they were nearly level and it looked any odds on Seigneurie getting home first. The verdict was a dead-heat.

RUN-OFF.

Mr. Y. L. Ainsworth's UTE 9-11, Hill..... 1
Genl. N. O. Khan's SEIGNEURIE, 9-4, Trenoweth 2

Won easily by a length. Time 1-30.
Tote paid 16, on the winner.
Total amount invested Rs. 8,590.

THE MEDINA PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 Furlongs (Straight).

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's VELLARD, 8-8, Hardy 1
Mr. Ahmed Hazemy's JAWAN, 8-0, Mujeed 2*
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's RED FLAG, 7-10 Hoyt 2*
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's RUBY FISH, 9-9, Trenoweth 4

*Dead Heat.

Also Ran:—Saood 9-4, Pratt; Flying Machine 9-2, Hill; Zigomar 9-1, Kaikhosroo; Back Bay 8-11, Ferguson; Investment 8-11, Ebraim; Matador 8-8, Etul; Quality 8-6, Templeman; Present 8-0, Mujeed; Jabir 7-12, Dhondy; Old China 7-9, Purtoosingh; Aye Aye Sir 7-8, Harrison; Kaiumers 7-2, Japheth; Sherali 6-12, Kamad.

Won by 1½ lengths—dead-heat—1.
Time:—1 min. 7 2/5 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 98-8. Places Rs. 33-8, Rs. 41 and Rs. 52-8.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 21,930. Place Rs. 24,930.

The Race:—Run on the "Straight."

THE GOODBYE PLATE.—Distance about 1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 1,200; second, Rs. 400; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's SOOMSAM, 9-0, Purtoosingh 1
Mr. Hoshang Jamsetjee's BEST CHANCE, 9-5, Hoyt 2
Messrs. M. Goculdass and Mathradass's BALKAN PRINCE, 8-1, Ferguson 3
Mr. Dara Cowasji's GAFAL, 8-5, Kaikhosroo 4

Also Ran:—Malacca 9-12, Templeman; Regent 9-7, Pratt; Harry Johnson 9-5, Hardy; Bhatty Chief 9-0, Hill; Mohsel 8-10, Trenoweth; Burg 8-6, Dhondy; Ajmer 8-5, Mujeed; Sweden 8-5, Harrison; Nawabzada 8-0, Kamad; Serpent 7-13, Native; Brimo 7-11, Etul; Excelsior 7-4, Ebraim; Khedavi Miseer 7-1, Abbas; Alwar 6-5, Japheth.

Won by 1 length—1—½.
Time:—1 min. 53 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 223-8. Places Rs. 57, Rs. 20¼ and Rs. 28-8.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 26,130. Place Rs. 26,270.

The Race:—Mohsel led out followed by Balkan Prince, Soomsam and Malacca. Nearing the turn Best Chance and Gafal were handy. In the straight, Soomsam went to the front and won from Best Chance and Balkan Prince.

THE FINAL PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,200; second, Rs. 400; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 2nd Division.

Mr. Gussy's WELLINGTON, 8-4, Templeman 1
Mr. Buder bin Alwash's DHAIDAN, 9-3, Hardy 2
Mr. Abdoola Faras's DURBAN, 8-12, Ferguson 3
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's BRAVO, 8-10, Trenoweth 4

Also Ran:—Galiard 9-1, Hoyt; Mat-hat Baig 8-12, Harrison; Red Silk 8-9, Pratt; Newmarket 8-8, Kaikhosroo; Fado 8-5, Ebraim; Ream 8-2, Purtoosingh; Ata Allah 8-2, Mujeed; Beethoven 7-4, Abbas.

Won by short head—1—1.
Time:—1 min. 20 secs.
Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 59. Places Rs. 23-8, Rs. 38 and Rs. 23.
Total Investments:—Win Rs. 32,200. Place Rs. 28,000.

The Race:—Dhaidan, Durban, Wellington and Beethoven were always prominent, and from the distance Templeman put in a desperate challenge and by a splendid feat of horsemanship just got Wellington's nose in front at the post.

Messrs. G. W. Lloyd and R. Devere Irwin have been appointed by the Secretary of State as Assistant Locomotive Superintendents and are posted to the E. B. S. Railway.

Mr. G. B. Mould has been appointed to the European Gardener's Service.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Mar. 19.

KILLED.

Captain St. J. Stocker, Northamptons.
Lieut.-Colonel H. P. Uniacke, Gordons.
Lieut. J. Vesey, Worcesters.
Captain G. H. Walker, Highland Light Infantry.
Lieut. A. M. Wallace, Northamptons.
Captain L. T. Watson, Worcesters.
Lieut. J. B. Wauchope, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut. E. C. H. Webb, Lincolns.
Captain C. G. V. Wellesley, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut A. K. Wilson, Manchesters.
Second-Lieut. M. Windsor, Devonshires.
Second-Lieut. W. Wolseley, East Lancashires.
Captain J. Wood-Martin, Northamptons.
Captain A. O'H. Wright, Irish Rifles.
Lieut. A. W. Wylie, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut. G. C. Wright, Devonshires.
Lieut. J. Tristram, Worcesters.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. T. Horsford, West Yorkshires.
Lieut. G. H. G. Perry, West Yorkshires.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut. A. Pickup, Yorkshire Regiment.
Second-Lieut. T. Pocock, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut. D. Pretty, Suffolks.
Lieut.-Colonel C. S. Prichard, Northants.
Lieutenant E. F. Richards, Lincolns.
Captain C. Richardson, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut. N. Ring, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut. S. Sanders, Gordons.
Lieutenant W. G. M. Sparrow, Northants.
Lieutenant H. F. M. Stacke, Worcesters.
Major J. R. E. Stansfeld, Gordons.
Major B. A. Thompson, Middlesex.
Major F. Trotter, Grenadiers.
Second-Lieut. H. Tyler, Northants.
Lieutenant R. Verney, Army Service Corps.
Captain G. J. Watts, Devonshires.
Captain W. B. Welsh, Gordons.
Captain B. Western, East Lancs.
Lieutenant A. V. Whitehead, East Lancs.
Lieutenant H. O. Wilkins, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut. W. Wilson, Rifle Brigade.
Lieutenant W. F. Wiseman, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut. M. McK Wood, Gordons.
Major H. C. Wright, Irish Rifles.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Major E. C. Wodehouse, Worcesters.

MISSING.

Major C. E. Higginbotham, Northants.

MISSING, BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut. R. Cox, Highland Light Infantry, Major A. A. Sanders, East Lancs.

LONDON, Mar. 18.

WOUNDED.

Major E. Barnardiston, Engineers.
Second-Lieut. R. T. Barry, Scots Guards.
Lieut. T. Beves, Borderers.
Second-Lieut. E. H. Binney, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut. G. Bookless, Scottish Rifles.
Lieut. J. P. Boyd, Gordons.
Second-Lieut. H. Broadway, Engineers.
Lieut. A. B. Brook, Seaforths.
Captain D. M. M. Campbell, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieut. G. F. Campbell, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. W. Carslake, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut. H. M. Chaplin, Cheshires.
Captain A. B. Clayton, Borderers.
Second-Lieut. J. Conway, Cameronians.
Lieut. W. H. Cullen, Yorks and Lancasters.
Captain C. B. Cumberlege, Bedfords.
Major T. Cuthbert, Seaforths.
Captain J. F. Dew, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut. J. Ewbank, Borderers.
Captain Ferrers, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut. J. Findlay-Hamilton, Scots Fusiliers.
Captain G. Francis, Monmouthshires.
Second-Lieut. R. C. Grant, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut. R. B. Harley, Cameronians.
Captain R. F. Hanbury, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut. H. Higgs, Engineers.
Captain M. K. Hodgson, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut. H. M. Hunter, Wilts.
Second-Lieut. R. H. Jackson, East Surreys.
Lieut. M. D. Kennedy, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut. F. Kitson, Black Watch.
Lieut. P. Legg, Wilts.
Lieut. J. T. Leslie, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut. J. MacEwan, Cameronians.
Lieut.-Colonel D. Mason-MacFarlane, Fourth Seaforths.
Captain R. Moddy-Ward, Berkshires.
Lieut. C. C. Morse, Wilts.
Major C. R. Mortimore, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut. R. Newdigate, Borderers.
Lieut. J. O'Dwyer, Sherwoods.
Captain G. C. Paynter, Scots Guards.
Second-Lieut. G. L. Pirie, Northamptonshire Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut. F. Pyman, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. H. Raikes, East Kents.
Lieut. A. E. Robinson, Yorkshires.
Captain T. Sebag-Montefiore, Artillery.
Second-Lieut. R. G. M. Southey, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut. S. Theyre, Wilts.
Lieut. A. Y. Thomson, Camerons.
Captain W. B. Thornton, Berkshires.
Captain R. Truslove, Fourth Seaforths.
Second-Lieut. W. K. Slater, Yorkshires.
Captain M. B. Webb, Sherwoods.
Lieut. G. J. Wellesley, Engineers.
Captain J. A. Wilson, Black Watch.

MISSING BELIEVED WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut. R. S. Paterson, Artillery.

MISSING, BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut. W. Barling, Worcesters.

UNOFFICIALLY REPORTED KILLED.

Second-Lieut. J. Kirtland, East Surreys.

LONDON, March. 19.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut. P. H. Allen, East Lancashires.
Captain A. H. Arnold, West Yorkshires.
Captain J. H. G. Baird, Bedfords.
Second-Lieut. E. E. Baker, Middlesex.
Lieut. E. Belfield, Middlesex.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, March 20.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. P. D. Agnew resigns the Civil Service. Mr. H. M. Veitch, C.S., is appointed Registrar on the Appellate Side, Bengal High Court. Major G. Lane, I.M.S., to be Civil Surgeon of Simla East, in addition to his duties as Surgeon to Commander-in-Chief. Lieut.-Col. J. L. MacRae, I.M.S., reverts to military duty. Exemption under Indian Army rules 1909 shall cease to apply to Mr. L. McKeon of Rangoon.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

The Railway Board have sanctioned resurvey by the South Indian Railway for meter guage a line from Pollachi to Palghat, a distance of 36.47 miles, in connection with the proposed Dindigal-Palghat Railway.

Rai Saheb Shednath, Executive Engineer, N. W. R., is permitted to retire from the service.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENTS.

Captain H. R. N. Pritchard of Political Department reverts to military duty. B. J. Glancy, Political Department, becomes Second Assistant to Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana. Major A. B. Drummond, Political Department, becomes Assistant Resident, Mewar. Captain G. F. Leachman, Royal Sussex Regiment, and Capt. C. F. Mackenzie, Political Department are placed on special duty under the Political Resident of Persian Gulf.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The election of Mr. Chimanlal Harilal Setalvad as additional Member of the Imperial Council is gazetted.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. St. J. B. Philby, C.S., Punjab, obtains the degree of honour in Urdu in the first division and a donation of Rs. 3,000.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

DEPARTMENT.

The Hon. Mr. E. F. Barber is appointed to the Indian Tea Cess Committee vice Mr. J. Carson Parker, resigned.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Second-Lieut. T. Viscount Errington, Grenadier Guards (special reserve), is appointed A.D.C., to the Viceroy vice Captain A. W. Muir, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, resigned.

The following temporary appointments are made to the Indian Army:—

To be Lieutenant:—Henry Newman; to be Second-Lieutenant:—Tom Walters Venn.

The following gentlemen are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of officers:—

To be Lieutenant (Infantry Branch):—John Earnest Buttery Hotson.

To be Second-Lieutenants (Cavalry Branch):—N. P. Tucker, J. S. Thomson, P. Stuart, W. A. K. Christie, R. P. N. Swayne, M. T. L. Newington, T. M. Manuk, J. F. Maxwell, W. Rose Smith, W. B. Cotton. (Infantry Branch):—Basil Moody D. Stuart Prince, G. C. Stowell, W. Wynne, L. A. Sturrock, R. K. Yeld, G. T. Gill, A. A. Gardiner, H. Watkins, W. A. A. Evans, W. R. Ransford, J. P. Wood, F. O. Townsend, M. C. G. Watling, Arthur Trevor and John Owen.

Captain E. G. Seton, 1st Duke of York's Horse, to be Major. Second-Lieutenant O. M. Reginald Vaugham Shachan, Army Reserve, to be Lieutenant.

Second-Lieut. C. Belding, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut. R. Bisset, Gordons.
Captain R. O. Bridgeman, Rifle Brigade.
Captain R. G. Browne, Manchesters.
Lieut. V. Bulkeley-Johnson, Rifle Brigade.
Captain R. C. Burton, Rifle Brigade.
Major H. Campbell, Thirteenth Londons.
Captain J. A. L. Campbell, Argyll and Sutherlands.
Major G. Carter-Campbell, Cameronians.
Lieut. D. Clark, Gordons.
Captain R. Cockburn, Suffolks.
Lieut. W. Coldwell, Norththamptons.
Second-Lieut. G. Cox, Borderers.
Lieut. M. R. Davidson, Manchester.
Major W. Denne, Bedfords.
Captain J. P. Duke, Warwicks.
Lieut. H. Eager, Lincolns.
Lieut. G. F. Earle, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut. C. Fisher-Rowe, Grenadiers.
Captain T. Fitzherbert-Brockholes, Rifle Brigade.
Captain T. Fitzjohn, Worcesters.
Staff-Captain H. E. Franklyn.
Lieut. H. N. Fryer, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Captain A. Galwey, Irish Rifles.
Captain C. Grant, Gordons.
Captain S. W. Hamilton, Engineers.
Captain J. E. Higgins, Thirteenth Londons.
Second-Lieut. P. O. Hodgson, East Lancashires.
Second-Lieut. H. L. Hollis; and Second-Lieut. H. Hoyland, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut. C. Humpheries, Worcesters.
Captain J. Inglis, Highland Light Infantry.
Second-Lieut. T. F. Ingram, Irish Rifles.
Captain S. Iredell, Middlesex.
Captain J. Kellas, Gordons.
Second-Lieut. G. R. Kinnell, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. A. J. Kitcat; and Lieut. H. Kreyer, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut. P. Kynock-Shand, Gordons.
Captain C. S. Linton, Worcesters.
Captain E. P. Lloyd, Lincolns.
Lieut. T. Lukis, Thirteenth Londons.
Captain J. Macartney, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut. McGonigle, Middlesex.
Lieut. R. C. Mansel, Rifle Brigade.
Captain M. Mason, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut. T. Matthews, Worcesters.
Lieut. J. Monk, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut. A. R. Moore, Fourth Londons.
Lieut D. Murray-Lyon, Highland Light Infantry.
Lieut-Colonel C. L. Nicholson, East Lancashires.
Captain A. O'Sullivan, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut. M. Palmer, Worcesters.
Captain T. Pardoe, Worcesters.
Lieut. O. M. Parker, Devons.
Lieut. M. Parr, Highland Light Infantry.

Major Champain, lately Military Secretary to Lord Carmichael, is reported to be severely wounded in the eighty-third casualty list from France and Belgium.

MACHINERY, ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL AND MOTOR SECTION.

(Published every Monday.)

A MODERN STEAM WAGON.

There are a few advantages that our merchants and manufacturers have over their brethern in the West and not the least of these is that most improvements and inventions have been thoroughly tried, tested and brought up to a more or less state of perfection before being introduced into the East.

This thought passes across our minds when we realise that Bombay has never known, or only to a very slight extent, the trials and tribulations that were the part of the pioneers of the heavy Motor Industry.

Not so very many years ago it was no uncommon sight to see heavy motor lorries blocking up the busiest streets in English Cities while a gang of men worked feverishly to transfer their loads to the now despised horse-drawn carts, and finally the Motor would be dragged back to the works to be once more overhauled by a nearly desperate engineering staff.

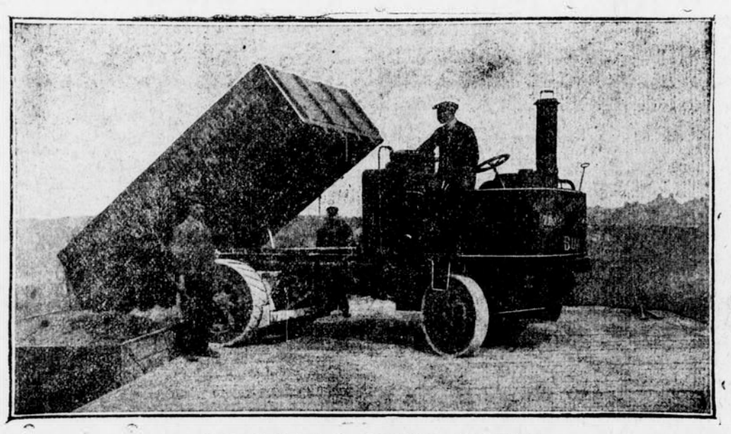
Our merchants and manufacturers have, however, never known the extremely mixed blessings that attended the possession of one of the earlier types of heavy Motor Wagons, as before their adoption in India they had been brought up to a very high pitch of excellence and now the better types can be relied upon to work steadily year in and year out without any skilled attention.

In this respect we notice that steam wagons, which were the pioneers of heavy traction, and which at one time were threatened with extinction by the boom in petrol cars, have once more come to their own, and bid fair to oust the petrol driven wagons from the roads. In addition to a lower first cost, there is no doubt but that they are considerably cheaper to run, and they have a much longer life owing to the sturdier construction, and are much less liable to get out of order.

A steam wagon which seems to be gaining great favour in Bombay is the "Sentinel" wagon manufactured by Messrs. Alley and MacLellan, Ltd., and supplied by Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co., Ltd., of Bombay. There are quite a number of these running out here and we understand that numerous repeat orders are also in hand. The latest wagon supplied of this type was to the Bombay Gas Co., and as it is fitted with rubber tyres, it can run at practically the same speed as a similar sized Petrol wagon. "Sentinels" are made in two sizes, 3/4 tons and 5/6 tons and they can in addition draw a load of four tons in a trailer. Their main points will doubtless be of interest to our readers:—The engine is of a slow running type, with valves actuated by a cam and the whole totally enclosed in an oil bath. The boiler is of a very simple design with a vertical cylindrical shell holding a firebox crossed by water tubes, the fuel being fed from the top. By breaking two joints at the top and bottom of the boiler, the firebox can be lowered clear of the shell and the whole of the inside area of the boiler and tubes is then visible and readily examined and cleaned. There are no change gears, the speed variations being obtained by altering the speed of the engine which purposely has an ample reserve of power, and the transmission is effected by a Reynolds chain through bevel compensating gear. The steering gear is very effective and by reason of its patented design, combined with a short wheel base, the wagon can be as readily handled in traffic as a motor car.

The makers' figures state that the running costs of a "Sentinel" steam wagon are not more than two-thirds of those of a petrol wagon of a similar size, and in saying this we feel that they err on the safe side as one user who has two of these wagons working in Bombay informs the Agents that the total cost, including interest and depreciation does not exceed Rs. 12 per wagon per day.

With such favourable results having been actually attained in India, we feel sure that the "Sentinel" steam wagon will gain the increased popularity its excellence deserves.



"SENTINEL" STEAM WAGON.

GRAPHITE FOR THE BOILER.

Everyone knows that to some extent all waters used for feeding steam boilers contain impurities, either in suspension or in solution. Everyone knows too, just what happens when the impurities collect on the boiler shell or tubes in the form of scales or soft mud, in sufficient quantities to effect the steaming properties or to even seriously imperil the safety of the boiler. The explosions about which we read so frequently are nearly always caused by the failure of a scale-clogged tube, or a scale incrusted plate that has warped to the point of rupture or to an unsuspected crack in the sheet that has been concealed by scale.

The fight against scale has been stubbornly waged, but scale has been the victor in nearly every instance. All of the ordinary preventatives, such as pre-heating the feed water, chemical treatment of the water both inside and outside the boiler, filteration, and the introduction of zinc into boilers are, at least, only partly successful. Such remedies do not remove all the scale while some of the chemical treatments really do more harm than good. A boiler is one of the worst places possible, in which to carry on chemical reaction where it nearly always causes more or less corrosion of the metal.

The effect of scale in a boiler ordinarily is to reduce both its steam generating capacity and its economy, since scale is not a good conductor of heat, and therefore the transmission of heat through the boiler plates and tubes is diminished. Scale is also highly dangerous, for whenever it accumulates to any extent at a part of the shell exposed to the flame or to very hot gases, it prevents the cooling action of the water from protecting the metal against burning. The plates frequently become overheated and weaker so as to "bag," crack and cause an explosion.

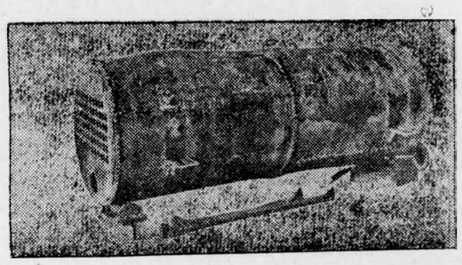
Since nothing has been found to absolutely prevent the formation of scale, the only logical thing is to employ some means to easily and safely remove the scale that does form. The only method is the use of Fine Flake Graphite which has served for this purpose for many years and always with gratifying results.

The action of graphite is not chemical; it does not dissolve the scale, nor does it attack the metal, as is often the case with strong compounds; neither is it affected by any acids in the water or by the heat generated in the boiler. The particles of graphite simply work into minute cracks existing in the old hard scale and gradually penetrate between the scale and the metal. The scale thus loosened may be rapped off or removed otherwise without trouble. It must be understood that if the scale is very hard and thick it may require as long as three or four months for the graphite to loosen it; but once removed scale can never adhere firmly to the metal again as long as the graphite treatment is continued. Graphite also becomes thoroughintermixed with new scale as it forms, rendering it soft and crumpy. In short graphite makes boiler cleaning positive and easy.

All owners of boilers in India should write to W. H. Brady and Co. Royal Insurance Buildings, Bombay, who are agents in India for Dixon Graphite and who will be pleased to give particulars and full information. Save yourself expense, delay and inconveniance by taking the *stitch in time*.

A remarkable illustration of the force of explosives was afforded on the 25th January, says the "Eye-Witness." "Previous to assaulting, the Germans fired a mine under our front trench near the railway triangle to the east of Cuinchy. The explosion hurled a piece of a rail weighing 25lb. a distance of over a mile into a field close to where some of our men were standing. It is reported, also, that on the morning of the 1st February, the detonation of one of our lyddite shells in the enemy's trenches on the embankment south of the canal threw a German soldier right across the railway and the canal amongst our men on the north side of the latter."

The ingenuity of the copper smuggler is astounding. The latest method is to ship it in thin sheets and land it at, say, Barcelona. There, the sheets are carefully divided in small lots and packed in the false bottoms of orange cases, the tops then being packed in the ordinary course with oranges from Seville. Small consignments of these oranges are then shipped—twenty or twenty-five boxes at a time—in Mediterranean coasting vessels, preferably small luggers bound for unimportant Italian ports. Thence they are shipped to Germany *via* the St. Gothard tunnel and Switzerland. Thousands of tons of copper have thus found their way into Germany. The St. Gothard traffic, it is understood, has become enormous in volume, says the "Daily Express."



Showing Bags due to Sediment.
Boiler is upside down.

WATER TURBINES.

UTILISATION OF WASTE WATER POWER

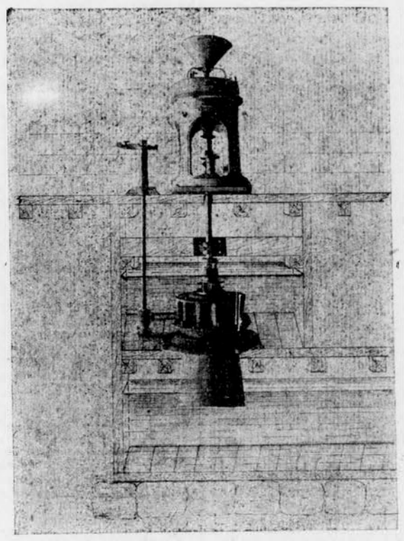
Many irrigatison schemes in India, completed in some districts, and in course of construction in others, offer many advantages to Indian agriculturists.

Although the primary object of these schemes—irrigation—has been fully appreciated and employed to the best advantage, little has so far been done to utilise the power contained in the canals and their distributories. It is therefore a matter of national importance to enquire whether it is not possible to make use of the large amount of water power now running to waste in many of the artificially irrigated districts, as a means of economical preparing the products of the land for market, i.e. by installing water turbines for driving corn mills, oil seed crushers, sugar cane crushers, etc.

To quote an instance which we think will interest a great number of agriculturists, we would mention that without interfering in any way with the flow of water in a distributory, it is possible whenever there is a fall of about 5 or 6 feet at a regulator having a flow of about 12 cusecs to obtain sufficient power to drive a cane crusher with a capacity of 100 to 150 gallson of juice per hour.

The plant necessary for this purpose is very simple. It would consist of a cane crusher driven by belt from a Water Turbine, having a horizontal shaft. It is easy to operate, one lever serving to completely control the running of the turbune, while it is impossible to damage the plant in any way by overloading it. No skilled attention is therefore required.

The turbines can be arranged with either vertical or horizontal shafts according to the type of machine they are required to drive; it is therefore possible in many cases to dispense with inefficient and noisy gear wheels, and to connect the turbine and mill shafts direct, as shown in the illustration, which shows a turbine with a vertical shaft, direct connected to a flour mill and arranged for placing in an open flume. The operation lever is shown to the left of the mill, mounted on a pedestal. The whole plant in brief is simplicity itself. The operating costs are reduced to a minimum, and when it is remembered that all that is necessary is only a small quantity of grease to lubricate the bearings, the plant should appeal to everyone interested in the agricultural development of the land.



Water Turbines for Industrial Purposes.
Bovins & Co., London, Makers.
Turner, Hoare & Co., Bombay Agents.

FOREIGN SEABORNE TRADE OF INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA March 20.

The returns of the foreign seaborne trade of India in February, published to-day by the Department of Statistics shows as against January, increases of 347 lables in exports and 17 in re-exports but a decrease of 150 lables under imports.

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE." MACHINERY, ENGINEER ELECTRIC AND MOTOR LIST.
Published every Monday.

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The indisputable success of MORT-ANT as the safe and speedy exterminator of White Ants. Fleas, Cockroaches, Book Worms, etc., has caused many useless concoctions bearing our Trade Mark to be placed on the market.

None of these imitations can do anything of what we claim for THE GENUINE MORT-ANT.

1, *Alipore Lane, 23rd Oct.* 1914.
* * * *In reply to your letter of 15th Oct. the MORT-ANT which I bought from you has been so successful that I do not require any further supply at the present time, the Ants have vacated my premises.*
(*Signed*) *L. W. O.*

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AN EXCELLENT STEAM COAL.
Largely used by most of the Railways in South Africa and supplied to most of the Steamship Companies trading to Durban.
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HYDROFUGE CASTOR
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THE CHEAPEST CLEANEST AND SAFEST Source of *power* is *ELECTRICITY*.
Crompton Protected Type Motor
LET US ADVISE YOU
CROMPTONS BOMBAY, LTD.,
35-37, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay.
We hold large Stocks of ELECTRIC MOTORS, Starters and Accessories

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CHAS BROWN & CO.
Engineers, Shipbuilders, Iron Founders, Mill and Hydraulic Engineers, and Store Supplies.
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ESTIMATES GIVEN for Tanks and Structural Work of all descriptions, Steam and Motor Launches, Barges, Boats and Gigs. Tugs and Launches for sale or hire. Agents for "KARMAL" Packings and Beltings. Suter Hartmann and Rahtjen's Compositions "Red Hand Brand." John I Thorncroft & Co., Marine Motors.
Defence Works, Caranac Works. Dock Works.
Managing Agents:
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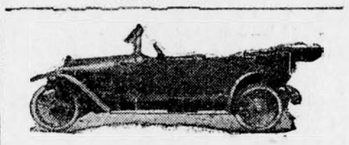

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

A LAND ACQUISITION APPEAL.

PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION MONEY.

(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Davar.)

IN THE MATTER OF 1, GOVERNMENT, 2. LADY MANKORBAI AND OTHERS, 3. BATLIA VITHAL AND OTHERS.

This was an appeal from the decision of Mr. Justice Macleod on a reference made by the Collector of Bombay under Section 30 of the Land Acquisition Act. The learned judge of the Lower Court had ordered that the whole of the compensation money deposited by the Collector in Court (viz. Rs. 7,154), should be paid to the claimants No. 2, Lady Mankorebai and others and had directed the villagers to pay their costs of the investigation before him. The full facts appear in the following judgment of their lordships.

At the hearing, Mr. J. B. Kanga, and Mr. Moos, appeared for the appellant.

Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Baptista and Mr. Desai appeared for Lady Mankorebai.

CLAIM ON ASSESSMENT.

This is an appeal against the decision of Mr. Justice Macleod on a reference made by the Collector of Bombay under Section 30 of the Land Acquisition Act. Sometime ago Government for public purposes acquired 4,088 square yards of land situated at Worli and the compensation awarded for such acquisition was assessed at Rs. 7,154 which were paid into Court by the Collector when he made this reference. This sum was claimed by Lady Mankorebai and others who asserted that they were the owners of the land and as such were entitled to the whole of the compensation. As against this claim the occupants and inhabitants of the village of Koliwada claimed that they were in possession of the land acquired by Government, for it formed a portion of the village waras land which was in their use and occupation on a permanent tenure and that they were entitled to the whole of the compensation money. After holding an investigation and recording evidence that was tendered before him, the learned judge in the Court below has ordered that the whole of the compensation money should be paid to the claimants No. 2, Lady Mankorebai and others and has directed the villagers of Koliwada to pay their costs of the investigation before him. Against this order the villagers have appealed and the only question before the Court is who is entitled to the whole or any part of the compensation money. Koliwada is one of four contiguous villages situated at Worli in the northern outskirts of Bombay. It is inhabited mostly by fishermen who continue to follow the occupation of their ancestors and for the purposes of their business own boats and fishing nets, and some of the villagers also own cattle. The family of the claimants, Lady Mankorebai and others are the Fazindars of this village. They hold the lands belonging to this village on pension and tax tenure. It appears from a plan prepared jointly by the engineers of both parties that the village of Koliwada spreads over 1,98,084 square yards of land. Contiguous to the village and appurtenant thereto is a piece of waste waras land which measures 45,616 square yards and the land acquired by Government was 4,088 square yards out of this waras land of the Koliwada village. It is not in dispute that the villagers are permanent tenants and are entitled to retain possession of the land in their occupation in the village without hindrance or disturbance as long as they pay rent to the Fazindars. It is equally not disputed that they have a right of making use of this waras land for certain purposes of their own. There has been a dispute as to what exactly those rights are.

THE VILLAGER'S RIGHTS.

The villagers contend that they are entitled to use the whole or any portion of this waras land for the purpose of beaching their boats, drying and dyeing their nets, drying their fish and grazing their cattle. They further claim that they are entitled to take mud earth and stone from the waras land for building or repairing their houses without the Fazindar's permission and without paying anything for them. They also claim that they are entitled to permit the cattle belonging to others to graze on the waras land, to charge for the same and to appropriate the moneys so realised for their own purposes. They further claim to take the produce of the trees on the waras land. The Fazindars on the other hand say that the villagers are only entitled to dry and dye their nets, to dry their fish and to graze their cattle on the waras land. They say that the villagers have paid in the past and are bound to pay in the future the Fazindars for beaching their boats and for taking earth and stone from the waras land and they claim that they are entitled to take the produce of the trees on this land.

Turning to the evidence and appreciating the same as a whole, we find that it is established beyond all dispute that many years ago,—the exact period seems to be difficult to ascertain from the evidence but it certainly appears that about 40 or 50 years ago—all outstanding disputes between the Fazindars and the occupants of the Koliwada village were settled and it was agreed that the occupants should pay to the Fazindars one rupee per every 7 square yards of their holdings of the village land for the privilege of using the waras land attached to the Koliwada village.

USE OF WARAS LAND.

Suit No. 149 of 1866 heard and decided by the late Sir Charles Farran, then Mr. Justice Farran, now leaves, no doubt whatever as to the respective rights of the parties. The villagers of Koliwada are permanent tenants and cannot be ousted of their holding. It is clear from the evidence recorded in this reference that the waras land has from the most ancient times been in the use of the villagers of Koliwada and ever since the settlement with the Fazindars when the extra rent was agreed to be paid by the villagers, the waras land has been used by them for all purposes of their business.

Counsel for the Fazindars contended before us that the payment of extra rent only entitled the inhabitants of Koliwada to use such portion of the waras land as was absolutely necessary for the purpose of drying their nets and their fish and grazing their cattle and that the Fazindars were entitled to enclose, resume or alienate any portion of the waras land that to them may seem fit provided they left enough for the purposes mentioned above. This contention is in our opinion wholly untenable. The waras land appears from the most ancient times to have been treated as a whole an integral piece of land appurtenant to the village and designed to be used by the villagers for all purposes of their business and their occupation. The waras land has not been encroached upon or restricted in any way ever since the most ancient times. It seems that only about two or three small buildings have been erected on the waras land in the vicinity of the village land ever since the survey of plan of Major Laughton was prepared, and the whole of the land has remained open and unoccupied.

Having regards to all the facts and circumstances proved in this case, it appears to us to be quite clear that the Fazindars' only interest in the waras land now outstanding is the right to claim from the villagers an extra rental of ¼ an anna per each square yard of the holding of each one of the villagers of the village land. As long as the villagers pay this rent they are entitled to the free use of the whole and every portion of the waras land for purposes at all events of drying and beaching nets, drying their fish and grazing their cattle. We do not think it is necessary to decide in this reference whether the villagers are entitled to take earth and stone from the waras land or beach their boats free of charges or let out the land for grazing cattle. It is sufficient for our purposes to find that the Fazindars are not entitled to enclose or alienate or occupy or lease out any portion of the waras land. They have agreed to allow the free use of the entire waras land to the villagers on payment of a fixed rent and as long as that fixed rent is paid, neither the Fazindars nor anybody else are entitled to disturb or restrict the use of the waras land by the villagers. It was contended in the Lower Court that this particular piece of land acquired by Government was covered by hedges and cactus and that consequently it was useless for the purposes of drying nets, etc. As against this it was pointed out that that portion of the evidence was incorrect in that Major Laughton's plan showed that there actually was a dyeing tank on the spot acquired by Government Assuming that there were hedges and cactus, there was nothing to prevent the villagers from digging them out and using the land for their own purposes.

WHO IS ENTITLED TO COMPENSATION MONEY?

In considering the question as to who is entitled, to the compensation money paid by Government for the acquired land, we must ascertain who has sustained loss, damage, or detriment by the disappearance of this piece of 4,088 square yards of land from the waras land of the village of Koliwada. It is clear that as matters stand at present the Fazindars have lost nothing, or it is not at present open to the villagers to say to the Fazindars "reduce the rent we pay for the waras land because 4,000 odd square yards have gone out of our use." The villagers have undoubtedly lost the use of about 1/10th of the waras land. It is possible that if larger tracts of this land are acquired by Government and the waras land disappears wholly or is materially diminished, the villagers may be able to obtain a reduction of the extra rent they pay, but it is possible that such a claim would be very materially affected by the consideration as to who gets the compensation money. We are at present only concerned with the question now before us which is merely the apportionment of the moneys paid into Court by the Collector. Our decision in this appeal ought not to affect future rights of the parties. It is quite possible that with the expansion of Bombay past its northern limits more waste lands now lying open at Worli may be acquired by Government, and questions of great importance between these rival claimants may arise in the near future and require to be dealt with. We therefore guard ourselves against being taken to decide anything more than the question now before us. It seems to us that the disappearance of the land in question from the waras land is in the first instance a loss to the villagers. Their loss though it may be not serious and such as to cause any practical inconvenience to them is still a present and an appreciable loss. No loss of any appreciable nature has been sustained by the Fazindars. No doubt they were the titular owners of the land and the only complaint they can make is that if by driblets the whole or a material portion of this land disappears, the tenents might successfully maintain that they should be free from the payment of rent for such land as had disappeared. If the Fazindars got no portion of the compensation money as the land is acquired from time to time, and if eventually they lose the rent wholly or in part it may be that they have as just cause of grievance.

PART PAYMENT ALLOWED.

Having regard to all the circumstances in this case, it seems to us that the fairest order to make would be to direct that in the first instance the costs of both parties before the Collector, the Lower Court and this Court should be paid out of the monies paid into Court by the Collector and that the balance may be apportioned by paying 2/3rds. of the same to the villagers of Koliwada and 1/3rd to the Fazindars and we make the ordser accordingly.

Solicitors for Batlia Vithal and others:—Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co.

Solicitors for Lady Mankorebai:—Messrs. Daphtary, Fereira and Diwan.

EXTORTION BY POLICEMAN.

SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

ANNAJI GOPAL v. KING-EMPEROR.

(Before Jusices Heaton and Shah.)

This was a criminal application for revision, against the decision of Mr. Montgomerie, Sessions Judge of Belgaum, who confirmed the sentence passed by Mr. Katgeri, Magistrate of Altini.

The accused was charged under S.383 of the I.P.C. with extortion, and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 25

On April, 27th, 1914, the accused, who was a police head-constable at Satti out-post, was ordered to attach certain properties on suspicion at a place called Byadgi. On April 29th, the accused attached properties belonging to one Tulsawa, and got a "panchnama" made by a "panch" which included the police patel. On the conclusion of the "panchnama," the prosecution alleged, the accused threatened Tulsawa, and her paramour, Satappa, as to what was likely to happen to them, whereupon Tulsawa of her own accord gave Rs. 12 to the accused to protect her. The attached property was, however, taken away by the accaused and it was subsequently identified as having been stolen in a dacoity. Four days later, Tulsawa and Satappa applied severally to the Mamlatdar for the restaration of the property. They did not mention the fact of extortion in those applications nor did they relate it to the police sub-inspector when he was investigating the dacoity case on May 25th. The police patel and the rest of the panch also kept quiet. On May 27th, the Assistant Superintendent of Police visited Badgi and elicited the information from Tulsawa. The Magistrate accepting the evidence of Tulsawa, Satappa and the "panch" convicted the accused under Section 383 and sentenced him as stated above. On appeal, the Sessions Judge dismissed the appeal summarily.

The accused applied to the Court to set aside the conviction.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar contended, on behalf of the accused, that the prosecution story was "prima facie" improbable. The Sessions Judge did not consider the defence evidence at all, which he ought to have done in view of the discrepant and doubtful nature of the prosecution story. Further, on the facts found, no offence of extortion was made out. There was no fear of injury as was contemplated by Section 383. Injury was defined in Section 44 as harm illegally caused. Here the threat related to the consequences that would naturally flow from the circumstance of stolen property being found. It is a question for the Court whether the threat was, under the circumstances, likely to create the effect intended. Both courts below had not considered this question. Here Tulsawa could not be said to have been deprived of her will. There was a large number of persons present. The police patel was in a position to prevent crime and protect Tulsawa (vide Section 6 of the Village Police). Tulsawa was a young and healthy woman and not shown to be of a nervous temperament.

Their Lordships discharged the rule, and confirmed the conviction and sentence.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar appeared for the accused. The Government pleader appeared for the Crown.

CASE UNDER THE PENSIONS ACT.

JUDICIAL V. THE EXECUTIVE.

RAMCHANDRA DIXIT *vs.* ANNA DIXIT AND OTHERS.

(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor.)

This was an appeal from the decision of Mr L. C. Crump, District Judge of Belgaum.

In this case the plaintiff appellant sued for the recovery of his one-sixth share of the income of the Inam village of Adhalli in the Belgaum district with other properties, the defendants contended that the plaintiff's suit as regards the income of the village was untenable without a certificate from the Collector under the Pensions Act (Act XXII of 1871).

The Inam is to the god, Rameshwara at Ramthirthia and the revenue is to be spent on the "Nandadeepa" (perpetual light) and "Naivedya" of that god. The contents of the Inam Patreeka which was produced and which gave the substance of the sanad issued by the Government showed that the grant was not of the soil of the village itself but of its land revenue only.

The Subordinate Judge under the abovementioned circumstances held that a certificate under the Pensions Act was necessary. And he allowed time to the plaintiff to produce the necessary certificate.

The plaintiff appellant then made an application to the Collector of Belgaum to grant him the certificate. He refused to grant the certificate relying on the Government Resolution No. 6733, dated 28th July, 1910, R.D. the plaintiff then approached the Commissioner, S.D., complaining against the order of the Collector of Belgaum refusing to grant him the certificate for enabling him to prosecute his suit for a share in the land revenue of the Devasthan Inam village of Adhalli. The Commissioner rejected his petition.

DISTRICT JUDGE'S OPINION.

In the meantime the plaintiff appealed to the District Court of Belgaum. The District Judge Mr. L. C. Crump confirmed the decree of the Lower Court observing:—"I regret that I am unable to assist the appellant in this case for there appears to be a district hardship. There can be no question that the decision of the lower court is correct in view of the decisions of the Bombay High Court of which it is sufficient to cite "Miya Walli Ulla vs. Sayyad Bawasaheb" (I.L.R. 22 Bom. 496.) This Court is bound by those decisions. Nevertheless the Collector on the strength of Government Resolution No. 6733, dated 28th July, 1910, has refused to grant the certificate. It would appear that the Resolution of Government is based on an opinion earlier in date than the decisions of the Bombay High Court which are paramount so far as the courts of this Presidency are concerned."

It may be noted here the opinion of the Remembrancer of Legal Affairs that was circulated to the Divisional Commissioners and Collectors for information and guidance (No. 1096, dated 29th August, 1889, in connection with G. R. No. 7099, dated 20th September, 1889.) "Pensions and grants imply pensioners and grantees, personal recepients of the bounty Government, and Government alone have a right to decide as to the distribution of that bounty.

But religious "endowments" are at least in theory impersonal, and are either for the support of some services deemed religious, or the maintenance of some building regarded as sacred. The object of the bounty is not a man at all, although the fund must necessarily be administered by a trustee or manager who no doubt practically exercises proprietary rights over it, Government have no particular interest in seeing that such trustee performs the duties of his trust. If he neglects them or wastes the funds, those interested might bring a suit under Section 539. Civil Procedure Code, to compel performance, and the courts might appoint some other trustee or manager, and Government would pay the cash allowance the trustee so appointed. . . . . In the case of a Devasthan cash allowance, it would probably be held that it was neither a pension nor a grant within the meaning of Sections 4, 5 and 6 of the Pensions Act, but an endowment. Government do not dispute their liability to pay the allowance. It seems to be utterly immaterial to Government who is the actual payee."

The Remembrancer of Legal Affairs based this opinion on I.L.R. 2 Mad. 294; I.L.R. 5 Mad. 302; I.L.R. 11 Mad. 283; and I.L.R. 10 All 396 and observed. "There has never, I think, been any decree precisely on the point in the Bombay High Court. But I think it very probable the question would in this Presidency be decided on the same grounds as in Madras."

The appellant then appealed to the High Court. Their Lordships after hearing the arguments granted time to the appellant's pleader to move the Government for the certificate as against the orders of the Commissioner and the Collector. The plaintiff appellant then made a petition to the Government as suggested by the High Court. The Government in reply informed the petitioner that they declined to interfere in the matter.

Their Lordships relying on I.L.R. 16 Bom. 537, I.L.R. 22 Bom. 496; and 8 I.A. 77 held that the suit could not be maintained without the certificate according to the Pensions Act. Other lordships however ordered the appeal to be put in the stayed list and asked the appellant's pleader to move the Government to reconsider their opinion.

Mr. Hanmantrao Gumasti appeared for the appellant.

Mr. K. H. Kelkar and Mr. S. Y. Abhayankar appeared for the respondents.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 22ND OF MARCH 1915.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 40.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

112-14.—Hiralal & Co., Manilal Nanji Ludha and anr. v. Teppa Roopa, Little & Co.

Testamentary Suits.

17-12—Little & Co. Vallabhdas Rowji v. Khimji Keshowji Tyabji D & Co. A B Part Heard.

7-14—M. K. R. B. & Co. Sriribai widow and ors. v. The Advocate-General of Bombay Jeh. S. M. & H.

L. C. 144-15—Jeh. S. M. & H. The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Shiribai widow and ors. M. K. R. B. & Co.

Long Causes.

635-14.—Jehangir S. M. & H., Carrimbhey Sallebhoy Datoo v. Goolam Hoosein Cassum Visrum and ors., M. K. R. B. & Co., Jehangir M. and S., Manchershaw & N.

371-14.—Jehangir M. & S., Bachibai widow v. Goolam Hoosein Cassum Visram and ors., M. K. R. B. & Co., Jehangir S. M. & H.

S. C. 98-15.—Rustamji and G., Tokersey Khairaj v. Kurpal Harsey & Co., a firm, Motichand and D.

380-14.—Ardeshir H. D. & Co., Mahomed Hassan Shaik Ahmed Makba & ors. v. Raghunath Atmaram Samant & ors., Man H. M. & Co., Mulji and Th.

1193-13.—Khunderao L. & M., Tarachand Panalal and ors. v. Messrs. Waghji Walabhdas & Co., a firm and anr., Ardeshir H. D. & Co., Surajmal & Co,, Madhowji K. & C.

641-14.—Payne & Co., Kasturchand Sadasukh Goormukrai Sukhanand, a firm, M. K. R. B. & Co.

45-15—Edg G W and Co, Messrs Gangaram Saiboo and Co a firm v Cursetji Pestonji Umrigar, M K R B and Co.

648-14—Edg G. W & Co, Venkata Kristiniah v. The Hydrabad (Deican) Spg. & Wg. Co. Ld. and ors.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

For Decree Absolute.

1017-13—Jehangir G & B, Hamjabhoy Esufalli v. Pitamberdas Mohanlal, and ors. Motichand & D.

133-14—Ardeshir H D & Co. Hooseinbhai Ahmedbhai & ors. v. The South India & Mysore Mfg. Co. Ld., and anr. Unwalla P & P.

844-14—Shroff D & D Dharamsi Jethabhai Thacker & anr. v. Mangaldas Nagindas Motiwalla and anr. Ardeshir H. D & Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

33-15—Purnanand and Co, Haji Joosub Haji Shariff v Liladhar Hariram and ors, Kanga and S, Part heard.

859-13—Mulla and Mulla The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Jimbabai widow and ors. Ard. H D & Co. Payne & Co. Matu J & M Shroff D & D.

477-14.—Ard. H. D. & Co., Messrs. Rambillas & Co., a firm, v. Parappa Paled, a firm, Captain & V.

481-14.—Captain & V., Parappa Paled, a firm, v. Rambillas & Co., a firm, Ard. H. D. & Co.

820-14.—Sunderdas & Co., Ratansey Premji & anr., v. Harsey Hewraj, Kanga & S.

1000-14.—M. R. B. & Co., Alli Mahomed Camruddin & anr. v. T. M. Pardhy & ors., Captain & V.

793-14.—Edg. G. W. & Co., Bai Kashibai, widow, v. Shriman Goswamini Shri Krishna Priya Vahuji Maharaj, widow, Mulla & Mulla.

1117-14.—Little & Co., Messrs. Turner Morrison & Co., Ltd., v. Ragnathdas Gopaldas and anr., Motichand & D.

1345-14—Jehangir S M and H. Rustomji Kaikobad Panthaki v Noor Mahomed Haji Vallah, Mulla and Mulla.

278-12—Ard H D and Co, Haji Ahmed Haji Moosa v Syed Ahmed Syed Hassan, Nadershaw and D.

855-14—Captain and Vaidya, Rao Bahadur Kessowji Nathoo Sailor and ors v Jamnabai widow and ors, Payne and Co.

193-13—Malvi H M and R, Pahladdas Jankiprasad a firm v Ramsarup Hardatt, Raghavayya N and Co.

274-14—Mehta D and L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Umer Soab and ors v Rehmatbai widow and anr, Little and Co, Mehta D and L.

275-14—Mehta D and L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Umer Soab and ors v

370-14—Mehta D and L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Umer Soab and ors v Rehmatbai widow and anr, Little and Co, Mehta D and L.

273-14—Mehta D and L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Umer Soab and ors v Rehmatbai widow and ors, Little and Co, Mehta D and L, Ardeshir H D and Co.

1077-14.—Mans. H. M. & Co., Damodar Naranji Joshi v. Sunderbai widow, Mulji & Th.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

Summary Suits for disposal in Chambers.

119-15—Motichand & D. The Bombay Provincial Bank Ltd. v. Joosab Mahomed & anr.

120-15—Motichand & D The Bombay Provincial Bank Ltd. v. Haji Fateh Mahomed Haji Joosub.

For furtehr directions on Comr's Report and For Consent Decree.

794-14—C. P. D'Cunha Harischander Dharmaji and anr. v. Chintaman Dharmaji & anr. Amin & D.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

997-14—Ard H D & Co Abraham E J Abraham v Khetsedas Lachminarayan a firm and anr Malvi H M & R Tyabji D & Co.

For Further directions and costs on Comr's Report.

496-13—Payne & Co Haji Abdulla Haji Mahomed v. Haji Siddick Haji Mahomed & ors M K R B & Co Crawford B & Co.

988-14—Malvi H M & R Messrs. Sham Chander Narsinghdas a firm v. Dhanalal Hiralal Manecklal & Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Comr's Report.

928-10—Payne & Co. B. N. Lang v. Kastoorbai widow and ors. Edg. G. W. & Co.

773-13. Soonderdas & Co., Sobhagchand Magenchand v. Chanulal Ishwarlal Mehta, Unwalla P. & P.

889-14—Payne & Co Ratansi Dharamsi Morarji & ors. v. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas & ors. Daph F & D Craigie B & Co.

849-13—Soonderdas & Co. Jamnadas Harakhji & ors v. Moledina Haji Kassam Ludha & ors Bhai K & G.

894-13—Jehangir M. & S Girdharilal Balabux a firm v. Fulchand Padamraj & Co & M.

861-14—In Person Rajabally Hyderally v. Benjvallabhdas Purshotamdas a firm Motichand & D.

1021-14—M K R B and Co, Jehangir Rustomji Wadia v Ardeshir Hormusji Daruwala and anr, Vachha and Co.

1060-14—Payne and Co, Haji Noor Mahomed Haji Ismail Nurani v Sullemanji Karimji a firm, In person, Jehangir S M and H.

1037-14—Little & Co The Indian Specie Bank Ld (in Liquidation) v The All India United Insurance Co Ltd Edgelow G W & Co.

993-14—Jehangir G and B, Bai Parinbai v Govind Karson Chhaya, Jamsetjee R & D.

S SCT. 594-21470/14—Ardeshir H D & Co Parbhudas Soorchand and anr v Parbhashanker Avleshwar Hiralal and Co.

1069-14—Patell and Ex. Chiranjilal Mahadev v Sudarmal Fulchand a firm, M K R B and Co.

867-14—Shroff D and D, Ardeshir Shapurji Itchapuria and anr v Abdul Rehman bin Abdul Kadar Jitekar, Mulji and Th.

966-14—Little and Co, The Indian Specie Bank Ld (in Liquidation) v Sir Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey Kt and ors, Payne and Co, Daph F and D, Wadia G and Co, Craigie B and C, Raghavaya N and Co, Bhaishanker K and G, Tyabji D and Co, Little and Co., Malvi H. M. and R. For Postponement.

1109-14—Man H M and Co, Allarakhia Jivraj v Narsi Jetha a firm, N C Dalal.

1110-14—Man H. M. and Co., Allarakhia Jivraj v. Channabhai Vella a firm, N. C Dalal.

1112-14—Mans H M and Co, Allarakhia Jivraj v Jetha Monsi a firm, In person.

1122-14—Mans H M and Co, Allarakhia Jivraj v. Pasoo Ookada a firm. In person.

40-14—Shroff D and D, Bai Sakerbai widow v Rao Bahadur Vuseonji Khimji, Rhai K and G.

901-14—Mulla & M Sassvally Ebrahim and anr v Messrs Volkart Bro's firm Payne and Co.

407-14—Motichand and D, Jaynarayan Lalchand Tapadia v Govindram Umedram and ors, Cap and V.

246-13—Adreshir H D & Co. Gangaram Raghunath Samant and anr v. Hari Sadashiv Khanolker and ors. Sab G & Ch. M. & K Part Heard 4-9-14. Hiralal & Co. for Postponement.

LAWLESSNESS IN MULTAN DIVISION.

HINDU DEPUTATION TO THE LIEUT-GOVERNOR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Mar. 20.

A deputation consisting of several leading Hindus of the Multan Division waited upon the Lieutenant-Governor to-day at Government House to make a representation regarding the panic caused to the Hindus by the recent outbreak of lawlessness in that division. The Secretaries to the Punjab Government and Colonel Dennys, Inspector-General of Police, were present during the interview accorded by his Honour. The Lieutenant-Governor accorded the deputation a patient and sympathetic hearing and the members of the deputation withdrew after two hours, deeply impressed with his Honour's solicitude for the afflicted Hindus.

Mr. Currie, who has been President of the Punjab Chamber of Commerce for several years past, has resigned and will be succeeded by Mr. F. C. Waller.

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WAR AND WOMEN.

SOME NEW CAREERS.

The number of men replaced by women in employment since the beginning of the war is officially stated to be slight though there are as no statistics available. But writes "A woman correspondent to "The Times," unofficially one learns of women doing many unaccustomed things, and of the scope of their work being widened both in the professions and in various forms of industry. Even if many of the posts formerly held by men which women are now filling are for the period of the war only, and will have to be yielded up should their original holder return safe and sound, they will have tested women's capacity in a way that may have a lasting effect on women's work in the future.

Among professional women, doctors and teachers of university standing found the most immediate demand for their services in place of men gone to the front. Medical posts were thrown open to women which before the war would have been plums reserved for male consumption only, and some of these very posts are actually going begging at the present moment, because the demand for women doctors is greater than the supply. The London County Council have even recently waived their ban on married women doctors in the case of a lady doctor whose husband had gone to the front. Women teachers have been replacing men and proving themselves able to keep their classes in control, even if they are not always able to join in the more athletic games. One university woman has been taking an out-of-doors class in surveying in a boys' school with great success. But in the teaching profession there is always a tendency to pay a woman less than a man, and in at least one instance a woman teacher took the duties of two men—or rather one and three-quarters, a small portion of the work being taken on by another teacher—but she was only paid thes salary of one.

The Board of Trade in its report on employment in the United Kingdom in December declares that "statistics relating to commercial employment in London show that there has been an increase of 25 per cent. in the employment of women in London banks since the war while similar though not quite such striking figures are given for some other City employments." Inquiries go to show that in some of the most conservative banks in London women have been employed for some months in the securities department and in the ordinary work done by a bank clerk, beginning with the making up of pass-books. But in one bank at least very long hours have been worked, and the remuneration given was not that paid to men for similar work. Hitherto in the banks when women have been admitted they have not been employed on work usually done by men, and consequently their salaries were not open to comprison. In the future, however, they will be. In the Stockholm State Bank there is a woman chief cashier paid at the same rate as a man, and the precedent might be borne in mind.

A NEW FORM OF EMPLOYMENT.

One curious employment being carried on by women of the professional classes is in the letter censor's office. Owing to their knowledge of languages women are particularly fitted for such posts. Incidentally, as a comment on women's alertness on the business side of the war, it may be remarked that the suggestion to prevent German women, allowed to return, from taking back gold to Germany came from a woman who learned that some patriotic feminine aliens were taking back as much as £50 in gold pieces to the "Vaterland." A woman is employed at one of the stations checking passports, and several women were selected through a well-known women's employment agency as booking clerks, to take the places of men who had enlisted, by one of the great railways.

It is said also that the war is leading to an increase in the demand for fully-trained women pharmacists and dentists. Both professions demand, however, a lengthy preparation. There are already several highly-qualified, women teaching dispensing and running their own pharmacies in London and in the country, and there are a fair number of women dentists already in practice and doing well. Several women trained in accountancy and book-keeping have recently taken excellent posts which were formerly held by men.

In the returns of women's employment under trade groups the Board of Trade gives under the heading of engineering a 10 per cent. increase since October, and notes that 28.1 per cent. of the 20,000 women employed are on overtime. To supplement this it is interesting to note that women are being asked for as trained plan-tracers in engineering works at the present moment to fill vacancies left by men who have enlisted. The Central Bureau for the employment of women at 5, Princess-street. (Cavendish Square) has of these posts waiting for suitable applicants.

The legal profession does not seem to have yielded any fruits to women in spite of the very large percentage of lawyers' clerks who have enlisted, perhaps because legal business has fallen off pretty heavily. Before the war there were several solicitors' offices where women were employed in important positions as clerks, but so far there is no news of further appointments being made, though it is quite possible that such may be the case. But women have found their way into many Government offices where before the war their employment would hardly have been countenanced

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS.

Among women industrial workers one comes up against a certain lack of mobility, which may impede the employment of women in many directions. and also the deligerate restriction of their possible entry as competitors into certain trades. There is, however, said to be a movement in the upholstery trade towards the greater employment of women. In this trade it is curious to note that a woman is by laws made by her male colleague, allowed to use scissors, but not a hammer or chisel. In the fancy leather and metal trades women are now being employed on additional work, and the tailoresses, in spite of the "slump" in their employment, are stated to be doing better since the alien disappeared from some workrooms.

Concerning two trades for which women are peculiarly fitted, but from the highest prizes and certificates of which they are debarred by the male unions—hair-dressing and cooking—one hears of no great change in favour of women since the war. Women make postiches, dress hair, and shampoo it in many houses quite as well as men, but there is always the question as to their standing and pay. In the chef's domain it is being boldly said that there are many women who can get no more than £100 or £150 and must not call themselves chefs, but who are the equal of men getting 10 or 12 times thei salaries. Music-engraving is a trade which is expected to offer opportunities to women as a result of the war.

In some of the big provision-dealers women have been taken on to replace men, and with air success, though one big store had many complaints from its grocery department at Christmas time owing to the enthusiastic assistants booking orders for things sold in other departments. The manager of the department declared that grocery took longer to learn than any other trade. In at least one big drapery house women are to be seen for the first time in the linen department handling heavy goods, and in two big stores lift-girls are acting for lift-men "wanted for the trenches." Women chauffeurs are not taking the place of men to any great extent.

But the numbers of openings enumerated above are sufficiently interesting to make one wonder what will be the future development in six months' time. A two-years' inquiry recently completed by the Fabian Women's Society covering every trade and profession open to women showed that 51 per cent. of the 4,000 typical cases taken were supporting others as well as themselves, and 80 per cent. were entirely self-supporting, leaving a small percentage depending no others for partial support. This would seem to prove that in peace-time at least women do not work unless they have to, and that the pocket-money worker, in whose interests so many employers pay less to their women employees for the same work than they would to a man, is largely a myth.

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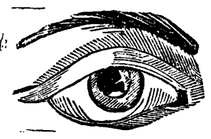

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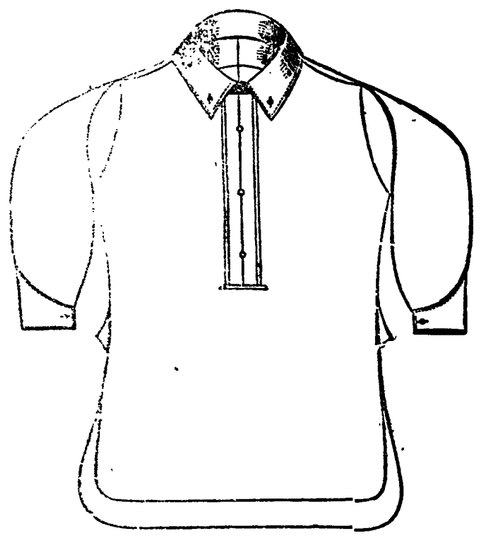

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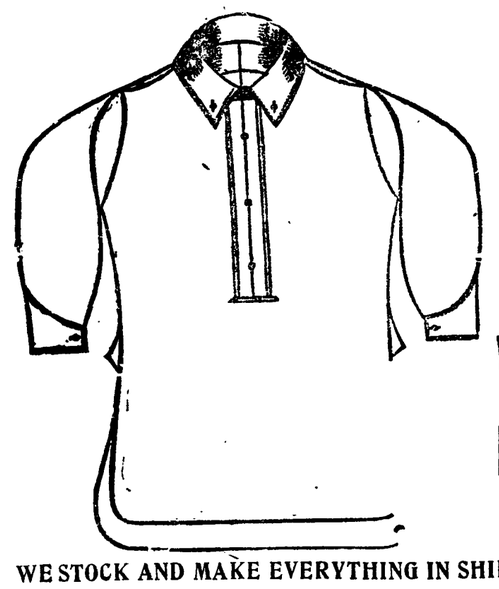

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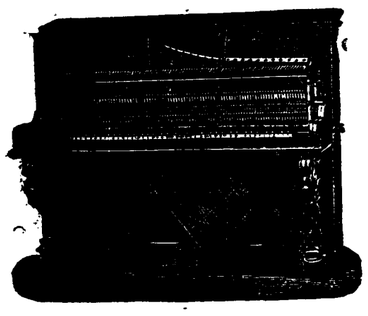

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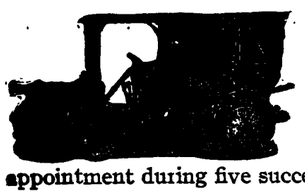

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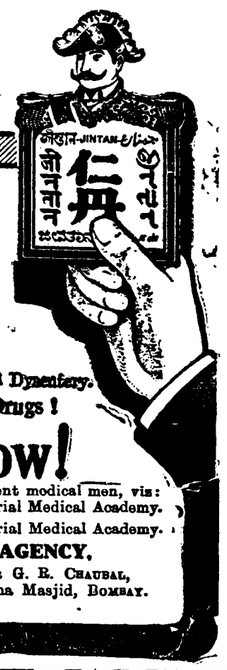

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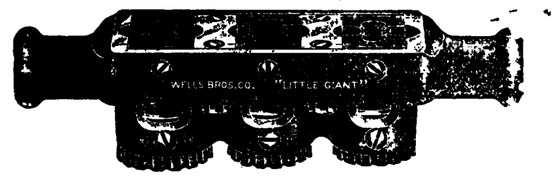

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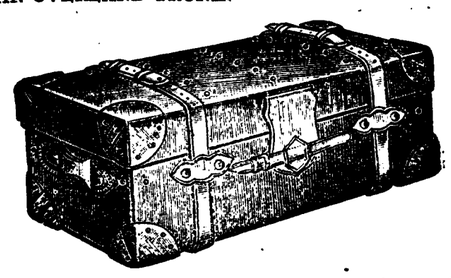

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